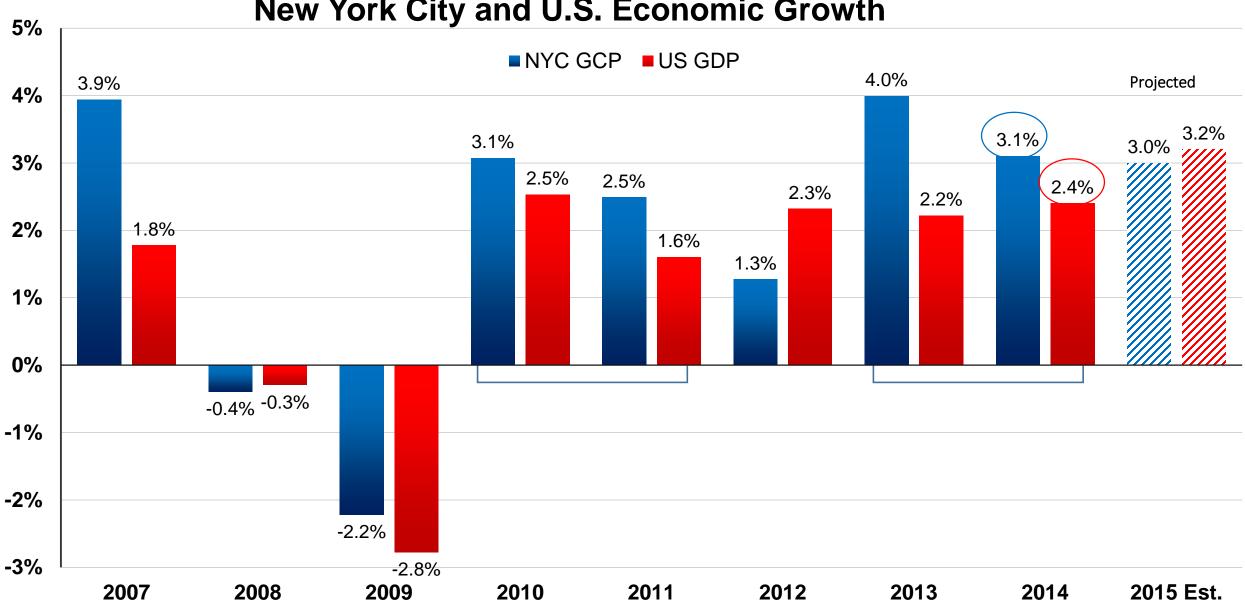


The Economy



New York City and U.S. Economic Growth

NYC's Export Industries Performance in the Recovery

(measured by change in national employment share, 4Q2014 vs 4Q2009)

NYC Industries that Gained Employment Share

- Motion Pictures & Sound Recording
- Advertising
- **Colleges & Universities**
- **Computer Systems**
- Accounting & Related Services •
- Management & Technical Consulting
- **Telecommunications**
- **Broadcasting**
- **Architectural and Engineering Services**
- Publishing
- Finance & Insurance

