

A Fiduciary Fund of The City of New York

Combining Financial Statements and Supplementary Information (Together with Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Trustees of New York City Police Pension Funds

Opinion

We have audited the combining financial statements of New York City Police Pension Fund, New York City Police Officers' Variable Supplements Fund, and New York City Police Superior Officers' Variable Supplements Fund, which collectively comprise the New York City Police Pension Funds (the "Funds"), which comprise the combining statements of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the related combining statements of changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended, and the related notes to combining financial statements, which collectively comprise the Funds' basic combining financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying combining financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the combining fiduciary net position of the Funds as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in the combining fiduciary net position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits of the financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Funds and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the combining financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combining financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the combining financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the combining financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the combining financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required supplementary information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule 1 - schedules of changes in the employer's net pension liability and related ratios for each of the nine years in the period ended June 30, 2022, schedule 2 - schedules of employer contributions for each of the ten years in the period ended June 30, 2022, and schedule 3 - schedule of investment returns for each of the eight years in the period ended June 30, 2022, be presented to supplement the basic combining financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a required part of the basic combining financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic combining financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with US GAAS. These limited



procedures consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic combining financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic combining financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

New York, New York October 26, 2022

Shant Thornton LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

This narrative discussion and analysis of the New York City Police Pension Funds ("POLICE", "Funds" or the "Plan"), provides an overview of the Funds combining financial activities for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. It is meant to assist the reader in understanding the Funds combining financial statements by providing an overall review of the combining financial activities during the years and the effects of significant changes, as well as a comparison with the prior year's activity and results. This discussion and analysis is intended to be read in conjunction with the Funds combining financial statements.

The Funds administer: the New York City Police Pension Funds, Tiers 1, 2, 3, and 6 (Tier 3 Revised), in conjunction with the establishment of an administrative staff separate from the New York City Police Department, in accordance with Chapter 292 of the Laws of 2001 - Qualified Pension Plan ("QPP") – as set forth in the Administrative Code of The City of New York ("ACNY") § 13-214.1; the Police Superior Officers' Variable Supplements Fund ("PSOVSF"), as set forth in ACNY § 13-278; and the Police Officers' Variable Supplements Fund ("POVSF"), as set forth in ACNY § 12-268.

Overview of Combining Financial Statements

The following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Funds' combining financial statements. The combining financial statements, which include the financial statements of each of the above stated Funds are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements, are as follows:

- The Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position presents the financial position of the Funds at fiscal year end. It provides information about the nature and amounts of resources with present service capacity that the Funds presently control (assets), consumption of net assets by the Funds that is applicable to a future reporting period (deferred outflow of resources), present obligations to sacrifice resources that the Funds have little or no discretion to avoid (liabilities), and acquisition of net assets by the Funds that is applicable to a future reporting period (deferred inflow of resources) with the difference between assets/deferred outflow of resources and liabilities/deferred inflow of resources being reported as net position. Investments are shown at fair value. All other assets and liabilities are determined on an accrual basis.
- The Combining Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the results of activities during the fiscal year. All changes affecting the assets/deferred outflow and liabilities/deferred inflow of the Funds are reflected on an accrual basis when the activity occurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. In that regard, changes in the fair values of investments are included in the year's activity as net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments.
- The Notes to Combining Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the combining financial statements. The notes present information about the Funds' accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, contingencies, and subsequent events, if any.
- Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) includes the management discussion and analysis (this section), and the notes to combining financial statements as required by the GASB.

Financial Highlights

The Funds' net position restricted for benefits decreased by \$5.5 billion, or (9.6)% to \$51.6 billion in Fiscal Year 2022 compared to Fiscal Year 2021, and increased by \$10.8 billion, or 23.3% to \$57.1 billion in Fiscal Year 2021 compared to Fiscal Year 2020. Increases and decreases in the Funds net position are primarily due to the fluctuations of investment returns, contributions, benefit payments and withdrawals.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 (In thousands)

		2022		2021	2020
Additions:					
Member contributions	\$	281,185	\$	255,789	\$ 280,129
Employer contributions		2,490,134		2,437,728	2,458,907
Net investment income		(4,405,904)		11,961,703	2,038,305
Litigation income		3,491		2,470	4,488
Net receipts from other retirement systems		1,810		1,988	2,053
Total additions	_	(1,629,284)	_	14,659,678	4,783,882
Deductions:					
Benefit payments and withdrawals		3,821,373		3,841,319	3,491,495
Administrative expenses		24,301		24,925	26,803
Total deductions		3,845,674		3,866,244	3,518,298
Net (decrease) increase in net					
position		(5,474,958)		10,793,434	1,265,584
Net position restricted for benefits					
Beginning of year		57,056,325		46,262,891	 44,997,307
End of year	\$	51,581,367	\$	57,056,325	\$ 46,262,891

During Fiscal Year 2022, member contributions increased 9.9% to \$281.2 million as compared to Fiscal Year 2021 contributions of \$255.8 million. During Fiscal Year 2021, member contributions decreased 8.7% to \$255.8 million as compared to Fiscal Year 2020 contributions of \$280.1 million. Increases and decreases in member contributions are primarily due to the fluctuations of active members and their voluntary and required contributions. In accordance with the pension plan requirements, certain members, under certain conditions, may elect to increase or decrease their deductions.

Employer contributions in Fiscal Year 2022 were \$2.49 billion, an increase of 2.1% from Fiscal Year 2021 contributions of \$2.44 billion primarily due to the increase in the amortization payment for the initial unfunded liability and experience gains and losses. Employer contributions in Fiscal Year 2021 were \$2.44 billion, a decrease of 0.9% from Fiscal Year 2020 contributions of \$2.46 billion primarily due to restart of the Actuarial Value of Assets ("AVA") and experience gains offset by the cost of assumption changes.

Benefit payments and withdrawals were \$3.82 billion, \$3.84 billion, and \$3.49 billion for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. This is primarily due to an increase and decrease in the number of retirees eligible for benefits.

In Fiscal Year 2002, Chapter 292 of the New York State Laws of 2001 provided the Funds with corpus funding for administrative expenses. In Fiscal Years 2022, 2021, and 2020, the administrative expenses were \$24.3 million, \$24.9 million, and \$26.8 million, respectively.

Fiduciary Net Position

In Fiscal Year 2022, the Funds experienced a 9.6% decrease in the combined net position restricted for benefits is primarily due to a decrease in the fair value of investments compared to Fiscal Year 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Fiduciary Net Position
June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020
(In thousands)

	2022 2021		2020
Cash Receivables Investments - at fair value Collateral from securities lending Other assets	\$ 36,75 1,030,17 52,024,93 5,271,19 9,91	8 1,491,493 3 57,946,124 4 5,891,076 8 9,062	\$ 17,972 829,771 46,807,184 3,559,791 9,716
Total assets	58,372,97	5 65,413,306	51,224,434
Accounts payable and other liabilities Securities lending Total liabilities	1,520,41 5,271,19 6,791,60	5,891,076	1,401,752 3,559,791 4,961,543
Net position restricted for benefits	\$ 51,581,36	57,056,325	\$ 46,262,891

Receivables and payables related to investment securities are primarily generated through the timing differences between the trade and settlement dates for investment securities purchased or sold.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Investment Summary June 30, 2022 (In thousands)

Investments - at fair value:		QPP		PSOVSF	POVSF			Combined
Short-term investments:								
Commercial paper	\$	280,668	\$	5,098	\$	5,542	\$	291,308
Short-term investment fund	Ψ	517,680	Ψ	266	Ψ	91	Ψ	518,037
U.S. treasury bills and agencies		369,797				-		369,797
Fixed income securities:		000,101						000,707
Bank loans		152,849		_		_		152,849
Corporate and other		6,485,233		_		_		6,485,233
Mortgage debt securities		2,161,766		_		_		2,161,766
Treasury inflation-protected		2,101,100						2,101,700
securities		1,589,153		_		_		1,589,153
U.S. government and agencies		2,058,590		_		_		2,058,590
Equity securities:		2,000,000						2,000,000
Domestic equity	1	4,537,917		1,040,345		672,741	1	6,251,003
International equity		4,523,566		-		-,		4,523,566
Collective trust funds:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Bank loans		868		_		_		868
Corporate and other		-		256,431		162,526		418,957
Domestic equity		47,141		82,991		52,806		182,938
International equity		856,180		726,264		468,129		2,050,573
Mortgage debt securities		191,695		277,840		176,095		645,630
Opportunistic-fixed income		148,230		-		-		148,230
U.S. government and agency		, -		507,527		321,671		829,198
Alternative investments:				,		,		•
Infrastructure		856,057		_		-		856,057
Opportunistic-fixed income		1,847,299		_		-		1,847,299
Private equity		4,753,360		_		-		4,753,360
Private real estate		3,316,150		_		_		3,316,150
Hedge fund investment		2,574,371		_		-		2,574,371
Collateral from securities lending		4,697,443		359,969		213,782		5,271,194
•								
Total investments	\$ 5	1,966,013	\$	3,256,731	\$	2,073,383	\$ 5	57,296,127

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Investment Summary June 30, 2021 (In thousands)

