

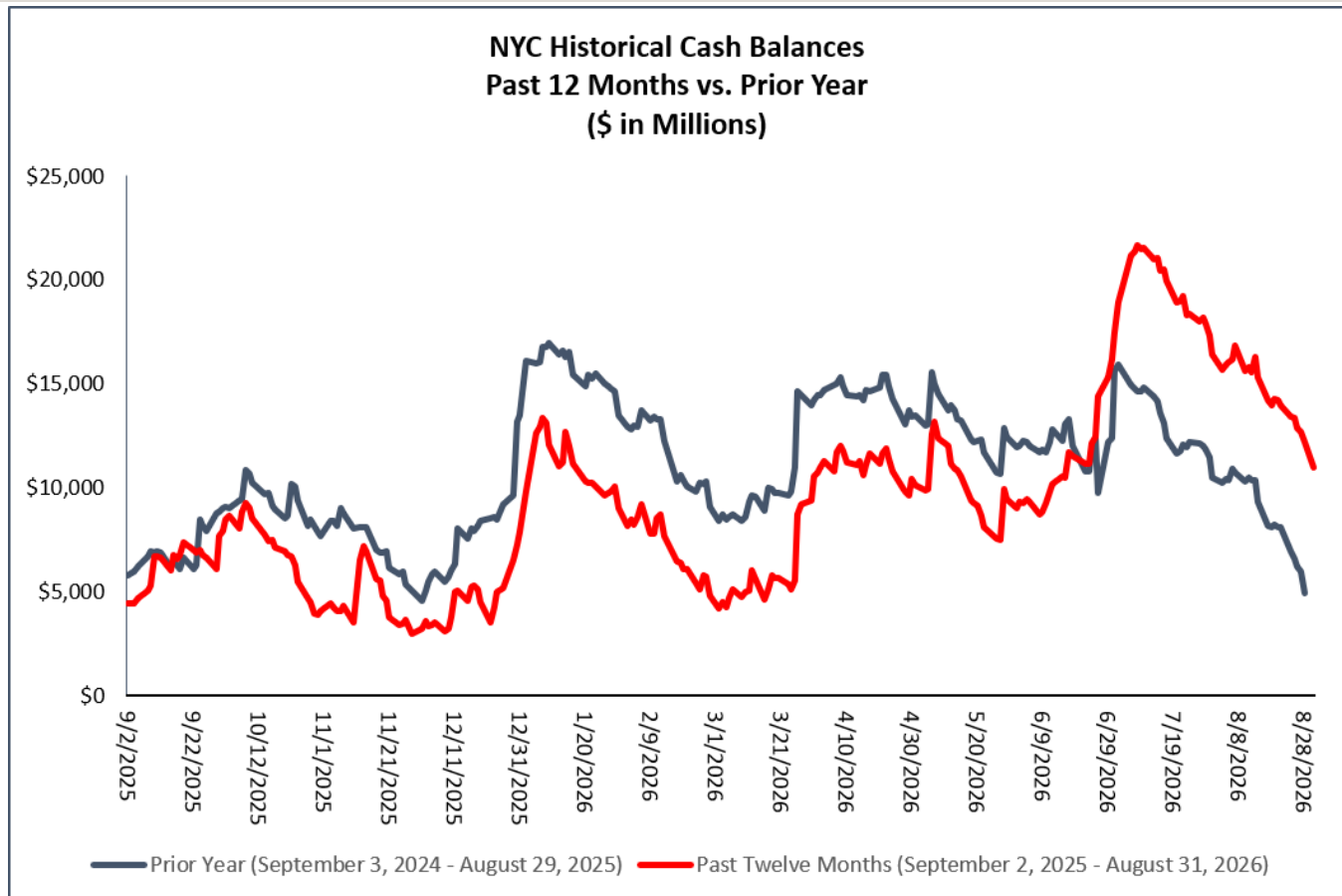


New York City Cash Balance Projection

New York City Comptroller Mark D. Levine

Bureau of Budget

September 2026



At the close of FY 2026 (on June 30, 2026), the City recorded an end-of-year cash balance of \$16.171 billion, compared to \$12.229 billion the year prior. The actual year-end balance was significantly higher than anticipated, primarily due to stronger-than-expected Business Corporation Tax and General Corporation Tax collections, and the deferral of the City's customary year-end payment to the Retiree Health Benefits Trust (RHBT) for FY 2026 pay-as-you-go retiree health benefits. The RHBT deferred payment totaled \$3.713 billion. For more information, see the [Interim Update to June 2026 forecast](#), published in July. Overall, daily cash balances during FY 2026 averaged \$8.435 billion, compared to \$10.882 billion in FY 2025.