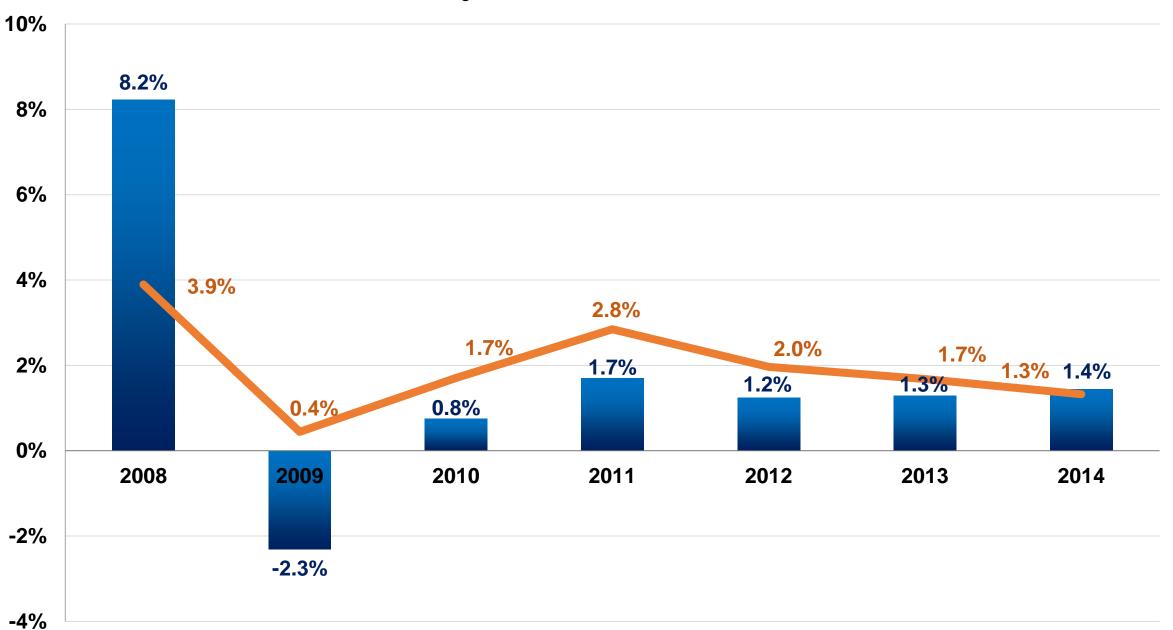
NYC Industries that Lost Employment Share

