

# **RatingsDirect**<sup>®</sup>

#### Summary:

# New York City Transitional Finance Authority; General Obligation; Joint Criteria; Miscellaneous Tax

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#### **Summary:**

## New York City Transitional Finance Authority; General Obligation; Joint Criteria; Miscellaneous Tax

Credit Profile			
US\$750.0 mil future tax secd sub bnds (Subseries E-1) ser 2016 due 02/01/2042			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	New	
US\$195.42 mil future tax secd subordinate taxable bnds (Subseries E-2) ser 2016 due 02/01/2028			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	New	
US\$54.58 mil future tax secd subordinate taxable bnds (Subseries E-3) ser 2016 due 02/01/2028			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	New	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth Future Tax Secured (adj Rate)			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	

### Rationale

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services has assigned its 'AAA' long-term rating to New York City Transitional Finance Authority's (TFA) fiscal 2016 tax-exempt subseries E-1 and taxable subseries E-2 and E-3 future tax-secured subordinate bonds. At the same time, Standard & Poor's affirmed its 'AAA' rating on the authority's existing future tax-secured debt, including senior- and subordinate-lien bonds and recovery obligation bonds. Finally, Standard & Poor's also affirmed its 'AAA/A-1+', 'AAA/A-1', and 'AAA/A-2' dual ratings on various issuances where the short-term ratings are based on the liquidity support provided by various financial institutions. The outlook on the long-term rating is stable.

The rating on the TFA's future tax-secured debt is rated above the sovereign because we believe the TFA can maintain better credit characteristics than the U.S. in a stress scenario given that pledged revenue is locally derived and has shown resiliency throughout economic cycles. Moreover, we believe that there is limited funding interdependency with the federal government that would constrain the rating.

The 'AAA' rating continues to reflect our opinion of:

- A strong legal structure that separates the revenue stream supporting the bonds from New York City and New York State;
- The city's substantial and diverse economy that supports pledged revenue, with a resident population base of 8.5 million that has steadily expanded; New York City is the nation's leading employment center and continues in its role as a major global center for finance, commerce, tourism, and retailing;
- The resilient nature of the sales and income tax revenue supporting the bonds. This revenue stream is susceptible to economic slowdowns, as seen during the Great Recession although it has been quick to recover;
- The authority's cash flow forecast through 2020 of continued very strong coverage, which we believe is realistic

given the history of outperforming projections; and

• Strong bond provisions, including what we consider a conservative additional bonds test (ABT).

The bonds are secured by a subordinate lien on tax revenues of the authority and certain accounts held by the trustee. The authority is issuing the fiscal 2016 subseries E-1 to finance general city capital expenditures, and the subseries E-2 and E-3 for other discrete capital purposes.

Personal income tax (PIT) and sales tax revenue secures the bonds. Pursuant to the enabling legislation, sales tax revenue is available to pay debt service on the bonds if the city projects the PIT will be insufficient to provide 150% of maximum annual debt service (MADS) on outstanding bonds; the PIT currently covers MADs about 4x. The MADS calculation includes all existing senior and subordinate bonds, the fiscal 2016 subseries E-1, E-2, and E-3 bonds as well as the planned fiscal 2016 tax-exempt subordinate E-4 future tax-secured subordinate (adjustable rate) bond issuance.

The bond indenture provides that senior-lien debt cannot exceed \$12 billion in principal outstanding and sets a maximum quarterly debt service payment of \$330 million. Subordinate-lien debt is not subject to the quarterly debt service requirement under the terms of the indenture for senior-lien bonds. Subordinate-lien debt must still comply with what we regard as the conservative and more traditional ABT requiring 3x debt service coverage (DSC), with DSC calculated annually. We rate the senior- and subordinate-lien bonds the same because of the strength of the bond structure established to pay debt service for senior- and subordinate-lien bonds, and because of what we view as the high DSC on all TFA bonds.