During FY 2026, the City collected \$144.787 billion in revenue, \$5.122 billion more than the prior year, despite a significant decline in Covid-19-related aid and FEMA reimbursements. The City received only \$660 million in COVID-19-related aid and COVID-19 FEMA reimbursements in FY26, compared to \$5.239 billion over the same period last fiscal year.

Total tax revenue measured \$87.017 billion, 6.9% higher than in FY 2025. The City's economy remained stable, despite persistent inflation, continued low job creation outside the healthcare sector, and a sharp rise in oil prices amid the war in Iran. Tax collections were bolstered by strong stock market performance and rapid growth in Wall Street profits, which contributed significantly to increases in personal and business income taxes' revenues. At the same time, NYC's office market continued to strengthen, reflecting solid demand and a gradual reduction in the supply of lower-end properties. For more information, please see our [August Economic Newsletter](#).

Strong revenues enabled the City to fund \$148.730 billion in spending in FY26 while also prepaying \$1.959 billion toward FY27 expenses. The prepayment was lower than in each of the previous four years and consisted of \$800 million of General Obligation (GO) debt service and \$1.159 billion of Transitional Finance Authority (TFA) debt service. For a full analysis of the cash position in FY 2026 and its last quarter, see the accompanying [4Q 2026 Quarterly Cash Report](#).

During the 12 months ending on August 31st, cash balances averaged \$9.458 billion, compared to \$10.867 billion at the same time last year. New York City started September 1, 2026 with \$10.997 billion in cash, above last year's figure by \$6.043 billion. As of September 9th, the cash balance stood at \$13.732 billion, compared to \$5.134 billion at the same time last year.

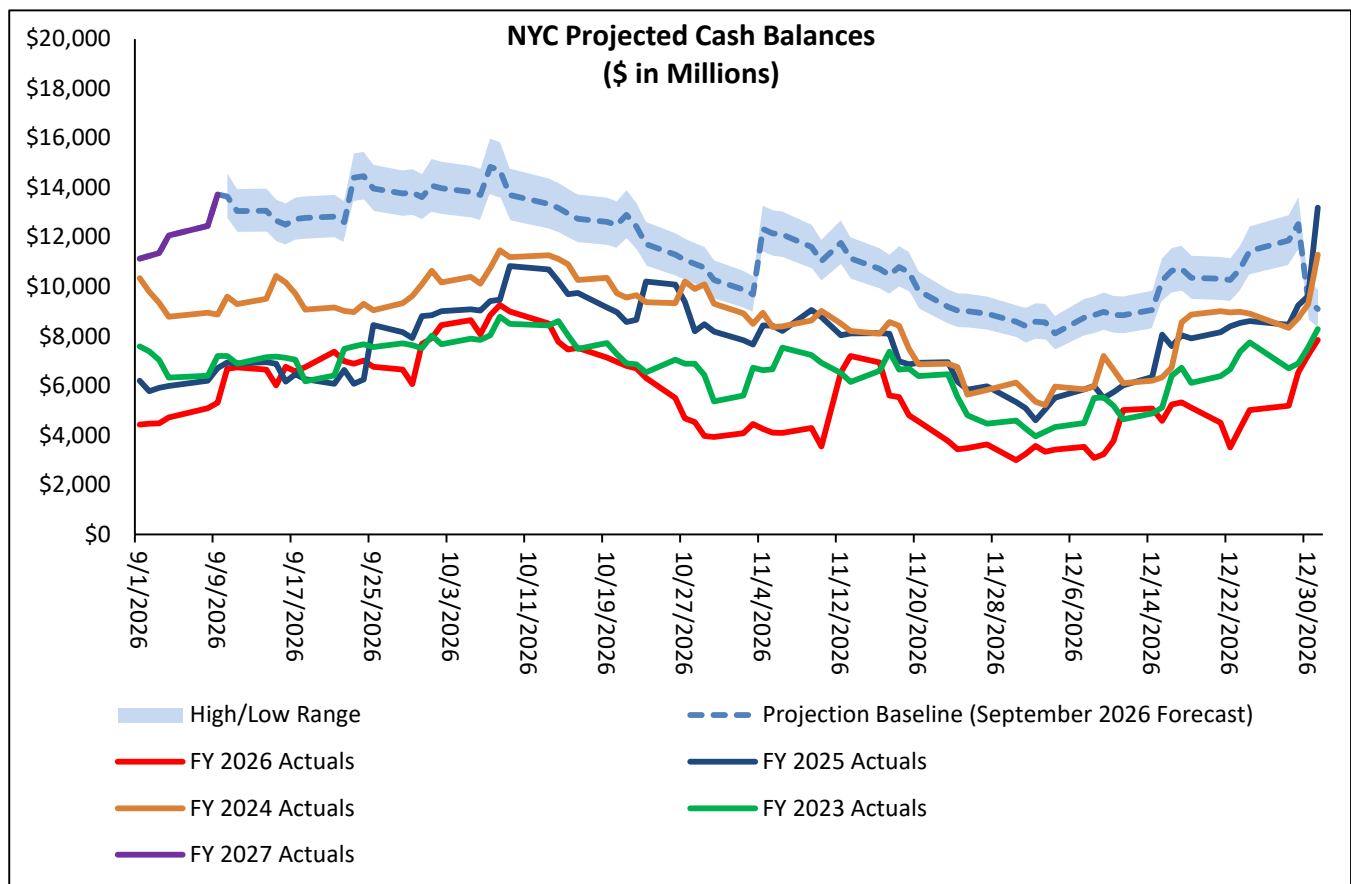
The cash balance on September 9th was above the levels projected in the [Interim Update](#) by approximately \$4.2 billion. Below are the main factors explaining the variance:

1. **Tax revenues.** Preliminary July and August collections, which remain subject to revision, indicate that combined revenues from the Real Property Tax, Personal Income Tax (including the Pass-Through Entity Tax), General Corporation Tax, and Sales Tax exceeded projections by more than \$450 million.
2. **Capital spending and reimbursements.** Reimbursements from bond sale proceeds for capital spending were higher than previously anticipated by approximately \$1.6 billion. However, most of this variance is due to timing and is expected to drop to approximately \$400 million by December. City-funded capital expenditures were approximately \$350 million below budgeted levels, also contributing to the higher cash balance.
3. **State aid.** On August 13, the City received \$500 million in one-time, unrestricted State Aid that had been assumed in the Interim Update to be received in October. On September 4, the City received approximately \$634 million in New York State aid for asylum seekers, further strengthening its cash balance.
4. **Contractual advances to nonprofit organizations.** Local Law 2025/156 requires, with certain exceptions, 50 percent advance payments for most human services contracts, while Local Law 2026/011 requires quarterly advance payments for certain Department of Homeless Services (DHS) and Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice (MOCJ) contracts beginning in 2027. In late June, the City announced that it would make 50 percent advance payments to all human services providers at the beginning of July. The Interim Update assumed that most of these advance payments would be disbursed in July and August but actual payments have lagged, primarily due to late contract registrations for [early childhood education](#) and other providers. The Interim Update assumed approximately \$4.5 billion in contractual advances to nonprofit organizations at the beginning of FY 2027 (an assumption broadly comparable to the Mayor's Office of Management and Budget'). Actual payments were approximately \$3.5 billion.

The City’s cash balance includes \$1.974 billion in the Revenue Stabilization Fund (RSF), the City’s rainy-day fund, inclusive of an expected end-of-year General Fund surplus of \$5 million. The majority of funds, \$1.455 billion, were allocated to the RSF in FY 2022.

Projected Cash Balances (September 10th – December 31st)

The updated projection below outlines expected cash balances in the NYC central treasury from September 10 to December 31, 2026. This forecast assumes continued, though slower, economic growth and the receipt of federal revenues as budgeted and in accordance with existing funding agreements and schedules. The economic outlook remains subject to uncertainty, including risks stemming from the unpredictable federal policy environment, geopolitical instability and elevated oil prices, and the impact of artificial intelligence, as highlighted in our Office’s [Comments on NYC’s FY 2027 Adopted Budget](#).