Investments - at fair value:		QPP		QPP		PSOVSF	POVSF		_ (Combined
Short-term investments:										
Commercial paper	\$	463,293	\$	7,000	\$	5,200	\$	475,493		
Short-term investment fund	Ψ	699,856	Ψ	575	Ψ	393	Ψ	700,824		
U.S. treasury bills and agencies		505,372		-		-		505,372		
Fixed income securities:		,								
Bank loans		191,531		_		_		191,531		
Corporate and other		7,253,045		_		_		7,253,045		
Mortgage debt securities		2,206,428		_		-		2,206,428		
Treasury inflation-protected		, ,						, ,		
securities		1,663,785		-		-		1,663,785		
U.S. government and agencies		2,777,756		-		-		2,777,756		
Equity securities:										
Domestic equity	1	7,708,155		1,336,862		800,591	1	9,845,608		
International equity		5,993,485		-		-		5,993,485		
Collective trust funds:										
Bank loans		1,859		-		-		1,859		
Corporate and other		9		337,239		199,615		536,863		
Domestic equity		149,857		127,611		80,252		357,720		
International equity		1,066,994		1,003,469		602,174		2,672,637		
Mortgage debt securities		211,531		324,370		191,997		727,898		
Opportunistic-fixed income		161,524		-		-		161,524		
U.S. government and agency		-		464,130		274,723		738,853		
Alternative investments:										
Infrastructure		639,870		-		-		639,870		
Opportunistic-fixed income		1,633,488		-		-		1,633,488		
Private equity		3,608,731		-		-		3,608,731		
Private real estate		2,459,043		-		-		2,459,043		
Hedge fund investment		2,794,311		-		-		2,794,311		
Collateral from securities lending		5,461,797		268,752	_	160,527		5,891,076		
Total investments	\$ 5	7,651,720	\$	3,870,008	\$	2,315,472	\$6	3,837,200		

Due to the long-term nature of the Funds' liabilities, the Funds' assets are invested with a long-term investment horizon. Assets are invested in a diversified portfolio of capital market securities. Investments in these assets are expected to produce higher returns, but are also subject to greater volatility and may produce negative returns. For example, the Russell 3000 Index, a broad measure of the United States stock market, decreased to (13.87)% from 44.16% in Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021, respectively. In 2022, the World ex-USA Custom BM Index decreased to (17.73)% from 34.82% in 2021. In Fiscal Year 2022, the Emerging International Market decreased to (25.28)% from 40.90% in 2021. For the three-year period ended June 30, 2022, the overall rate of return on investments for QPP, PSOVSF, and POVSF were 7.43%, 3.97%, and 3.87%, for the five-year period the return was 7.82%, 5.38%, and 5.13% and for the 10-year period was 8.72%, 7.02%, and 7.84%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Assets are invested long term for the benefit of the Funds participants and their beneficiaries. All investments are managed by registered investment managers and advisors, pursuant to applicable laws and to guidelines issued by The Comptroller of The City of New York (the "Comptroller"). Collectively, the investments utilize 16 domestic equity managers, 17 international equity managers, 17 hedge fund managers, 49 private real estate managers, 13 infrastructure managers, 104 private equity investment managers, 14 public-fixed income managers, and 28 alternative credit managers and one Economically Targeted Investment ("ETI") manager.

Assets are allocated in accordance with policy adopted periodically by the Funds' Board of Trustees. The percentage in each category is determined by a study indicating the probable rates of return and levels of risk for various asset allocations. The actual allocation may vary from this policy mix as fair values shift and as investments are added or terminated.

Contact Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the New York City Police Pension Funds finances. Questions concerning any data provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Accounting, New York City Police Pension Fund, 233 Broadway, 25th Floor, New York, New York 10279.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2022 (In thousands)

	QPP	PSOVSF	POVSF	Eliminations	Total Funds
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 35,684	\$ 15	\$ 1,053	\$ -	\$ 36,752
Receivables:					
Investments securities sold	731,877	1	1	-	731,879
Member loans	162,050	-		-	162,050
Accrued interest and dividends	134,866	836_	547_		136,249
Total receivables	1,028,793	837_	548_		1,030,178
Investments - at fair value					
Short-term investments:					
Commercial paper	280,668	5,098	5,542	-	291,308
Short-term investment fund	517,680	266	91	-	518,037
U.S. treasury bills and agencies	369,797	-	-	-	369,797
Fixed income securities:					
Bank loans	152,849	-	-	-	152,849
Corporate and other	6,485,233	-	-	-	6,485,233
Mortgage debt securities	2,161,766	-	-	-	2,161,766
Treasury inflation-protected securities	1,589,153	-	-	-	1,589,153
U.S. government and agency	2,058,590	-	-	-	2,058,590
Equity securities:					
Domestic equity	14,537,917	1,040,345	672,741	-	16,251,003
International equity	4,523,566	-	-	-	4,523,566
Collective trust funds:					
Bank loans	868	-	-	-	868
Corporate and other	-	256,431	162,526	-	418,957
Domestic equity	47,141	82,991	52,806	-	182,938
International equity	856,180	726,264	468,129	-	2,050,573
Mortgage debt securities	191,695	277,840	176,095	-	645,630
Opportunistic-fixed income	148,230	-	-	-	148,230
Treasury inflation-protected securities	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. government and agency	-	507,527	321,671	-	829,198
Alternative investments:					
Infrastructure	856,057	-	-	-	856,057
Opportunistic-fixed income	1,847,299	-	-	-	1,847,299
Private equity	4,753,360	-	-	-	4,753,360
Private real estate	3,316,150	-	-	-	3,316,150
Hedge fund investment	2,574,371	-	-	-	2,574,371
Collateral from securities lending	4,697,443	359,969	213,782		5,271,194
Total investments	51,966,013	3,256,731	2,073,383	-	57,296,127
Other assets	9,918	-	_	-	9,918
Total assets	53,040,408	3,257,583	2,074,984		58,372,975
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	54,850	2.887	644	_	58,381
Payable for investment securities purchased	1,117,344	-	-	-	1,117,344
Accrued benefits payable	127,384	133,069	84,236	_	344,689
Collateral from securities lending	4,697,443	359,969	213,782	_	5,271,194
Total liabilities	5,997,021	495,925	298,662		6,791,608
Net position restricted for benefits:					
Benefits to be provided by QPP	47,043,387	_	_	_	47,043,387
Benefits to be provided by VSF	-1,040,307	2,761,658	1,776,322	-	4,537,980
Beliefica to be provided by voi		2,701,000	1,110,322		4,001,300
Total net position restricted for benefits	\$ 47,043,387	\$ 2,761,658	\$ 1,776,322	\$ -	\$ 51,581,367

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	QPP	PSOVSF	POVSF	Eliminations	Total Funds
ASSETS	A 74.400	100	A 4.007	•	A 75.554
Cash	\$ 74,186	\$ 128	\$ 1,237	\$ -	\$ 75,551
Receivables:	440.477				440.477
Employer contribution	143,177	-	-	-	143,177
Investments securities sold	1,049,404	337	208	-	1,049,949
Member loans	174,712			· · · · · · ·	174,712
Transferrable earnings FY 19	-	35,046	104,688	(139,734)	-
Transferrable earnings FY 20	-	14,000	62,000	(76,000)	-
Accrued interest and dividends	122,171	927	557		123,655
Total receivables	1,489,464	50,310	167,453	(215,734)	1,491,493
Investments - at fair value					
Short-term investments:					
Commercial paper	463,293	7,000	5,200	_	475,493
Short-term investment fund	699,856	575	393	_	700,824
U.S. treasury bills and agencies	505,372	-	-	_	505,372
Fixed income securities:	303,572				000,072
Bank loans	191,531				191,531
	7,253,045	-	-	-	
Corporate and other		-	-	-	7,253,045
Mortgage debt securities	2,206,428	-	-	-	2,206,428
Treasury inflation-protected securities	1,663,785	-	-	-	1,663,785
U.S. government and agency	2,777,756	-	-	-	2,777,756
Equity securities:					
Domestic equity	17,708,155	1,336,862	800,591	-	19,845,608
International equity	5,993,485	-	-	-	5,993,485
Collective trust funds:					
Bank loans	1,859	-	-	-	1,859
Corporate and other	9	337,239	199,615	-	536,863
Domestic equity	149,857	127,611	80,252	-	357,720
International equity	1,066,994	1,003,469	602,174	-	2,672,637
Mortgage debt securities	211,531	324,370	191,997	-	727,898
Opportunistic-fixed income	161,524	· -	· -	-	161,524
U.S. government and agency	· -	464,130	274,723	_	738,853
Alternative investments:		,	,		,
Infrastructure	639,870	_	_	_	639,870
Opportunistic-fixed income	1,633,488	_	_	_	1,633,488
Private equity	3,608,731	_	_	_	3,608,731
Private real estate	2,459,043				2,459,043
Hedge fund investment	2,794,311	-	_	_	2,794,311
Collateral from securities lending		260 752	160,527	-	
· ·	5,461,797	268,752		<u>-</u>	5,891,076
Total investments	57,651,720	3,870,008	2,315,472		63,837,200
Other assets	9,062				9,062
Total assets	59,224,432	3,920,446	2,484,162	(215,734)	65,413,306
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	61,582	2,791	506	_	64,879
Payable for investment securities purchased	2,086,106	2,731	-		2.086.106
Accrued benefits payable		128,309	81,336	_	314,920
	105,275	120,309	01,330	(120.724)	314,920
Transferable earnings FY 19	139,734	-	-	(139,734)	-
Transferable earnings FY 20	76,000	-	-	(76,000)	-
Collateral from securities lending	5,461,797	268,752	160,527		5,891,076
Total liabilities	7,930,494	399,852	242,369	(215,734)	8,356,981
Net position restricted for benefits:					
Benefits to be provided by QPP	51,293,938	_	_	-	51,293,938
Benefits to be provided by VSF	-	3,520,594	2,241,793	_	5,762,387
, ,					
Total net position restricted for benefits	\$ 51,293,938	\$ 3,520,594	\$ 2,241,793	\$ -	\$ 57,056,325

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2022 (In thousands)