The PIT and sales tax revenue supporting TFA's debt is sensitive to economic cycles. The PIT is the primary statutory revenue source: It accounted for 61% of pledged revenue in fiscal 2015 (the most recently audited fiscal year). After decreasing by 24% to \$6.69 billion in fiscal 2009, PIT revenue began to recover in fiscal 2010, and exceeded its prerecession peak by fiscal 2013. Fiscal 2013 collections grew a further 15.4% to \$9.23 billion, boosted by the continuing economic recovery and an increase in the federal capital gains tax rate, which caused city taxpayers to spin up capital gains tax payments to 2013 from 2014. Despite the spin-up, cash basis collections still grew 3.4% in fiscal 2014 to \$9.54 billion. Collections increased 11.6% in 2015 to \$10.64 billion, and are expected to continue to increase, along with the economic recovery, throughout the forecast period. Officials project collections of \$11.06 billion in 2016, \$11.12 billion in 2017, \$11.45 billion in 2018, \$11.91 billion in 2019, and \$12.43 billion in 2020, for an aggregate growth of roughly 12%. The forecasted numbers assume the continuation of the current tax rate schedule beyond the scheduled Jan. 1, 2018, expiration; that schedule includes a base rate and 14% surcharge with a maximum total tax rate of 3.876%. Should legislation fail to pass that allows for an extension, a lower rate schedule with a maximum rate of 1.48% will become effective Jan. 1, 2018, and forecasted PIT revenue in fiscal 2018, 2019, and 2020 would be negatively affected. Without an extension of the 14% surcharge, 2018 PIT revenue would be \$509 million lower and 2019 and 2020 PIT revenue would be \$1.3 billion lower annually. Without an extension of both the base rate and 14% surcharge, 2018, 2019, and 2020 PIT revenue would be \$2.8 billion, \$7.3 billion, and \$7.6 billion lower, respectively. While we see the uncertainty around the future of the tax rate schedule as a risk, we note the base rate has been extended prior to expiration on several occasions since its 1989 implementation. Additional uncertainty is created by the governor's recently released executive budget that proposes increasing the small business income tax exclusion for those that pay via the PIT. The city estimates this would result in a loss of about \$60 million of PIT revenue annually beginning fiscal 2017.

A sales tax is the other leading TFA revenue source: It accounted for 39%, or \$6.74 billion, of pledged revenue in fiscal 2015, a 4.3% increase from fiscal 2014. The tax is levied on a variety of economic activities, including retail, services, utilities, manufacturing, and other sales activities (including construction, wholesale trade, arts, entertainment, and recreation). Collections are expected to grow throughout the plan period, to \$7.32 billion in 2016, \$7.38 billion in 2017, \$7.69 billion in 2018, \$8 billion in 2019, and \$8.33 billion in 2020, for an aggregate growth of roughly 14%. The governor's recently released executive budget also proposes requiring \$200 million of sales tax receipts be remitted to the state annually for three years beginning May 12, 2016.

Despite decreases during the recession, MADS coverage (including the fiscal 2016 series E bonds) continues to be very strong. Fiscal 2015 actual pledged revenue collections of \$17.38 billion provide what we consider very strong 6.48x MADS coverage assuming a stress scenario with variable-rate bonds bearing interest at the maximum bond rate, and 6.99x at the 4.25% budgeted adjustable rate. Based on actual debt service paid, fiscal 2015 pledged revenues provided very strong annual DSC of 8.62x. Fiscal 2016 projections show combined pledged revenues increasing 5.8% to \$18.39 billion, which would provide MADS coverage of 6.85x based on the maximum rate on variable-rate bonds and 7.40x at the 4.25% budgeted adjustable rate, respectively--levels that we consider very strong. Should the governor's proposals related to the PIT and sales tax go into effect, Standard & Poor's believes the combined \$260 million impact would have only a minor effect on coverage levels.

Based on the city's current financial plan, TFA expects to issue \$4 billion in fiscal 2016, \$2.9 billion in 2017, \$3.4 billion in 2018, \$3.6 billion in 2019, and \$3.7 billion in 2020. In 2009, the New York State Legislature authorized the TFA to have outstanding \$13.5 billion of future tax-secured bonds, excluding recovery obligations. The legislature also authorized the issuance of additional future tax-secured bonds provided that the city's total indebtedness does not exceed its statutory debt limit. We understand New York City intends to continue alternating the issuance of general obligation bonds and future tax-secured bonds. As of Dec. 31, 2015, the city and authority's debt-incurring capacity was \$26.2 billion. We believe TFA could issue additional debt while maintaining what we consider very strong DSC.

With additional debt issuance planned, and assuming the continuation of the current tax rate structure, city officials are projecting DSC to decrease during the forecast period but remain what we view as very strong at 6.25x in fiscal 2020, based on assumed variable interest rates of 4.25% on tax-exempt variable-rate bonds outstanding and 6% on all planned bond issuances through 2020. Were the PIT revenue to be negatively affected by the expiration of both taxes, Standard & Poor's calculates coverage in 2020 at a weaker, but still strong, 3.97x. Projected coverage does not include the federal subsidy for Build America Bonds and qualified school construction bonds.

The authority has approximately \$27.44 billion of future tax-secured debt outstanding, consisting of \$1.03 billion of senior-lien bonds and \$26.41 billion of subordinate-lien debt, including \$906.43 million of recovery bonds. It has \$1.01 billion of senior-lien variable-rate debt, and \$3.09 billion of subordinate-lien variable-rate debt, representing approximately 15% of authority debt outstanding.