- Manufacturing
- Legal Services

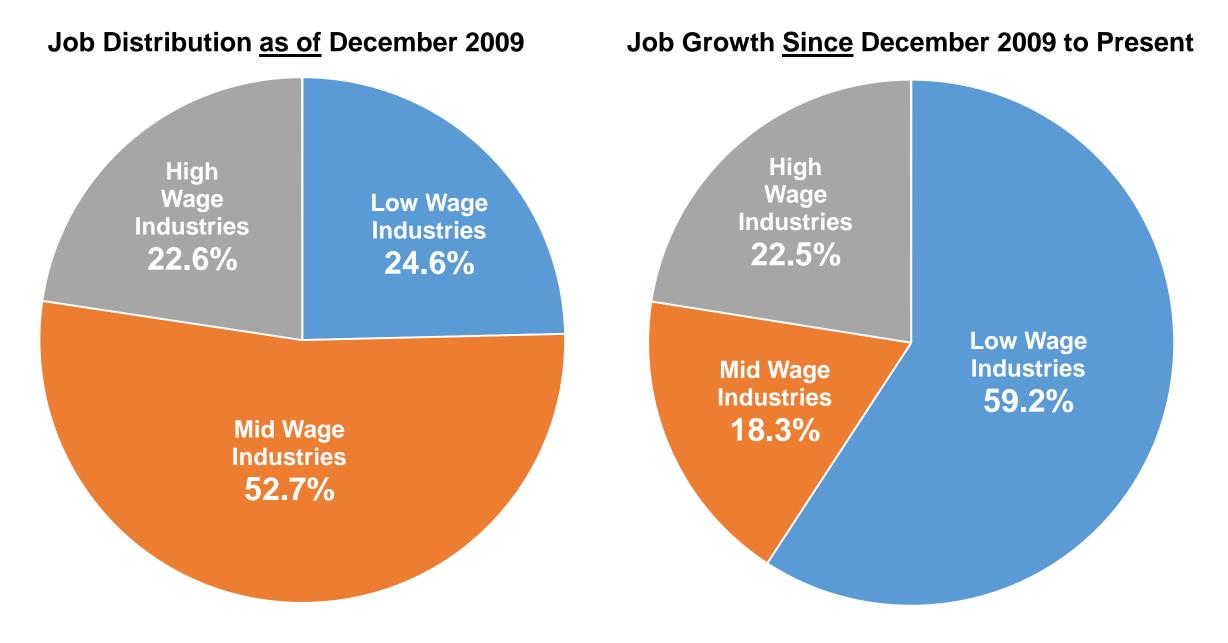


NYC Wage Growth Compared to Metro Area Inflation Rate

Metro Area Inflation Rate

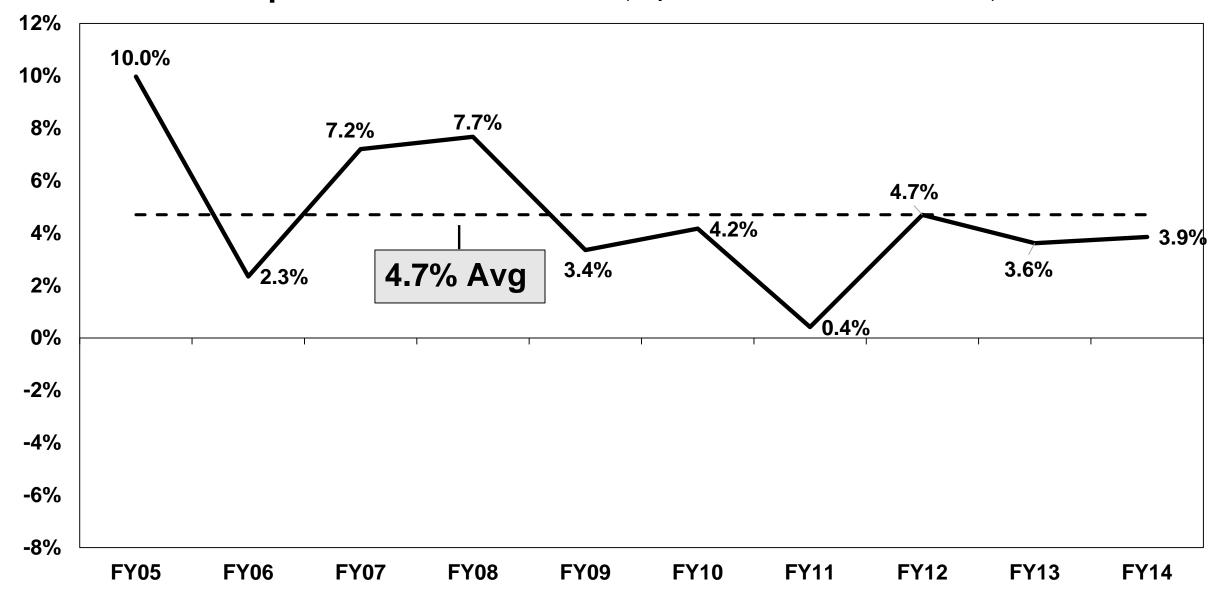