		QPP	PSOVSF	POVSF	Eliminations		Total
Additions							
Contributions:							
Member contributions	\$	281,185	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	281,185
Employer contributions		2,490,134					2,490,134
Total contributions		2,771,319					2,771,319
Investment income (loss) (Note 2):							
Interest income		693,679	46,145	28,506	-		768,330
Dividend income		740,464	49,112	30,022	-		819,598
Net (depreciation) appreciation in fair value of investments		(4,711,781)	(554,771)	(346,712)	-		(5,613,264)
Total investment (loss) income		(3,277,638)	(459,514)	(288,184)			(4,025,336)
Less investment expenses		393,193	2,078	1,311			396,582
Net investment (loss) income before securities							_
lending transactions		(3,670,831)	 (461,592)	 (289,495)			(4,421,918)
Securities lending transactions:							
Securities lending income		16,111	998	621	_		17,730
Less securities lending fees		1,575	87	54	_		1,716
Net securities lending income		14,536	911	567	-		16,014
Net investment (loss) income		(3,656,295)	 (460,681)	 (288,928)			(4,405,904)
Net receipts from other retirement systems		1,810	_	_	_		1,810
Litigation income		3,385	39	67	_		3,491
Transferable earnings FY 20		185	1,672	-	(1,857)		· -
Total additions		(879,596)	(458,970)	(288,861)	(1,857)		(1,629,284)
Deductions							
Benefit payments and withdrawals		3,344,982	299,966	176,425	_		3,821,373
Transferable earnings FY 20		1,672	· -	185	(1,857)		-
Administrative expenses		24,301	_	-	-		24,301
Total deductions		3,370,955	299,966	176,610	(1,857)		3,845,674
Net (decrease) increase in net position		(4,250,551)	(758,936)	(465,471)	-		(5,474,958)
Net position restricted for benefits							
Beginning of year	_	51,293,938	 3,520,594	 2,241,793		_	57,056,325
End of year	\$	47,043,387	\$ 2,761,658	\$ 1,776,322	\$ -	\$	51,581,367

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2021 (In thousands)

Employer contributions		QPP	PSOVSF	POVSF	Eliminations	Total
Member contributions	Additions					
Employer contributions	Contributions:					
Total contributions	Member contributions	\$ 255,789	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 255,789
Investment income (Note 2):	Employer contributions	2,437,728	-	-	-	2,437,728
Interest income 537,652 27,405 16,631 - 50	Total contributions	2,693,517		-		2,693,517
Interest income 537,652 27,405 16,631 - 50						
Dividend income 498,589 45,341 26,583	, ,	507.050	07.405	40.004		504.000
Net appreciation in fair value of investments 9,991,705 694,736 405,173 - 11,05 Total investment income 11,027,946 767,482 448,387 - 12,24 Less investment expenses 290,750 2,074 1,196 - 25 Net investment income before securities lending transactions 10,737,196 765,408 447,191 - 11,94 Securities lending transactions: Securities lending income 11,940 787 471 - Less securities lending fees 1,175 72 43 - Net securities lending income 10,747,961 766,123 447,619 - Net investment income 10,747,961 766,123 447,619 - Net receipts from other retirement systems 1,988 - - Transferable earnings FY 19 - 3,484 103,236 (106,720) Litigation income 2,401 32 37 - Total additions 13,445,867 769,639 550,892 (106,720) 14,68 Deductions Benefit payments and withdrawals 3,313,298 345,474 182,547 - 3,84 Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - (106,720)		,	,		-	581,688
Total investment income 11,027,946 767,482 448,387				,	-	570,513
Less investment expenses 290,750 2,074 1,196 - 25 Net investment income before securities lending transactions Securities lending transactions: Securities lending income 11,940 787 471 -	• •					11,091,614
Net investment income before securities lending transactions 10,737,196 765,408 447,191 - 11,94	Total investment income	11,027,946	767,482	448,387		12,243,815
transactions 10,737,196 765,408 447,191 - 11,94 Securities lending transactions: Securities lending income 11,940 787 471 - - - Less securities lending fees Net securities lending income 1,175 72 43 - <t< td=""><td>Less investment expenses</td><td>290,750</td><td>2,074</td><td>1,196</td><td></td><td>294,020</td></t<>	Less investment expenses	290,750	2,074	1,196		294,020
transactions 10,737,196 765,408 447,191 - 11,94 Securities lending transactions: Securities lending income 11,940 787 471 - - - Less securities lending fees Net securities lending income 1,175 72 43 - <t< td=""><td>Net investment income before securities lending</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Net investment income before securities lending					
Securities lending income 11,940 787 471 - Less securities lending fees 1,175 72 43 - Net securities lending income 10,765 715 428 - Net investment income 10,747,961 766,123 447,619 - 11,96 Net receipts from other retirement systems 1,988 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,737,196	765,408	447,191		11,949,795
Securities lending income 11,940 787 471 - Less securities lending fees 1,175 72 43 - Net securities lending income 10,765 715 428 - Net investment income 10,747,961 766,123 447,619 - 11,96 Net receipts from other retirement systems 1,988 -				_		
Less securities lending fees 1,175 72 43 - Net securities lending income 10,765 715 428 - Net investment income 10,747,961 766,123 447,619 - 11,96 Net receipts from other retirement systems 1,988 -						
Net securities lending income 10,765 715 428 - Net investment income 10,747,961 766,123 447,619 - 11,96 Net receipts from other retirement systems 1,988 -		11,940	787	471	-	13,198
Net investment income 10,747,961 766,123 447,619 - 11,960 Net receipts from other retirement systems 1,988 -	Less securities lending fees	1,175		43		1,290
Net receipts from other retirement systems 1,988 -<	Net securities lending income	10,765	715	428		11,908
Transferable earnings FY 19 - 3,484 103,236 (106,720) Litigation income 2,401 32 37 - Total additions 13,445,867 769,639 550,892 (106,720) 14,65 Deductions Benefit payments and withdrawals 3,313,298 345,474 182,547 - 3,84 Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - - -	Net investment income	10,747,961	766,123	447,619		11,961,703
Transferable earnings FY 19 - 3,484 103,236 (106,720) Litigation income 2,401 32 37 - Total additions 13,445,867 769,639 550,892 (106,720) 14,65 Deductions Benefit payments and withdrawals 3,313,298 345,474 182,547 - 3,84 Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - - -	Net receints from other retirement systems	1 988	_	_	_	1,988
Litigation income 2,401 32 37 - - Total additions 13,445,867 769,639 550,892 (106,720) 14,69 Deductions Benefit payments and withdrawals 3,313,298 345,474 182,547 - 3,84 Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - - -		1,500	3 484	103 236	(106 720)	1,500
Total additions 13,445,867 769,639 550,892 (106,720) 14,63 Deductions Benefit payments and withdrawals 3,313,298 345,474 182,547 - 3,84 Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - - 2	· ·	2.401	,		(100,720)	2,470
Deductions Benefit payments and withdrawals 3,313,298 345,474 182,547 - 3,84 Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - - -	•				(106,720)	14,659,678
Benefit payments and withdrawals 3,313,298 345,474 182,547 - 3,84 Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - - - -						
Transferable earnings FY 19 106,720 - - (106,720) Administrative expenses 24,925 - - - - -						
Administrative expenses <u>24,925</u> 2			345,474	182,547	-	3,841,319
		,	-	-	(106,720)	-
Total deductions 3,444,943 345,474 182,547 (106,720) 3,86	Administrative expenses	24,925				24,925
	Total deductions	3,444,943	345,474	182,547	(106,720)	3,866,244
Net increase in net position 10,000,924 424,165 368,345 - 10,75	Net increase in net position	10,000,924	424,165	368,345	-	10,793,434
Net position restricted for benefits	Net position restricted for benefits					
·	•	41,293,014	3,096,429	1,873,448		46,262,891
End of year \$ 51,293,938 \$ 3,520,594 \$ 2,241,793 \$ - \$ 57,08	End of year	\$ 51,293,938	\$ 3,520,594	\$ 2,241,793	\$ -	\$ 57,056,325

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City of New York ("City" or "The City") maintains a number of pension systems providing benefits for employees of its various agencies (as defined within New York State ("State") statutes and City laws). The City's five major actuarially-funded pension systems are the New York City Police Pension Funds ("POLICE", "Funds" or the "Plan"), the New York City Employees' Retirement System ("NYCERS"), the Teachers' Retirement System of the City of New York ("TRS"), the New York City Board of Education Retirement System ("BERS"), and the New York City Fire Pension Funds ("FIRE"). Each separate pension system or fund is a separate Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS") with a separate oversight body and are financially independent of the others.

POLICE administers the New York City Police Pension Funds, Tiers 1, 2, 3, and Tier 6 (Tier 3 Revised), in conjunction with the establishment of an administrative staff separate from the New York City Police Department, in accordance with Chapter 292 of the Laws of 2001 - Qualified Pension Plan ("QPP"); as set forth in Administrative Code of The City of New York ("ACNY") § 13-214.1, the Police Superior Officers' Variable Supplements Fund ("PSOVSF"), as set forth in ACNY § 13-278; and the Police Officers' Variable Supplements Fund ("POVSF"), as set forth in ACNY § 13-268.

The QPP is a single-employer pension plan. The QPP provides pension benefits for full-time uniformed employees of the New York City Police Department ("NYPD"). All full-time uniformed employees of the NYPD become members of the QPP upon employment. The QPP functions in accordance with existing State statutes and City laws, which are the basis by which benefit terms and employer and member contribution requirements are established and amended. The QPP combines features of a defined-benefit pension plan with those of a defined contribution pension plan, but is considered a defined-benefit pension plan for financial reporting purposes.