The cash balance typically declines after the receipt of July property tax payments at the beginning of the fiscal year. Our projection shows that, as in previous years, the annual cash balance low will occur in early December and could measure between \$7.419 billion and \$8.816 billion, higher than previous seasonal lows of \$3.001 billion in FY 2026, \$4.602 billion in FY 2025, and \$5.223 billion in FY 2024. The higher balance, compared to prior years, is largely due to the delayed RHBT payment as well as the higher revenues relative to expenses received to date. With the disbursement of the RHBT payment assumed to take place in December, the forecast period ends with a balance projected in the range of \$8.145 to \$9.678 billion, between the levels recorded in FY 2025 and FY 2026. Overall, cash flow

balances are estimated to average \$11.481 billion during the next four months compared to \$5.631 billion during the same period last year.

This forecast revises the timing of advance payments to nonprofit organizations. As of September 3, the City has disbursed \$3.5 billion in advance payments to human services organizations, leaving approximately \$1 billion to be disbursed in the coming months.

Payroll expenses are expected to rise by \$1.095 billion in FY 2027 compared to the previous year, driven by collective bargaining agreements and higher headcount, particularly within the Department of Education to reach compliance with the class size mandate.

The Interim Forecast assumed a large payment by the City on behalf of NYC Health + Hospitals (H+H) for the local share of the State FY 2026 State Directed Payment would take place in October.¹ Given the uncertainty of that timing, this forecast spreads the payment across October through December. If the City payment is not approved by CMS within this timeframe, the City will likely need to make budgeted subsidy payments to H+H to support its cashflow needs instead, which the current forecast assumes will arise later in the fiscal year.

Capital expenditures to date have been lower than projected; the forecast assumes that expenditures will accelerate over the course of the year. The projection assumes that \$6.807 billion in bond proceeds will be transferred to the General Fund between September and December 2026, to offset \$6.076 billion in capital expenditures. A significant \$2.8 billion transfer of bond proceeds is anticipated for November 4, ahead of the period when the City typically reaches its lowest cash balance. Over time, capital expenditures and the respective reimbursements are expected to offset one another.

These changes resulted in a net increase of the cash balance at the end of December by approximately \$2 billion, relative to the previous forecast.

Based on our projection, the City has sufficient cash to sustain its operations, and we don't forecast a need to issue short-term debt in FY 2027.

Projection details are in the following pages of this document.

¹ The State Directed Payment program is described in more detail in the Comptroller's [October 2025 Economic Newsletter](#). The first payment for State FY 2025 was made in the third quarter of FY 2026 as described in that [Quarterly Cash Report](#).

NYC Projected Cash Balances

(\$ in Millions)

	High	Low	Baseline
01-Sep-26	11,886	10,372	11,129
02-Sep-26	12,012	10,482	11,247
03-Sep-26	12,126	10,582	11,354
04-Sep-26	12,893	11,251	12,072
08-Sep-26	13,301	11,607	12,454
09-Sep-26	14,665	12,798	13,732
10-Sep-26	14,565	12,711	13,638
11-Sep-26	13,947	12,171	13,059
14-Sep-26	13,959	12,181	13,070
15-Sep-26	13,521	11,799	12,660
16-Sep-26	13,360	11,659	12,509
17-Sep-26	13,596	11,864	12,730
18-Sep-26	13,642	11,905	12,774
21-Sep-26	13,704	11,959	12,832
22-Sep-26	13,460	11,746	12,603
23-Sep-26	15,382	13,423	14,402
24-Sep-26	15,445	13,478	14,461
25-Sep-26	14,917	13,017	13,967
28-Sep-26	14,695	12,824	13,759
29-Sep-26	14,742	12,865	13,804
30-Sep-26	14,541	12,689	13,615
01-Oct-26	15,155	12,988	14,072
02-Oct-26	15,045	12,894	13,970
05-Oct-26	14,885	12,757	13,821
06-Oct-26	14,754	12,644	13,699
07-Oct-26	15,978	13,694	14,836
08-Oct-26	15,826	13,563	14,695
09-Oct-26	14,762	12,651	13,707
13-Oct-26	14,366	12,312	13,339
14-Oct-26	14,186	12,157	13,172
15-Oct-26	13,946	11,952	12,949
16-Oct-26	13,725	11,763	12,744
19-Oct-26	13,594	11,650	12,622
20-Oct-26	13,449	11,526	12,488
21-Oct-26	13,895	11,908	12,902
22-Oct-26	13,390	11,475	12,433
23-Oct-26	12,616	10,812	11,714
26-Oct-26	12,158	10,420	11,289
27-Oct-26	11,934	10,227	11,081
28-Oct-26	11,764	10,082	10,923
29-Oct-26	11,599	9,940	10,770
30-Oct-26	11,069	9,486	10,277