Change in Composition of Job Creation in NYC

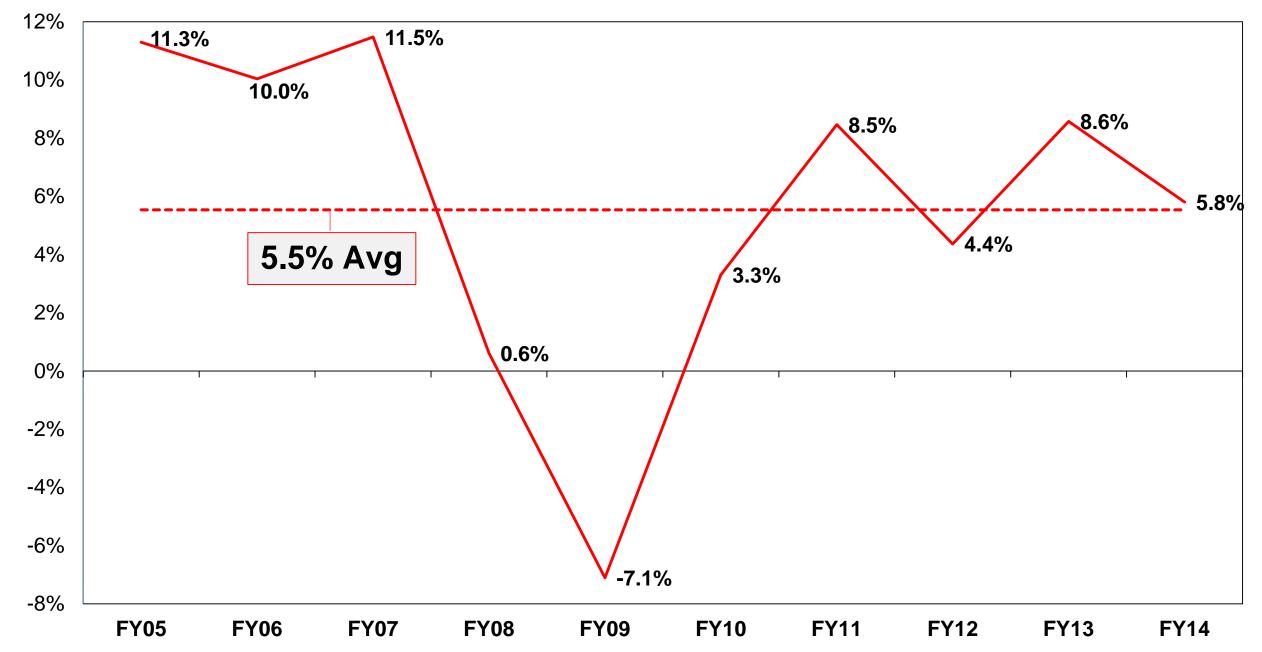


The Budget

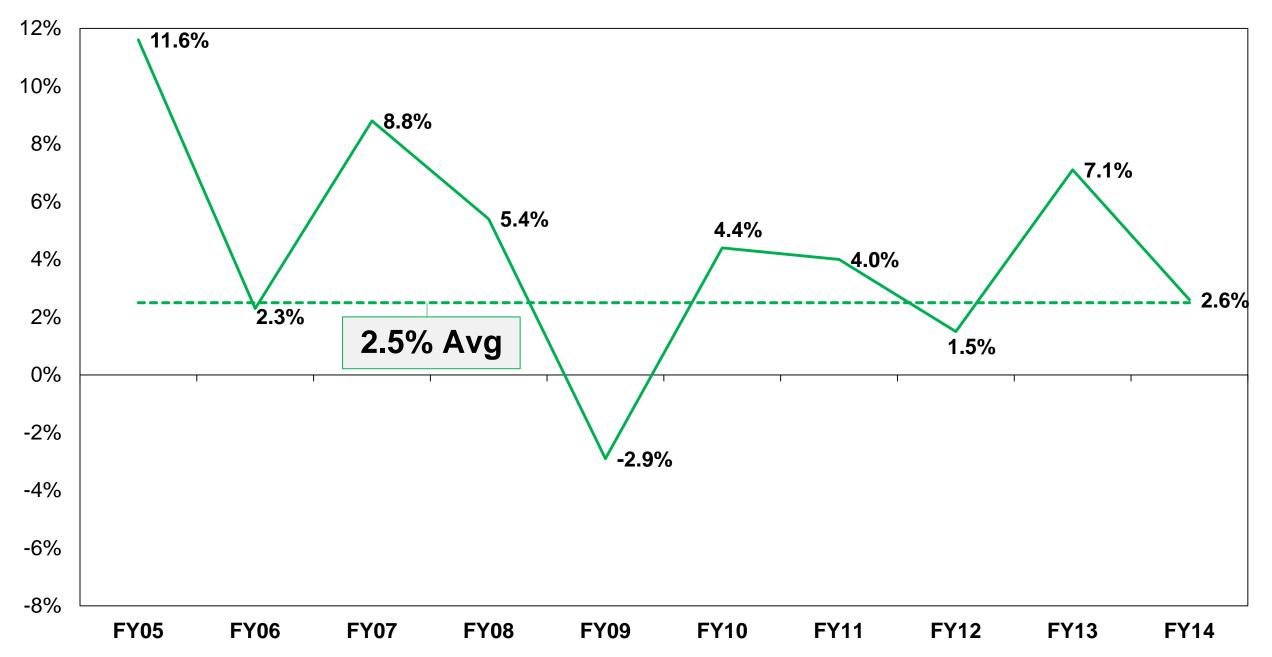
Expenditure Growth Rate (Adjusted for Prior Year Resources)