The PSOVSF and the POVSF (collectively, "VSFs") operate pursuant to the provisions of Title 13, Chapter 2 of the ACNY and provide supplemental benefits to retired Police Superior Officers (including Detectives, and Sergeants through Deputy Chiefs) and retired Police Officers, respectively. To be eligible to receive benefits from the VSFs, Police Superior Officers or Police Officers must retire on or after October 1, 1968 with 20 or more years of credited service, and be receiving a service retirement benefit from the QPP. Under current law, the VSFs are not to be construed as constituting a pension or retirement system. Instead, they provide defined supplemental payments, other than pension or retirement system allowances, in accordance with applicable statutory provisions. While The City guarantees these payments, the New York State Legislature has reserved to itself and the State the right and power to amend, modify, or repeal the VSFs and the payments they provide. For financial reporting purposes, however, the VSFs are considered single-employer defined-benefit pension plans.

POLICE is a fiduciary fund of The City and is included in the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds section of The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR"). GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. The new term replaces comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. POLICE has decided to early implement this pronouncement and has applied the change as of the issuance of this report.

Board of Trustees

The QPP Board of Trustees consists of 12 members. The Trustees and their voting rights are as follows: The Police Commissioner, representative of the Mayor, The Comptroller of The City of New York (the "Comptroller"), and the Commissioner of Finance (one and one-half votes each); four specified officers of the Police Benevolent Association (one vote each); and the presidents of the Detectives' Endowment Association, the Sergeants Benevolent Association, the Lieutenants Benevolent Association, and the Captains Endowment Association (one-half vote each).

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

The PSOVSF Board of Trustees consists of seven members. The Trustees and their voting rights are as follows: a representative of the Mayor, the Comptroller and the Commissioner of Finance (two votes each), and four representatives of the Police Superior Officers' Associations who are the four members of the QPP Board of Trustees (one vote each).

The POVSF Board of Trustees consists of five members each with one vote: a representative of the Mayor, Comptroller, and Commissioner of Finance and two of the officers of the Police Benevolent Association that are members of the QPP Board of Trustees.

Membership Data

At June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, the QPP's membership consisted of:

		QPP	
	2022*	2021	2020
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	53,949	52,837	51,465
Terminated vested members not yet receiving benefits	1,262	851	753
Terminated non-vested members**	2,800	1,713	1,544
Active members receiving salary	33,574	35,006	35,895
Total	91,585	90,407	89,657

Estimated figures

At June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, the PSOVSF and POVSF membership consisted of:

		PSOVSF			POVSF	
	2022*	2021	2020	2022*	2021	2020
Retirees currently receiving payments Active members***	21,319 11,804	21,101 11,874	19,999 12,538	13,529 21,770	13,378 23,132	12,976 23,357
Total	33,123	32,975	32,537	35,299	36,510	36,333

^{*} Estimated figures

Summary of Benefits

QPP

The New York State Constitution provides that the pension rights of public employees are contractual and shall not be diminished or impaired. In 1973, amendments were made to the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("RSSL") to modify certain benefits for employees joining the QPP on or after the effective date of such amendments. These amendments, which affect employees who joined the QPP on and after July 1, 1973, established certain benefit limitations relating to eligibility for retirement, the salary

^{**} Members that are on leave with insufficient service for vesting and assumed to not return to active service are classified as terminated non-vested members.

^{***} Represents the number of actively employed Police Superior Officers and Police Officers, respectively, as of the June 30 valuation dates.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

base for benefits and maximum benefits. Recent laws, including but not limited to Chapter 372 of the Laws of 2000, which provides a revised definition of salary base to be used in the computation of certain benefits for Tier 2 members of the QPP and Chapter 589 of the Laws of 2001, which eliminated the Tier 2 maximum 30 years of service limitation, have lessened these limitations.

The QPP currently administers the following pension tiers: Tier 1, Tier 2, Tier 3, Tier 3 Revised, and Tier 3 Enhanced. Membership is mandatory for uniformed employees of the New York City Police Department.

The QPP provides four main types of retirement benefits for all tiers: Vested Retirements, Service Retirements, Ordinary Disability Retirements ("ODR") (non-job-related disabilities), and Accident Disability Retirements ("ADR") (job-related disabilities). Additionally, the QPP provides death benefits for all tiers.

Tier 1 is applicable to members appointed to the NYPD prior to July 1, 1973. Tier 2 is applicable to members appointed between July 1, 1973 and June 30, 2009. Benefits are generally the same for Tier 1 and Tier 2.

For Tier 1 and Tier 2 members, the QPP generally provides the following:

- A Vested Retirement Benefit is payable to Tier 1 and 2 members with at least five years of uniformed service. Tier 1 and 2 members who commenced their membership with the QPP prior to February 4, 2000 must have 15 years of uniformed service to be eligible for a Vested Retirement Benefit. This benefit is generally comprised of a pension equal to 1/40 of their final average salary for every year of uniformed service and is reduced or increased based on the actuarial value of an account shortage or excess. The benefit can be increased for any purchased non-uniformed service.
- A Service Retirement Benefit provides an allowance of one-half of final average salary after 20 years or 25 years of credited service (as elected), with additional benefits equal to a specified percentage per year of service (currently approximately 1.67%) of actual earnings times the number of years of service in excess of the 20-year or 25-year minimum. These additional benefits are increased, where applicable, by an annuity attributable to member contributions in excess of the required amount and by any benefits attributable to the Increased-Take-Home-Pay ("ITHP") contributions accumulated after eligibility for service retirement. ITHP represents amounts assumed by The City in lieu of members' own contributions. These amounts reduce the contributions that members would have to make to the QPP during their service and thereby increase their take-home pay. Members have the choice of waiving their ITHP reduction, which would reduce their take-home pay, but increase pension contributions made to the QPP.
- ODR benefits are contingent on the member's amount of credited service. Members with less than 10 years of credited service are entitled to a pension equal to 1/3 of their final average salary, members with 10-20 years of credited service are entitled to a pension equal to 50% of their final average salary; and members with 20 or more years of credited service are entitled to a pension equal to 1/40 of their final average salary for every year of credited service. All ODR benefits are either reduced for the annuity value of an account deficit, or increased for the annuity value of an account excess.
- An ADR benefit provides a pension of three-fourths of final salary plus an increment as described above based on years of service in excess of the 20-year or 25-year minimum plus an annuity based on the member's contributions with accumulated interest and the amount accumulated under the ITHP program.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Tier 1 and Tier 2 members have the right to make voluntary member contributions ("Voluntary Contributions") in excess of their required member contributions ("Required Contributions"). Both the Voluntary Contributions and the Required Contributions are credited with interest at a statutory rate (currently 8.25% Annual Percentage Rate ("APR")). At the time of retirement or refund of contributions, a member's aggregate balance of actual Required Contributions and Voluntary Contributions, including statutory interest ("Actual Balance"), less the outstanding balance of any member loans ("Net Actual Contributions"), may exceed ("Excess of Contributions") or fall short of ("Deficiency of Contributions") the member's Required Amount. The Required Amount is the sum of the Required Contributions which a member should have made during his or her first 20 years of credited service, plus statutory interest earnings thereon. The amount of the member's retirement annuity or the refund of contributions that he or she is entitled to is increased by the actuarial value of any Excess of Contributions or reduced by any Deficiency of Contributions. Annuities attributable to member contributions are reduced on an actuarial basis for any loans with unpaid balances outstanding at the date of retirement.

Cost of Living Adjustments ("COLA") are automatically payable to members who are either: (1) at least age 62 and have been retired for at least five years; or (2) at least age 55 and have been retired for at least 10 years. Additionally, COLA are payable to members who retired for disability after being retired for five or more years and to beneficiaries receiving accidental death benefits who have been receiving them for at least five years. Beginning September 2001, COLA benefits equal 50% of the increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers ("CPI-U") based on the year ending March 31, rounded to the next higher 0.1% not less than 1% nor greater than 3% of the first \$18,000 of the sum of maximum pension allowance and prior COLA.

In June of 2009, the Governor vetoed legislation that would have extended Tier 2 to members hired after June 30, 2009. As a result of the Governor's veto, QPP members hired on and after July 1, 2009 are covered under Tier 3, as governed by Article 14 of the RSSL. As a result of Chapter 18 of the Laws of 2012, there are certain limitations on Tier 3 benefits available to participants hired on and after April 1, 2012. In most New York State PERS, including the QPP, these changes are sometimes referred to as Tier 3 Revised.

For Tier 3/Tier 3 Revised/Tier 3 Enhanced members, the QPP generally provides the following:

- A Normal Service Retirement Benefit is earned after completion of 22 years of uniformed service.
- An Early Service Retirement Benefit is payable upon completion of 20 years or age 62 for Tier 3 or upon completion of 20 years for Tier 3 Revised and is payable as a pension equal to 2.1% of Final Average Salary plus 1/3% of Final Average Salary for each month in excess of 20 years of uniformed service, such benefit not to exceed 50% of Final Average Salary.
- A Vested Benefit payable to members with at least five years of uniformed service. The benefit is
 equal to 2.1% of final average salary for every year of uniformed service, payable upon attainment of
 eligibility for early age, or 55.
- An ODR retirement allowance is payable to member who has at least five years of service and is in receipt of Social Security Disability Benefits (non-Enhanced members only). An ODR benefit is 1/3 of Final Average Salary or 2% of Final Average Salary for each year of credited service, whichever is greater and does not exceed 50% of Final Average Salary.
- An ADR retirement allowance is payable to a member who was disabled as the result of a line-ofduty accident not attributable to his own willful negligence. An ADR pension for a non-Enhanced member is 50% of a member's Final Average Salary. An ADR pension for an Enhanced member is 75% of a member's Final Average Salary.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

All of the above retirement allowances, except for Enhanced Plan ODR/ADR retirement allowances, are reduced by one-half of the member's Social Security Benefit attributable to New York State public earnings at age 62, regardless of eligibility for Social Security, except for ODR retirees, in which case the Social Security Offset occurs immediately.