NYC Projected Cash Balances

(\$ in Millions)

	High	Low	Baseline
02-Nov-26	10,645	9,123	9,884
03-Nov-26	10,426	8,935	9,681
04-Nov-26	13,275	11,376	12,325
05-Nov-26	13,090	11,218	12,154
06-Nov-26	13,033	11,169	12,101
09-Nov-26	12,494	10,708	11,601
10-Nov-26	11,884	10,185	11,035
12-Nov-26	12,675	10,863	11,769
13-Nov-26	12,001	10,285	11,143
16-Nov-26	11,544	9,893	10,719
17-Nov-26	11,282	9,669	10,475
18-Nov-26	11,631	9,968	10,800
19-Nov-26	11,404	9,773	10,588
20-Nov-26	10,598	9,082	9,840
23-Nov-26	9,889	8,475	9,182
24-Nov-26	9,726	8,335	9,030
25-Nov-26	9,711	8,322	9,016
27-Nov-26	9,599	8,226	8,912
30-Nov-26	9,254	7,930	8,592
01-Dec-26	9,136	7,689	8,413
02-Dec-26	9,331	7,853	8,592
03-Dec-26	9,304	7,831	8,567
04-Dec-26	8,816	7,419	8,117
07-Dec-26	9,499	7,994	8,747
08-Dec-26	9,609	8,087	8,848
09-Dec-26	9,766	8,219	8,993
10-Dec-26	9,627	8,102	8,865
11-Dec-26	9,606	8,084	8,845
14-Dec-26	9,839	8,281	9,060
15-Dec-26	11,132	9,369	10,251
16-Dec-26	11,562	9,731	10,647
17-Dec-26	11,644	9,800	10,722
18-Dec-26	11,248	9,467	10,358
21-Dec-26	11,203	9,429	10,316
22-Dec-26	11,151	9,385	10,268
23-Dec-26	11,636	9,793	10,715
24-Dec-26	12,431	10,463	11,447
28-Dec-26	12,883	10,843	11,863
29-Dec-26	13,608	11,453	12,531
30-Dec-26	10,276	8,648	9,462
31-Dec-26	9,879	8,314	9,097

Inflows - NYC Cash Balance Monthly Detail

(\$ in Millions)