Local Tax Revenue Growth Rate

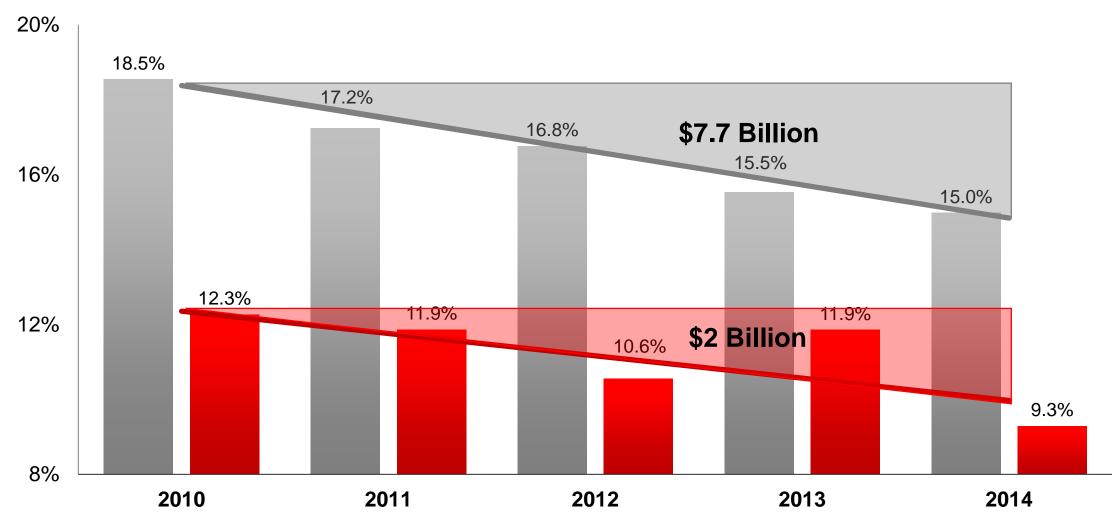


State and Federal Revenue Growth Rate

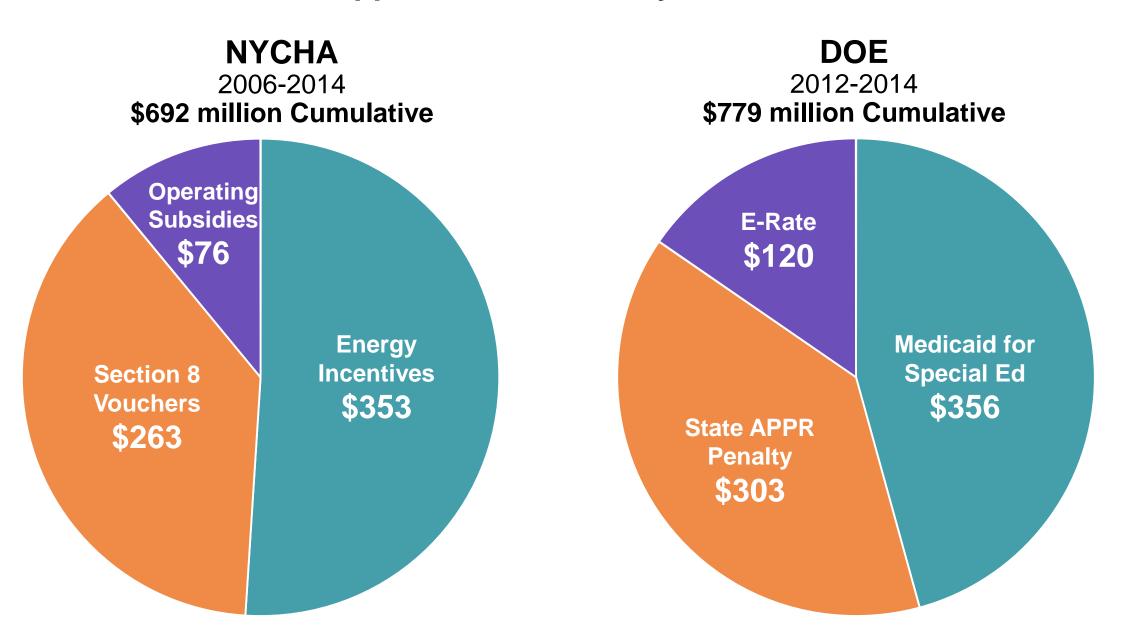


The Proportion of State and Federal Aid in the City's Budget – Decline in our Fair Share of Federal and State Revenue