Tier 3/Tier 3 Revised members are eligible for annual Escalation on the retirement allowance: (1) in full, if they have retired for service completing 25 or more years of police service (or elected to defer commencement of their benefit to that 25-year date) or on a reduced basis, by 1/36 for each month that their retirement precedes 25 years; or (2) in full, if they have retired for disability and are Non-Enhanced members; or (3) in full, to their beneficiary for accidental death benefits. Escalation is determined from the change in the CPI-U based on the prior year ending December 31, not greater than 3% nor less than -3% in the event of a decrease. Tier 3/Tier 3 Revised members, when eligible, receive the greater of the applicable increase from COLA or Escalation. Tier 3 Enhanced members who retire for disability are not entitled to Escalation.

Tier 3 Enhanced Members contribute 3% of pensionable earnings plus an additional contribution rate to help fund the enhanced disability benefit. Currently, the additional contribution rate is 1% that can be raised to 3% based on a financial analysis by the Office of the Actuary every three years. At no time can the total contribution rate exceed 6%.

VSFs

VSF benefits are payable to members who retire for a Service pension, regardless of tier.

The PSOVSF provides a guaranteed schedule of supplemental benefits for Police Superior Officers who retire (or have retired) as Police Superior Officers on Service Retirement with at least 20 years of credited service as follows:

• For a Police Superior Officer hired before July 1, 1988, who retires from service as a Police Superior Officer on or after October 1, 1988, the annual benefit was \$5,000 in Calendar Year 1993. For those who retired during the Calendar 1993, the annual \$5,000 benefit was prorated.

The annual benefit increases \$500 each year thereafter to a maximum of \$12,000 in Calendar Year 2007 and thereafter.

- For those who were members of the QPP prior to July 1, 1988, and who retire after Calendar Year 1993, the annual benefit payment is the scheduled amount described above prorated in the year of retirement and the full amount thereafter.
- For those who become members of the QPP on or after July 1, 1988, the annual supplemental benefit is \$2,500 for the first 12 months of retirement, which increases by \$500 each year until a maximum of \$12,000 is payable in the 20th and later years of retirement. This was later modified by Chapter 444 of the Laws of 2001 ("Chapter 444/01") such that these members will receive the maximum \$12,000 benefit beginning Calendar Year 2008.

The POVSF provides a guaranteed schedule of supplemental benefits for Police Officers who retire (or have retired) as Police Officers on Service Retirement with at least 20 years of credited service as follows:

• For those who retired prior to July 1, 1988, the annual benefit was \$2,500 in Calendar Year 1988. For those who retired during Calendar Year 1988, the annual \$2,500 benefit payment was prorated. The annual benefit increases \$500 each year thereafter to a maximum of \$12,000 in Calendar Year 2007 and thereafter.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

For those who were members of the QPP prior to July 1, 1988 and who retire after Calendar Year 1988, the annual benefit payment is the scheduled amount described above prorated in the year of retirement and the full amount thereafter.

• For those who become members of the QPP on or after July 1, 1988, the annual supplemental benefit is \$2,500 for the first 12 months of retirement, which increases by \$500 each year until a maximum of \$12,000 is payable in the 20th and later years of retirement. This was modified by Chapter 503 of the Laws of 1995 ("Chapter 503/95") such that these members will receive the maximum \$12,000 benefit beginning Calendar Year 2008 and thereafter.

Chapter 503 of the Laws of 1995 ("Chapter 503/95") amended the ACNY in relation to the transfer of assets, liabilities and administration of certain pension funds in the New York City Police Department. In addition, this law permits certain active employees with prior service credit before entering the QPP to utilize their original dates of hire for determining eligibility for benefits from the PSOVSF and POVSF.

In addition to the VSF benefits discussed earlier, Chapter 216 of the Laws of 2002 ("Chapter 216/02") provides that all participants of the PSOVSF and POVSF who retire for service from the QPP on and after January 1, 2002, with more than 20 years of credited service are entitled to the Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP"). The DROP, also known as "Banked Variable," represents the VSF payments that the member would have received had he retired for service upon reaching eligibility. The DROP payment is an eligible distribution that may be rolled over pursuant to Internal Revenue Service regulations. Members who retired for a disability or die in active service are not eligible for the VSF DROP.

Any increase in the amount of ad-hoc cost-of-living increases ("Supplementation") or automatic COLA payable from the QPP to a retiree of the PSOVSF under legislation enacted on or after January 1, 1993 or to a retiree of the POVSF under legislation enacted on or after January 1, 1988, will reduce benefits payable from the PSOVSF or POVSF to such retiree by an amount equal to such increase until the following date:

- For a retiree with a date of membership before July 1, 1988, the later of: (a) the first day of the month following the month such retiree attains age 62; and (b) January 1, 2007.
- For a retiree with a date of membership on or after July 1, 1988, the later of: (a) the first day of the month following the month such retiree attains age 62; and (b) the earlier of: (1) the first day of the month following the 19th anniversary of such retiree's date of retirement; and (2) January 1, 2008.

Chapter 3 of the Laws of 2013 ("Chapter 3/13") provides for the transfer of assets from the QPP to the PSOVSF and POVSF if assets of the PSOVSF and POVSF are insufficient to pay scheduled benefits.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting - The Funds use the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is on the flow of economic resources. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Contributions from members are recognized by the QPP when the employer makes payroll deductions from QPP members. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal obligation to provide the contributions. Benefit payments and withdrawals are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Funds.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of combining financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combining financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash equivalents consist of financial instruments with original maturity dates of three months or less.

Investment Valuation - Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the quoted market price at the end of the last trading day for the specified period, except for alternative investments which are considered long term and illiquid in nature. Alternative investments consist of limited partnership structures invested in privately held investments for which exchange quotations are not readily available and are valued at estimated fair value. Fair value at fiscal year-end is based on the fair value of net assets reported in the most recently available partnership's capital account statements from the general partner, adjusted for any subsequent contributions, distributions, management fees and changes in values of foreign currency. They include investments held within Hedge Funds, Private Equity, Real Estate, Opportunistic-Fixed Income, and Infrastructure.

Purchases and sales of securities are reflected on the trade date.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Interest income is recorded as earned on the accrual basis.

Income Taxes - Income earned by the Funds is not subject to federal income tax.

Accounts Payable - Accounts payable is principally comprised of amounts owed to the Funds' banks for overdrawn bank balances. The Funds' practice is to fully invest cash balances in most bank accounts on a daily basis. Overdrawn balances result primarily from outstanding benefit checks that are presented to the banks for payment on a daily basis and these balances are routinely settled each day.

Accrued Benefits Payable - Accrued benefits payable represents benefits due and unpaid by the Funds as of the fiscal year end.

Inter-Plan Eliminations - Included on the Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and the Combining Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position is an elimination column, the purpose of which is to remove from the statement any transactions involving dealings between reported entities.

Securities Lending Transactions - State statutes and Board policies permit the Funds to lend its investments to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral, for the same securities in the future with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral in the form of cash, U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government securities. The Funds' agent lends the following types of securities: short-term securities, common stocks, long-term corporate bonds, U.S. Government and U.S. Government agency bonds, asset-backed securities, and international equities and bonds held in collective investment funds. In return, the Funds receive collateral in the form of cash, U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agency securities at 100% to 105% of the principal plus accrued interest for reinvestment. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, management believes that the Funds had no credit risk exposure because the fair value of collateral held by the Funds equaled or exceeded the fair value of securities lent to the borrowers. The contracts with the Funds' Securities Lending Agent (the "Agent") require the Agent to indemnify the Funds. In the situation when a borrower goes into default, the Agent will liquidate the collateral to purchase replacement securities. Any shortfall before the replacement securities cost and the collateral value is covered by the Agent. All securities loans can be terminated on demand within a period specified in each agreement by either the Funds or the borrowers. Cash collateral is invested by the securities lending agent using approved Lender's Investment guidelines. The weighted-average maturity is 70.34 days for Collateral Investments. The securities lending program in which the Funds participate only allows pledging or selling securities in the case of borrower default.

GASB Statement No. 28, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions, requires that securities loaned as assets and related liabilities be reported in the statement of fiduciary net position.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Cash received as collateral on securities lending transactions and investments made with that cash are reported as assets. Securities received as collateral are also reported as assets if the government entity has the ability to pledge or sell them without a borrower default. Accordingly, the Funds recorded the investments purchased with the cash collateral as collateral from securities lending with a corresponding liability for securities lending. Securities on loan are carried at fair value and the value as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$4.6 billion and \$5.4 billion, respectively, for the QPP, \$355.5 million and \$271.9 million, respectively, for the PSOVSF, and \$211.1 million and \$162.4 million, respectively, for the POVSF. Cash collateral received related to securities lending as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$4.7 billion and \$5.5 billion, respectively, for the QPP, \$360.0 million and \$268.8 million, respectively, for the PSOVSF, and \$213.8 million and \$160.5 million, respectively, for the POVSF.

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application ("GASB 72"), describes fair value as an exit price, requiring investments to be categorized under a fair value hierarchy prescribed by GASB. GASB 72 establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value consisting of three levels based on market price observability. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, and typically reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. GASB 72 also contains note disclosure requirements regarding the hierarchy of valuation inputs and valuation techniques that was used for the fair value measurements.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* ("GASB 87"), establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. This statement increases the usefulness of governments financials statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases. Management has evaluated all leases of the Funds and determined there was no material impact as a result of adoption of GASB 87.

GASB Statement No. 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans ("GASB 97"), clarifies component unit criteria for a potential component unit in the absence of a governing board in determining financial accountability; limits the applicability of financial burden criteria in paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No. 84; and classifies Section 457 Deferred Compensation plans as either a pension plan or other employee benefit plan. Police is financially accountable for the VSF's. Management has determined there was no material impact as a result of adoption of GASB 97.