#### Outlook

The stable outlook reflects our opinion of the strong protections afforded bondholders from statutory revenue--both

PIT and sales tax revenue--and the required flow of these funds by statute, as well as the indenture, to pay debt service during the bonds' life. We believe DSC will likely remain very strong during our two-year horizon despite additional planned debt issuance. Furthermore, we believe New York City's substantial and diverse economy will likely continue to support pledged revenue growth. Due to these factors, we do not expect to change the rating in the next two years.

If coverage were to significantly weaken to levels we no longer consider comparable to similarly rated peers because of additional debt (or if tax revenues fall precipitously, which is less likely than the issuance of additional debt, in our view), we could consider a lower rating. We would also view any changes to the tax rate schedule that materially weaken coverage as a potential negative credit event.

#### **Related Criteria And Research**

#### **Related Criteria**

- USPF Criteria: Special Tax Bonds, June 13, 2007
- Criteria: Methodology And Assumptions: Approach To Evaluating Letter Of Credit-Supported Debt, Feb. 20, 2015
- USPF Criteria: Municipal Applications For Joint Support Criteria, June 25, 2007
- USPF Criteria: Bank Liquidity Facilities, June 22, 2007
- USPF Criteria: Standby Bond Purchase Agreement Automatic Termination Events, April 11, 2008
- Criteria: Joint Support Criteria Update, April 22, 2009
- Ratings Above The Sovereign: Corporate And Government Ratings—Methodology And Assumptions, Nov. 19, 2013
- Criteria: Use of CreditWatch And Outlooks, Sept. 14, 2009

#### **Related Research**

• Special Tax Bonds: U.S. Recovery Underpins The Sector's Stability, Sept. 14, 2015

Ratings Detail (As Of February 4, 2016)			
New York City Transitional Fin Auth fiscal 2013 subser A-5			
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
Unenhanced Rating	NR(SPUR)		
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax sec	d bnds		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd bnds fiscal 1998 ser C			
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1	Affirmed	
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd bnds fiscal 1999 ser A dtd 12/03/1998 & 11/24/1998 due 11/15/2000-2017 2021-2022 2026-2028			
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd bnds fiscal 1999 sub-ser A-1 dtd 11/19/1998 RMKTD 12/04/2012 due 11/15/2018			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd subordinate bnds ser 2016B-2			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	

Ratings Detail (As Of February 4, 2016) (cont.	)	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd su	ıbordinate bnds ser 2016B-3	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd su	bordinate bnds ser 2016C	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd su	ıbordinate bnds ser 2016D	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd su	ıbord bnds	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd su	ıb bnds	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd su	ıb bnds ser 2016A-1	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax seed su	ıb bnds ser 2016A-2	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd su	ıb bnds ser 2016A-3	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax seed su	ıb bnds (National)	
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secrd V due 11/01/2029	/RDO ser 2003A-2 & 2003A-3 dtd (	07/02/2002 RMKT dtd 11/01/2011
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1	Affirmed
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secured	d bnds	
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secured		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secured	( U )	
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax sec bno		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax taxable		
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax VRDB		
Long Term Rating	AAA/NR/Stable	Affirmed
Unenhanced Rating	NR(SPUR)	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax (AGM)	, ,	Affirmed
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Ammed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth rev bnds Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
Unenhanced Rating	NR(SPUR)	Annined
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Ratings Detail (As Of February 4, 2016) (cc	ont.)	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth ser 2013 A-4		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth taxable subor	d bnds (qual sch const bnds)	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth tax exempt ad	dj rate bnds ser 2016A-4 due 08/01/2045	
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth tax exempt a	dj rate bnds ser 2016A-5 due 08/01/2045	
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth tax secured (I	MBIA) (National)	
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth tax-ex adj rat	e future tax sec sub bnds	
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth tax-ex adj rat	e future tax sec sub bnds	
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth Future tax see	cured subord taxable bnds fiscal 2014	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth Future Tax Se	ecured (liq)	
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth NYC recovery	y bnds	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth GO		
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth GO		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth GO		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed

Ratings Detail (As Of February 4, 2016) (cont	.)	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1+/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed

Ratings Detail (As Of February 4, 2016) (cont	t.)		
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX			
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
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New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth MISCTAX Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth (New York City	Transitional Fin Auth) JOINTCRIT		
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1	Affirmed	
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	

Summary: New York City Transitional Finance Authority; General Obligation; Joint Criteria; Miscellaneous Tax

Ratings Detail (As Of February 4, 2	2016) (cont.)		
New York City Transitional Fin Auth (New York City Transitional Fin Auth) JOINTCRIT			
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-1	Affirmed	
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax secd bnds			
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	
Long Term Rating	AAA/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth future tax VRDB			
Long Term Rating	AAA/A-2/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth Future Tax			
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth Future Tax Secured			
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	
New York City Transitional Fin Auth GO			
Unenhanced Rating	AAA(SPUR)/Stable	Affirmed	
Many issues are enhanced by bond insurance			

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