State Share Federal Share



Missed Opportunities – Money Left on the Table



The Administration's FY 16 Budget Adds

042

042

- \$16 Million for Rental Assistance for the Homeless
- \$11 Million to EMS to Cut Response Times

- \$10 Million to NYPD to Increase Police Cadet Headcount
- \$4.2 Million to the Department for Updated Bulletproof Vests

Expenditures Adjusted for Pre-payments

(\$ in millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 15- 19	Annual Growth
Salaries and Wages	\$23,898	\$24,550	\$24,683	\$26,075	\$27,504	15.1%	3.6%
Debt Service	6,242	7,031	7,414	7,736	8,051	29.0%	6.6%
Health Insurance	5,206	5,577	5,923	6,327	6,849	31.6%	7.1%
Other Fringe Benefits	3,368	3,509	3,663	3,859	4,069	20.8%	4.8%
J & C	695	710	746	782	817	17.5%	4.1%
Subtotal	\$39,409	\$41,376	\$42,429	\$44,749	\$47,255	20.0%	4.7%
Pensions	\$8,455	\$8,405	\$8,375	\$8,360	\$8,457	0.0%	0.0%
Medicaid	6,447	6,415	6,415	6,415	6,415	-0.5%	-0.1%
Public Assistance	1,476	1,407	1,413	1,413	1,413	-4.3%	-1.1%
Other OTPS	23,304	22,042	22,256	22,643	22,728	-2.5%	-0.6%
Subtotal	\$39,682	\$38,269	\$38,495	\$38,831	\$39,013	-1.7%	-0.4%
Total	\$79,091	\$79,646	\$80,888	\$83,610	\$86,304	9.1%	2.2%

\$27.5 \$12 Wages and Salaries Pension Contribution \$26.5 \$11 Pension Contributions (\$ in Billions) \$25.5 \$10 Wages and Salaries (\$ in Billions) \$24.5 \$9 \$23.5 \$8 \$22.5 \$7 \$21.5 \$6 \$20.5 \$5 \$19.5 \$4 **FY10 FY11 FY12 FY14 FY15 FY09 FY13 FY16 FY17 FY18 FY19** Average Growth (\$ in millions) Pensions Salaries Salaries Pensions Change in Avg. Change in Avg.

0.5%

3.6%

6.5%

0.8%

\$120

\$867

\$447

\$67

FY 2009 - FY 2013

FY 2013 - FY 2019

Salary Growth

\$747

Pension Growth

(\$380)