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS

The Comptroller acts as an investment advisor to the Funds. In addition, the Funds employ several independent investment consultants as investment advisors. The Funds utilize several investment managers to manage the long-term debt and equity portfolios. The managers are regularly reviewed, with regard to both their investment performance and their adherence to investment guidelines.

The Funds' investment policy is approved by the respective Boards of Trustees of the Funds. The Funds' investment policy is implemented using a strategic allocation of assets that meets their objectives, while working within the confines of the ACNY and the RSSL. The ACNY authorizes the investment in assets, except equities, subject to the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions imposed by law for investment by savings banks. Equity investments may be made only in stocks that meet the qualifications of the State RSSL. Short-term investments may be made in U.S. Government securities or other securities fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government, commercial paper rated A1 or P1 or fully collateralized repurchase agreements. Investments up to 25% of total assets held by the Funds may be made in instruments not expressly permitted by the RSSL.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

The Funds do not possess an investment risk policy statement, nor do they actively manage assets to specified risk targets. Rather, investment risk management is an inherent function of the asset allocation process. Assets are diversified over a broad range of asset classes and encompass multiple investment strategies aimed at limiting concentration risk. The policy asset allocation targeted for the Funds in Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021 included securities in the following categories:

	2022	2021
U.S. equity	30%	30%
Core U.S. fixed	12	14
EAFE markets	8	8
Private equities	8	8
Emerging market	5	5
High yield	7	7
Real estate	7	7
Infrastructure	3	3
Hedge funds	6	6
TIPS	3	5
Opportunistic fixed income	5	5
Convertible bonds	2	-
U.S. Treasuries	2	-
ETI	2	2
Total	100%	100%

State Street Bank and Trust Company is the primary custodian for substantially all the securities of the Funds.

Concentrations - In accordance with RSSL section 177, no investment in any individual company may represent more than 2% of the Plan's total net assets or 5% of the company's total outstanding shares. Exclusions apply for obligations of the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged to provide payment of the interest and principal.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Credit Risk - The possibility of a loss or default resulting from a borrower's inability to repay a loan or fulfill its contractual debt obligations. Portfolios other than U.S. Government and related portfolios, have credit rating limitations. Investment Grade portfolios are limited to mostly ratings, of BBB/Baa2 and above, except that they are also permitted a 10% maximum exposure to BB & B/Ba2 & B2 rated securities. While high yield non-investment grade managers primarily invest in BB & B / Ba2 & B2 rated securities, they can also invest up to 10% of their portfolio in securities rated CCC/Caa2. The quality ratings of the Funds' investments, by percentage of the rated portfolio, as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

									Moody's Q	uality Ratin	gs								
Investment type and fair value June 30, 2022	Aaa	_Aa1_	_Aa2	_Aa3_	A1	A2	A3	Baa1	Baa2	Baa3	Ba1	Ba2	Ba3	<u>B1</u>	B2	B3	Caa & Below	Not Rated	Total
U.S. government Corporate bonds Short term	42.72% 1.29%	0.02% 0.02%	0.02% 0.22%	0.02% 0.25%	0.04% 1.64%	0.00% 2.83%	0.00% 2.38%	0.01% 3.54%	0.07% 3.93%	0.01% 4.37%	0.00% 2.11%	0.00% 2.89%	0.00% 3.21%	0.00% 3.25%	0.00% 3.15%	0.00% 2.62%	0.00% 2.48%	0.43% 7.81%	43.34% 47.99%
Commercial paper Pooled fund Discount notes and T-bills	- - -		- - -	- - -													- - -	1.17% 2.38% 5.12%	1.17% 2.38% 5.12%
Percent of rated portfolio	44.01%	0.04%	0.24%	0.27%	1.68%	2.83%	2.38%	3.55%	4.00%	4.38%	2.11%	2.89%	3.21%	3.25%	3.15%	2.62%	2.48%	16.91%	100.00%
								1	Moody's Qu	uality Ratino	ıs								
Investment type and fair value June 30, 2021	Aaa	_Aa1	Aa2	_Aa3	A1	A2	A3	Baa1	Baa2	Baa3	Ba1	Ba2	Ва3	B1	B2	B3	Caa & Below	Not Rated	Total
U.S. government Corporate bonds Short term	38.57% 0.83%	0.02% 0.18%	0.01% 0.18%	0.14%	0.89%	3.06%	2.47%	3.20%	4.02%	4.23%	2.24%	0.01% 3.06%	3.64%	3.88%	3.33%	3.30%	3.91%	0.73% 7.22%	39.34% 49.78%
Commercial paper																			2.83%
Pooled fund Discount notes and T-bills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.83% 4.90% 3.15%	4.90% 3.15%

Custodial Credit Risk - is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty or depository financial institution, the Funds will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the Funds and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the name of the Funds.

Consistent with the Funds' investment policy, the investments are held by the Funds' custodian and registered in the name of the Funds. All of the Funds' deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") (subject to the FDIC limit or \$250K per plan per member) and/or collateralized by securities held by a financial institution separate from the Funds' depository financial institution. However, the Plan's cash balances can exceed FDIC insured limits. Non-invested cash is swept into a State Street Short-Term investment intraday account, which is not FDIC insured.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Interest Rate Risk - The risk that the value of debt securities will be affected by fluctuations in market interest rates. Although there is no formal interest rate risk management policy, the duration of the portfolio, relative to the duration of the portfolio's benchmark, is monitored by the Comptroller's Bureau of Asset Management. The lengths of investment maturities (in years) of the Funds' investments, as shown by the percent of the rated portfolio, at June 30, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

Years to Maturity	Investment Maturities (in Years)								
Investment Type		Less Than	One to	Six to Ten	More Than				
June 30, 2022	Fair Value	One Year	Five Years	Years	Ten Years				
11.0	40.040/	0.040/	0.440/	4.700/	00.470/				
U.S. government	43.34%	0.01%	9.44%	4.72%	29.17%				
Corporate bonds	47.99	0.75	22.23	14.33	10.68				
Short term:									
Commercial paper	1.17	1.17	-	-	-				
Pooled fund	2.38	2.38	-	-	-				
Discount notes	5.12	5.12	-	-	-				
			-	-					
Percent of rated portfolio	100.00%	9.43%	31.67%	19.05%	39.85%				
•									
Years to Maturity		Investme	nt Maturities (ir	n Years)					
Investment Type		Less Than	One to Five	Six to Ten	More Than				
June 30, 2021	Fair Value	One Year	Years	Years	Ten Years				
U.S. government	39.35%	0.01%	11.01%	5.47%	22.86%				
Corporate bonds	49.76	0.70	19.81	18.43	10.82				
Short term:									
Commercial paper	2.83	2.83	-	-	_				
Pooled fund	4.90	4.90	_	_	_				
Discount notes	3.16	3.16	-	-	_				
2.232									
Percent of rated portfolio	100.00%	11.60%	30.82%	23.90%	33.68%				

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in the exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. Currency risk is present in underlying portfolios that invest in foreign stock and/or bonds. The currency markets are effective diversifiers in a total portfolio context; therefore, the Funds have numerous managers that invest globally. In general, currency exposure is viewed as a benefit for its diversification reasons and not as an inherent risk within the portfolio. Foreign currency exposures of the Funds' investments as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

	(in USD, in thousands)						
	Jı	ine 30, 2022	Jı	une 30, 2021			
Trade Currency		Fair Value		Fair Value			
Firm Currency	r.	0.405.400	Φ.	0.054.400			
Euro Currency	\$	2,165,438	\$	2,651,123			
Hong Kong Dollar		897,925		1,112,598			
Japanese Yen		749,106		1,014,524			
Pound Sterling		655,193		802,227			
Indian Rupee		382,837		449,983			
New Taiwan Dollar		353,870		479,676			
Swiss Franc		351,530		493,844			
South Korean Won		328,821		535,611			
Canadian Dollar		313,755		336,544			
Australian Dollar		192,471		260,758			
Danish Krona		153,426		192,826			
Brazilian Real		118,043		164,043			
Swedish Krona		98,107		153,944			
Singapore Dollar		88,921		87,384			
Chinese Yuan Renminbi		82,833		106,643			
South African Rand		70,972		98,591			
Indonesian Rupiah		69,495		45,270			
China Yuan (Offshore)		58,302		49,984			
Thailand Baht		50,987		43,238			
Mexican Peso (New)		41,122		49,118			
Norwegian Krone		31,954		60,014			
UAE Dirham		23,384		14,552			
Polish Zloty		23,247		46,720			
Malaysian Ringgit		22,208		24,433			
New Israeli Shegel		21,632		16,368			
Qatari Rial		19,760		9,208			
Hungarian Forint		12,540		23,137			
Kuwaiti Dinar		10,032		5,188			
Czech Koruna		9,232		7,449			
		9,089		·			
Philippine Peso				9,858			
Turkish Lira		8,976		10,678			
New Zealand Dollar		6,856		9,185			
Chilean Peso		6,193		8,558			
Nigerian Naira		2,154		2,299			
Colombian Peso		2,122		2,279			
Romanian Leu		1,946		2,463			
Egyptian Pound		720		1,089			
Russian Ruble		375		3,339			
Peruvian Nouveau Sol		41		32			
Tunisian Dinar		40		56			
Pakistan Rupee		4		351			
	\$	7,435,659	\$	9,385,185			

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Securities Lending Transactions: *Credit Risk* - The quality ratings of investments held as collateral for Securities Lending by the Funds at June 30, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