Inflows	Sep-26	Oct-26	Nov-26	Dec-26	Sep-Dec-26
Opening Balance	10,997.27	13,615.21	10,277.29	8,592.02	10,997.27
Sales Tax	875.23	1,127.13	879.82	1,279.65	4,161.84
Utility Tax	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	204.00
Commercial Rent Tax	224.18	24.61	8.67	238.48	495.93
Personal Income Tax + PTET	2,532.68	1,403.21	903.39	2,185.43	7,024.71
General Corporation Tax	1,414.97	158.50	122.81	1,700.71	3,396.99
Banking Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unincorporated Business Tax	748.98	59.22	27.38	624.11	1,459.68
Real Property Tax	917.78	2,030.08	437.24	5,500.35	8,885.45
Other Taxes	735.00	208.42	218.34	473.17	1,634.93
Less Refunds All Taxes	-116.64	-200.32	-92.29	-72.96	-482.21
Total Taxes	7,383.18	4,861.85	2,556.36	11,979.94	26,781.33
Federal Welfare	82.59	90.68	242.92	418.22	834.41
Federal Education	26.63	44.93	40.64	56.67	168.87
Federal Community Development	11.14	12.04	10.78	23.03	56.98
Federal Other	140.84	114.74	133.79	132.61	521.99
Total Federal Aid	261.21	262.39	428.14	630.53	1,582.26
NYS Welfare	168.98	84.39	346.42	203.02	802.81
NYS Health	66.92	97.55	62.10	22.16	248.73
NYS Education	1,497.91	82.84	696.59	1,569.85	3,847.19
NYS Higher Education	0.00	512.06	83.63	1.35	597.05
NYS Other	20.78	26.46	76.71	86.47	210.43
Total New York State Aid	1,754.60	803.31	1,265.45	1,882.85	5,706.20
NYS Revenue Sharing	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Intergovernmental Aid	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	20.00
Total Intergovernmental	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	20.00
Water Board	370.43	347.12	319.62	128.08	1,165.25
Interest Income	42.22	42.22	42.22	42.22	168.87
Fines and Forfeitures	142.61	142.61	142.61	142.61	570.43
Miscellaneous Revenue	166.38	227.86	309.84	203.54	907.62
Senior College Tuition and Fees	0.00	0.00	159.72	0.00	159.72
Capital Interest	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	20.00
Housing Revenue	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	4.28
Total Miscellaneous	727.71	765.88	980.07	522.51	2,996.17
Prior Federal Aid	478.77	324.14	143.24	171.08	1,117.23
Prior NYS Aid	1,077.18	103.31	111.26	183.97	1,475.71
Total Federal And NYS Prior Aid	1,555.94	427.45	254.50	355.05	2,592.94
Balance Sheet Inflows	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	92.00
Federal/State Capital	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	120.00
Transfers from Capital Proceeds	1,761.00	964.00	3,319.00	763.00	6,807.00
Payroll Taxes Inflows	232.27	234.32	231.81	297.88	996.28
Seasonal Borrowing	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Operating Inflow	500.87	468.00	468.00	468.00	1,904.87
Total Other Inflows	2,547.14	1,719.32	4,071.81	1,581.88	9,920.15
Total Inflows	14,234.77	8,845.20	9,561.33	16,957.74	49,599.05

Outflows - NYC Cash Balance Monthly Detail

(\$ in Millions)

Outflows	Sep-26	Oct-26	Nov-26	Dec-26	Sep-Dec-26
Payroll	2,112.21	2,130.74	2,108.06	2,709.07	9,060.08
Pensions	721.80	721.80	721.80	721.80	2,887.20
Social Security	264.45	211.12	210.70	213.18	899.44
Health Plan	588.55	588.55	588.55	588.55	2,354.20
Other PS	79.04	79.04	79.04	79.04	316.14
Total PS	3,766.04	3,731.25	3,708.15	4,311.63	15,517.06
PA	603.66	659.00	659.00	659.00	2,580.66
MA	459.00	459.00	727.33	727.33	2,372.67
Other DOSS	432.53	432.53	432.53	432.53	1,730.11
HHC	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TA	0.49	35.00	0.35	0.00	35.84
HA	6.21	3.28	25.58	15.92	50.98
Lump Sum	320.00	320.00	320.00	320.00	1,280.00
Vendor Payments	2,622.81	3,277.62	2,027.98	2,932.98	10,861.38
Other OTPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total OTPS	4,444.69	5,186.42	4,192.76	5,087.76	18,911.62
City Capital	1,519.00	1,569.00	1,569.00	1,569.00	6,226.00
Other Outflow Capital	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	160.00
GO Debt Service Funding	0.00	240.90	0.00	0.00	240.90
NYCTFA Debt Service Funding	548.44	0.00	314.26	314.26	1,176.95
Other Debt Service Funding	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Repay Seasonal Borrowing	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Payroll Taxes Outflow	1,003.65	1,010.37	1,017.25	1,011.36	4,042.62
Other Outflows	295.02	405.19	405.19	4,119.19	5,224.58
Total Other Outflows	3,406.10	3,265.45	3,345.69	7,053.80	17,071.05
Total Outflows	11,616.84	12,183.12	11,246.60	16,453.19	51,499.74
Net Flow	2,617.94	-3,337.92	-1,685.26	504.55	-1,900.69
Ending Balance	13,615.21	10,277.29	8,592.02	9,096.58	9,096.58

Prepared by Irina Livshits, Senior Director, Cash Management and Analysis

Published by the NYC Comptroller's Office, Bureau of Budget

Francesco Brindisi, Executive Deputy Comptroller for Budget and Finance

Krista Olson, Deputy Comptroller for Budget