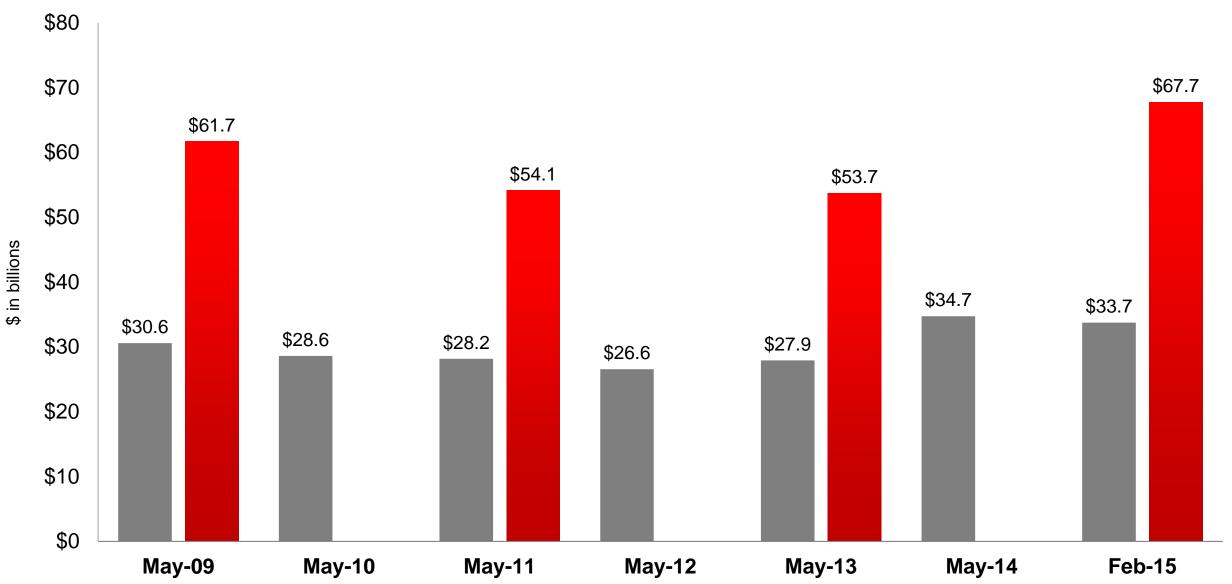
Wages and Salary Growth Up As Pension Contribution Growth is Down

Citywide Efficiency Savings Program

- Following the fiscal crisis of the 1970s, the City regularly implemented gap closing programs - PEGs
- The City saved more than \$6.5 billion in FY14 from PEGs implemented between 2008 and 2013
- If the City implemented an agency efficiency program equivalent in scale to those of the past, we would save \$1 billion in FY16 alone
- If that program were continued, together with new savings initiatives each year, the cumulative impact over those years could be \$10 billion by FY19

Four-Year Commitment Plan and Ten Year Capital Strategy

■ Four-Year Commitment Plan ■ Ten-Year Strategy



The Administration's Capital Strategy Additions

- \$5.3 Billion more for Education \$4.5 billion more for HPD
- \$851 million more for Economic
 Development and Business
 Services.
 - <u>NYCHA's</u> City-funded capital budget, more than doubled – from \$63.5 million to \$145.7 million.



FY 2014 Actual to Planned Capital Commitments



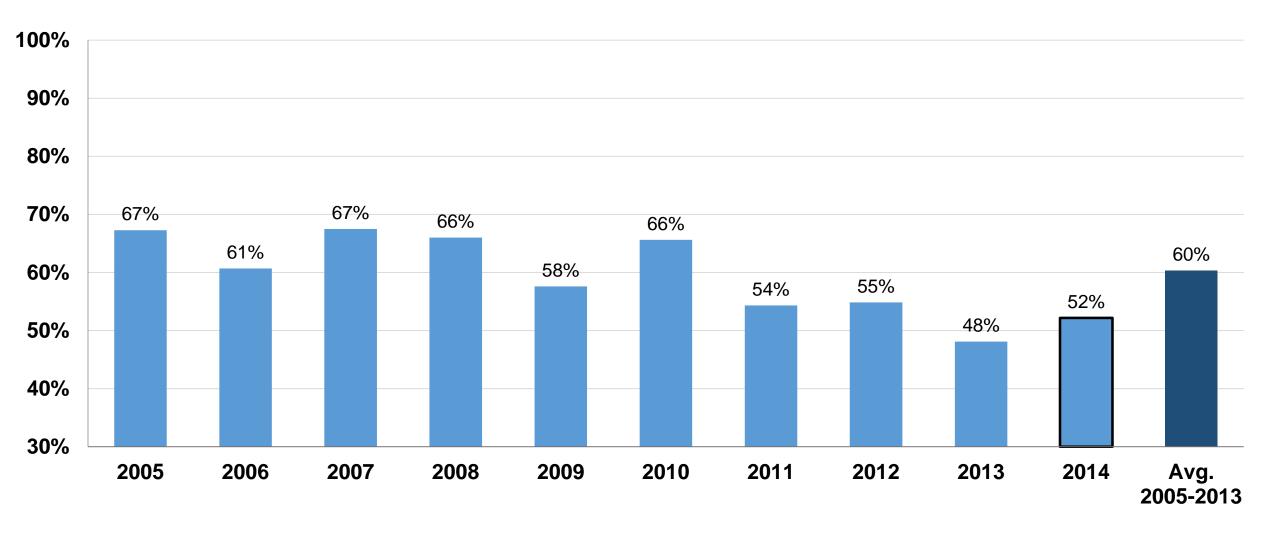
New York City Comptroller Scott M. Stringer Bureau of Fiscal and Budget Studies