Securities lending Credit quality	Moody's Quality Ratings											
June 30, 2022 (in thousands)	Aaa & Below	Aa & Below	A1	A2	A3	Baa2 & Below	Ba & Below	B & Below	Caa & Below	Ca & Below	Not Rated	Total
Short term: Reverse repurchase agreements Money market Cash or cash equivalent Under/Over invested cash collateral	\$ - 244,347 -	\$ - - -	\$ - 527,221	\$ 275,277 - - -	\$2,031,369 - - -	\$ 38,752 - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - -	\$1,706,007 449,240 - (1,019)	\$4,051,405 693,587 527,221 (1,019)
Total	\$ 244,347	\$ -	\$ 527,221	\$ 275,277	\$2,031,369	\$ 38,752	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,154,228	\$5,271,194
By percent	4.64%	0.00%	10.00%	5.22%	38.54%	0.74%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	40.87%	100.00%
Securities lending Credit quality June 30, 2021 (in thousands)	Aaa & Below	Aa & Below	A1	A2	A3	Moody's Q Baa2 & Below	uality Ratings Ba & Below	B & Below	Caa & Below	Ca & Below	Not Rated	Total
Short term: Reverse repurchase agreements Money market Cash or cash equivalent Uninvested	\$ - 405,285 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - 588,245	\$ 614,876 - - -	\$1,907,251 - - -	\$ 38,080 - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - -	\$2,291,240 36,650 - 9,449	\$4,851,447 441,935 588,245 9,449
Total	\$ 405,285	\$ -	\$ 588,245	\$ 614,876	\$1,907,251	\$ 38,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,337,339	\$5,891,076
By percent	6.88%	0.00%	9.99%	10.44%	32.37%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	39.67%	100.00%

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Interest Rate Risk - The lengths of investment maturities (in years) of the collateral for Securities Lending held by the Funds at June 30, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

Investment Type	Investment Maturities (in Years)									
June 30, 2022	Fair	Less Than	One to Five	Six to Ten	More Than					
(In thousands)	Value	One Year	Years	Years	Ten Years					
Short term:										
Reverse repurchase agreements	\$ 4,051,405	\$ 4.051.405	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Money market funds	693.587	693.587	-	-	-					
Cash or cash equivalent	527,221	527,221	-	-	-					
Under/Over invested Cash Collateral	(1,019)	(1,019)								
Total	\$ 5,271,194	\$ 5,271,194	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Percent of securities lending portfolio	100.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
Investment Type		Investr	nent Maturities (in	Years)						
June 30, 2021	Fair	Less Than	One to Five	Six to Ten	More Than					
(In thousands)	Value	One Year	Years	Years	Ten Years					
Short term:										
Reverse repurchase agreements	\$ 4,851,447	\$ 4,851,447	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Money market funds	441,935	441,935	-	-	-					
Cash or cash equivalent	588,245	588,245	-	-	-					
Uninvested	9,449	9,449								
Uninvested Total	9,449 \$ 5,891,076	9,449 \$ 5,891,076	<u>-</u> \$ -	<u>-</u> \$ -	<u>-</u> \$ -					

Rate of Return - For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, for the Funds was as follows:

	2022	2021		
QPP	(7.12)%	26.37%		
PSOVSF	(13.31)%	25.95%		
POVSF	(13.48)%	25.40%		

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

In Fiscal Year 2015, the Funds adopted GASB 72. GASB 72 was issued to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

GASB 72 - Level Inputs

The Funds categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Funds have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

GASB 72 - Disclosure	2022									
(In thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total						
,										
Investments - at fair value										
Short-term investments:										
Commercial paper	\$ -	\$ 291,308	\$ -	\$ 291,308						
Short-term investment fund	-	518,037	-	518,037						
U.S. treasury bills and agencies	-	369,797	-	369,797						
Fixed income securities:										
Bank loans	-	152,849	-	152,849						
Corporate and other	-	6,440,277	44,956	6,485,233						
Mortgage debt securities	-	2,161,766	-	2,161,766						
Treasury inflation-protected securities	-	1,589,153	-	1,589,153						
U.S. government and agency	-	2,058,590	-	2,058,590						
Equity securities:										
Domestic equity	16,247,012	(208)	4,199	16,251,003						
International equity	4,512,163	-	11,403	4,523,566						
Collective trust funds:										
Bank loans	-	868	-	868						
Corporate and other	-	418,957	-	418,957						
Domestic equity	182,622	-	316	182,938						
International equity	2,050,114		458	2,050,572						
Mortgage debt securities	-	538,791	106,839	645,630						
Opportunistic-fixed income	285	144,665	3,280	148,230						
U.S. government and agency	-	829,198	-	829,198						
Alternative investments:										
Infrastructure	-	-	856,057	856,057						
Opportunistic-fixed income	-	-	1,847,299	1,847,299						
Private equity	-	-	4,753,360	4,753,360						
Private real estate			3,316,150	3,316,150						
	¢ 00 000 400	Ф 4E E44 040	¢ 40 044 047							
Total investments, at fair value	\$ 22,992,196	\$ 15,514,048	\$ 10,944,317	49,450,561						
Alternative investments (Hedge Funds*)										
valued at NAV				2,574,371						
Total investments				\$ 52,024,932						

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

GASB 72 - Disclosure	2021									
(In thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total						
Investments - at fair value Short-term investments:										
Commercial paper	\$ -	\$ 475,493	\$ -	\$ 475,493						
Short-term investment fund	· -	700,824	· -	700,824						
U.S. treasury bills and agencies	-	505,372	-	505,372						
Fixed income securities:										
Bank loans	-	190,030	1,501	191,531						
Corporate and other	-	7,200,430	52,615	7,253,045						
Mortgage debt securities	-	2,206,428	-	2,206,428						
Treasury inflation-protected securities	-	1,663,785	-	1,663,785						
U.S. government and agency	-	2,777,756	-	2,777,756						
Equity securities:										
Domestic equity	19,835,938	5,331	4,339	19,845,608						
International equity	5,938,085	62	55,338	5,993,485						
Collective trust funds:										
Bank loans	-	1,859	-	1,859						
Corporate and other	-	536,852	11	536,863						
Domestic equity	357,280	-	440	357,720						
International equity	2,670,764	-	1,873	2,672,637						
Mortgage debt securities	-	610,037	117,861	727,898						
Opportunistic-fixed income	7,369	149,408	4,747	161,524						
U.S. government and agency	-	738,853	-	738,853						
Alternative investments:										
Infrastructure	-	-	639,870	639,870						
Opportunistic-fixed income	-	-	1,633,488	1,633,488						
Private equity	5,492	-	3,603,239	3,608,731						
Private real estate			2,459,043	2,459,043						
Total investments, at fair value	\$ 28,814,928	\$ 17,762,520	\$ 8,574,365	55,151,813						
Alternative investments (Hedge Funds*) valued at NAV				2,794,311						
Total investments				\$ 57,946,124						

^{*} Hedge Funds that do not have a readily determinable fair value and are measured at fair value using the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient ("NAV Practical Expedient"), have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Equity and Fixed Income Securities

Equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets issued by pricing vendors for these securities. Fixed income and equity securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices determined by the use of matrix pricing techniques maintained by the various pricing vendors for these securities. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Fixed income and equity securities classified in Level 3 of the fair value are securities whose stated market price is unobservable by the marketplace, many of these securities are priced by the issuers or industry groups for these securities. Fair Value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the Funds' custodian bank. Fixed income and equity securities held in collective trust funds are held in those funds on behalf of the pension system and there is no restriction on the use and or liquidation of those assets for the exclusive benefit of the Funds' participants.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Collective Trust Funds

Collective trust funds are separately managed accounts which are owned 100% by The City's pension systems. The investments underlying the collective trust funds are presented as Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 based on their respective fair value hierarchy classifications.

Alternative Investments

Alternative investments include Private Equity, Real Estate, Opportunistic-Fixed Income and Infrastructure Investments. These are investments for which exchange quotations are not readily available and are valued at NAV calculated by the GP's valuation policy. Alternative investments are mainly illiquid and typically not sold or redeemed.

Investments in non-public equity securities should be valued by the GP or the fund administrator using one or more valuation methodologies outlined in GASB 72, depending upon the availability of data required by each methodology. In some cases, the GP may use multiple approaches to estimate a valuation range.

Because of the subjective nature of estimated fair value of the private investments, such value may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for these investments. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will generally be liquidated within 10 years but in some cases can take longer.

Alternative investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value quantities presented in the table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the entity's financial statements.

Alternative investments are not fully funded upon subscribing to the investment. The GP can draw down or call for capital as the fund goes into more investments or when the need arises such as expenses associated with the partnership. The residual balance of uncalled capital is also known as unfunded commitments which are restricted to the maximum amount of the limited partners total committed amount. The total unfunded commitments for the alternative investments as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$6.3 billion and \$6.1 billion, respectively.