A Closer Look: FY 2014 Actual to Planned Capital Commitments



- The Report examined over \$14 billion of Planned Capital Commitments, 25 Agencies and over 1,600 budget lines
- Sanitation achieved 89 percent of its commitments
- Since FY 2005, the City had, on average, achieved
 60 percent of its planned commitments
- Only 52 percent of Planned Capital Commitments were Achieved, the Second Lowest percentage over the Past Ten Years
- The Parks Department achieved 24 percent of its commitments, the lowest of all major City agencies

Percent of Actual Commitments vs. Plan - All Funds



Note: The City existing measure of actual commitments is relative to total commitments after the reserve for unattained commitments. Using this measure, the FY 2014 percent achieved would be 68% compared to 52% as shown above.

Five Best Performing Agencies in Achieving Capital Commitments

(With Planned Capital Commitments Greater Than \$100 Million)

\$ in millions

Agency	Actual FY 2014 Commitments	FY 2015 Executive Plan Commitments	Difference	% Achieved
Sanitation (DSNY)	277	310	(34)	89.4%
Education (DOE)	2,060	2,513	(453)	82.0%
Environmental Protection (DEP)	1,160	1,663	(503)	69.8%
Transportation (DOT)	837	1,351	(514)	62.0%
Housing Preservation & Development (HPD)*	439	747	(308)	58.8%

*Includes commitment for New York City Housing Authority

Five Worst Performing Agencies in Achieving Capital Commitments

(With Planned Capital Commitments Greater Than \$100 Million)

\$ in millions

Agency	Actual FY 2014 Commitments	FY 2015 Executive Plan Commitments	Difference	% Achieved
Parks and Recreation (DPR)	365	1,516	(1,151)	24.1%
Cultural Affairs (DCLA)	215	713	(498)	30.1%
Small Business Services (SBS)	278	892	(614)	31.2%
Health and Hospitals Corporation (HHC)	242	718	(476)	33.7%
Corrections (DOC)	125	282	(158)	44.3%

Risks and Offsets (\$ in millions)	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
City Stated Gap	\$0	\$0	(\$1,048)	(\$1,370)	(\$2,074)
Tax Revenues					
Property Tax	\$0	\$113	\$320	\$210	\$1,050
Personal Income Tax	232	424	542	559	517
Business Taxes	(50)	(53)	(25)	60	50
Sales Tax	0	21	33	30	20
Real-Estate-Related Taxes	117	228	219	36	(137)
Subtotal	\$299	\$733	\$1,089	\$895	\$1,500
Speed Camera Revenues	\$5	\$20	\$6	\$0	\$0
Expenditures					
Overtime	(\$76)	(\$174)	(\$100)	(\$100)	(\$100)
DOE Medicaid Reimbursement	(60)	(80)	(80)	(80)	(80)
DOE Full Day UPK State Support	0	(40)	(40)	(42)	(42)
Variable Interest Rate Savings	100	50	0	0	0
General Reserve	300	0	0	0	0
Prior-Year Estimates Adjustment	500	0	0	0	0
Subtotal	\$764	(\$244)	(\$220)	(\$222)	(\$222)
Total (Risks)/Offsets	\$1,068	\$509	\$875	\$673	\$1,278
Restated (Gap)/Surplus	\$1,068	\$509	(\$173)	(\$697)	(\$796)