The fair value quantities presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the entity's combining financial statements. The following table below displays details the fair value, redemption terms, redemption notice periods, gates and redemption holdback amounts.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NAV Practical Expedient (dollars in thousands)

ne 30, 2022 air Value	Redemption Terms	Redemption Notice Period	Gate	Redemption Holdback
\$ 240,337	Monthly redeeming on Last Business Day (Shares can be redeemed and any time other than the last Business day of the month but are subject to 1.5% fee)	3 Calendar days notice	No	5%
45,085	Semester Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	60 Calendar days notice	Yes This fund imposes a 50% Investor level gate with slower liquidation schedule. Yes	10%
85,548 54,640	Quarterly redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month Quarterly redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	90 Calendar days 45 Calendar days notice	This fund imposes a 25% Investor level gate with slower liquidation schedule. No	10% 3%
ŕ	, ,	•	Yes This fund may impose a 8.3% Fund level gate with slower liquidation schedule	10%
325,682 132,602	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month Quarterly redeeming on Last Business Day Of March, June, September or December	75 Calendar days notice 44 Calendar days notice	slower liquidation schedule Yes Fund level Gate 25% at manager's discretion	10%
185,177 74,879	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Monthly redeeming on First Business Day	30 Calendar days notice 30 Calendar days notice	No Up to 10% of the Nav of their BMS Units Shares No	5% 5%
131,060	Quarterly redeeming on Last Business Day	90 Calendar days notice	Yes This fund imposes 20% Firm level gate Yes	5%
188,899	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	65 Calendar days notice	This fund imposes 25% investor level Yes	5%
150,972 135,535	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	180 Calendar days 90 Calendar days notice	This fund imposes a 16.7% level gate with slower liquidation schedule No	5% 5%
212,957	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	90 Calendar days notice	No Yes	5%
195,905	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	60 Calendar days notice	This fund imposes a 33.3% Investor level gate with slower liquidation schedule. Yes	5%
52,361	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	90 Calendar days notice	This fund imposes a 25% Investor level gate with slower liquidation schedule. Yes. This fund imposes a 25% Fund level gate with	5%
161,893	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	45 Calendar days notice	slower liquidation schedule. This fund may impose a 25% Fund level gate with slower liquidation schedule.	5%
34,975	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Of Month	30 Calendar days notice	No	1%
126,572	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Of Month	30 Calendar days notice	No	1%
 39,292	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Of Month	90 Calendar days notice	No	1%
\$ 2,574,371	Total Hedge Funds (dollars in thousands)			

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

ne 30, 2021 air Value	Redemption Terms	Redemption Notice Period	Gate	Redemption Holdback
\$ 192,348	Monthly redeeming on Last Business Day (Shares can be redeemed and any time other than the last Business day of the month but are subject to 1.5% fee) Semester Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of	3 Calendar days notice 60 Calendar days notice	No	5%
80,014	Month		No Yes	10%
248,943	Quarterly redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	90 Calendar days	This fund imposes a 25% investor level gate with slower liquidation schedule.	10%
300,443	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	75 Calendar days notice	This fund may impose a 8.3% fund level gate with slower liquidation schedule.	10%
142,520	Last Business Day Of March, June, September or December Illiquid - periodic distributions and other	44 Calendar days notice Illiquid - periodic	Fund level Gate 25% at manager's discretion	10%
4,125	mquiu ponoulo ulembunono una oune.	distributions	No	0-10%
131,606	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day	30 Calendar days notice	Up to 10% of the NAV of their BMS Units Shares	5%
60,573	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day	30 Calendar days notice	No	5%
99,808	Monthly redeeming on Last Business Day	30 Calendar days notice 2 Calendar days notice (no later than 5:00pm. Dublin	20% Firm level gate	5%
189,451	Daily redeeming Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of	time)	No	N/A
164,071	Month	65 Calendar days notice	25% investor level	5%
78,405	Monthly redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of	90 Calendar days notice	No	10%
256,677	Month Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of	90 Calendar days notice	No	5%
261,195	Month	90 Calendar days notice	25% Fund level gate Yes	5%
172,780	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	60 Calendar days notice	This fund imposes a 33.3% investor level gate with slower liquidation schedule. Yes	5%
64,288	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of Month	90 Calendar days notice	This fund imposes a 25% investor level gate with slower liquidation schedule. This fund imposes a 25% Fund level gate with	5%
167 275	Quarterly Calendar redeeming on Last Business Day Of	45 Colondor dovo natica	slower liquidation schedule. This fund rever gate with slower liquidation schedule. This fund may impose a 25% Fund level gate with slower liquidation schedule.	5%
167,375 29,505	Month Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Of Month	45 Calendar days notice 30 Calendar days notice	schedule. No	5% 1%
108,520	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Of Month	30 Calendar days notice	No No	1%
41,664		•		1%
 	Monthly redeeming on First Business Day Of Month	90 Calendar days notice	No	1%
\$ 2,794,311	Total Hedge Funds (dollars in thousands)			

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 4 - TRANSFER TO VARIABLE SUPPLEMENTS FUNDS

The ACNY provides that the QPP transfer to the VSFs an amount equal to certain excess earnings on equity investments, limited to the unfunded actuarial present value ("APV") of accumulated plan benefits for each VSF. Excess earnings are defined as the amount by which earnings on equity investments of the QPP exceed what those earnings would have been had such funds been invested at a yield comparable to that available from fixed-income securities ("Hypothetical Fixed Income Security Earnings" or "HFISE"), less any cumulative deficiencies of prior years' excess earnings that fell below the yield of fixed income investments. The VSFs also receive credit for investment earnings on VSF assets.

The calculation of the HFISE requires the determination of the Hypothetical Interest Rate ("HIR"), which is computed by the Comptroller.

For Fiscal Year 2022, the preliminary excess earnings of the QPP are reported on the combining financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 to be equal to \$0, where \$0 was reported as a liability from the QPP to the PSOVSF.

For Fiscal Year 2021, the preliminary excess earnings of the QPP are reported on the combining financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 to be equal to \$0 (after limiting the unfunded APV of accumulated plan benefits), where \$0 was reported as a liability from the QPP to the POVSF and \$0 was reported as a liability from the QPP to the PSOVSF.

In addition, under Chapter 3 of the Laws of 2013, if the assets of the POVSF or PSOVSF are less than the amount required to pay the retirees' guaranteed supplemental benefit payments, then an amount sufficient to pay such benefits shall be appropriated from the Contingent Reserve Fund of the QPP.

The amounts shown for the APV of accumulated plan benefits, are the measure of the present value of scheduled supplemental benefits estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. It is calculated as the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, prorated on service, and is intended to help users assess the funded status of the VSFs on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make a comparison among VSFs.

Actuarial valuations of the VSFs are performed annually as of June 30.

A comparison of the APV of accumulated plan benefits as calculated by the Funds' Chief Actuary (the "Actuary") with the net position restricted for benefits for the POVSF and the PSOVSF as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	POVSF			PSOVSF				
(In millions)		20212		2020		2021 ²		2020
APV of accumulated plan benefits for: Retirees currently receiving benefits Active members Total APV of accumulated plan	\$	1,494.4 421.2	\$	1,617.1 386.6	\$	2,333.3 1,268.2	\$	2,522.2 1,221.4
benefits		1,915.6		2,003.7		3,601.5		3,743.6
Net position held in trust for benefits ¹		2,323.1		1,809.1		3,648.9		3,076.7
(Overfunded) Unfunded APV of accumulated plan benefits	\$	(407.5)	\$	194.6	\$	(47.4)	\$	666.9

See Note 2 for valuation of investments in the calculation of net position restricted for benefits. Reflects net position not inclusive of the SKIM amounts payable for the respective year and includes an adjustment made for accrued benefits payable for the respective year.

² Preliminary.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

For purposes of the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations of the VSFs, Chapter 125/00 has been taken into account in the determination of the unfunded APV of accumulated plan benefits relative to the Supplementation benefit increases that began Fiscal Year 2001 and the automatic COLA that began Fiscal Year 2002 (see Note 1).

Sections 13-270 and 13-280 of the ACNY provide that the Boards of Trustees of the POVSF and the PSOVSF shall adopt, upon the recommendation of the Actuary, actuarial assumptions as to interest rate, mortality of retirees and estimated number of active members of the QPP in service as of each June 30 who will retire for service with 20 or more years of service as Police Officers and Police Superior Officers, for use in making annual valuations of liabilities.

The following actuarial assumptions represent the recommendations of the Actuary and were used in the actuarial calculations to determine the preceding APV of accumulated plan benefits as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020:

	June 30, 2021 ¹	June 30, 2020				
Investment rate of return	7.00% per annum. ²	7.00% per annum. ²				
Post-retirement mortality	Tables adopted by the Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2019. Applies mortality improvement scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.	Tables adopted by the Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2019. Applies mortality improvement scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.				
Active service: withdrawal, death, and disability	Tables adopted by the Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2019. Applies mortality improvement scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries to active ordinary death mortality rates and precommencement mortality rates for deferred vesteds.	Tables adopted by the Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2019. Applies mortality improvement scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries to active ordinary death mortality rates and precommencement mortality rates for deferred vesteds.				
Service retirement	Tables adopted by the Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2019.	Tables adopted by the Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2019.				
Percentage of all active POLICE members estimated to retire for service with 20 or more years of service as Police Officers	40%.	40%.				
Percentage of all active POLICE Superior Officers estimated to retire for service with 20 or more years of service as POLICE Superior Officers	100%.	100%.				
Cost-of-Living Adjustments ²	1.5% per annum AutoCOLA. 2.5% per annum for Escalation.	1.5% per annum AutoCOLA. 2.5% per annum for Escalation.				

¹ Preliminary.

 $^{^{2}\,\,}$ Developed assuming a long-term Consumer Price Inflation assumption of 2.5% per year.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 5 - QPP CONTRIBUTIONS

The financial objective of the QPP is to fund members' retirement benefits during their active service and to establish employer contribution rates which, expressed as a percentage of annualized covered payroll, will remain approximately level from year to year. The employer contributes amounts that, together with Member Contributions and investment income are intended to ultimately be sufficient to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due.

Member Contributions - Tier 1 and Tier 2 members contribute by salary deductions on the basis of a normal rate of contribution, based on age and actuarial tables in effect at the time of membership. Member contribution rates are reduced by 5.0% under the ITHP program as defined earlier. Additionally, members may voluntarily increase their rates of contribution by 50% for the purpose of purchasing an additional annuity. Members are permitted to borrow up to 90% of their own contributions including accumulated interest.

Tier 3 Original/Tier 3 Revised/Tier 3 Enhanced members contribute 3.0% of pensionable earnings pre-tax until attainment of 25 years of credited service. Tier 3 Enhanced members contribute an additional 1.0% (currently 1.0%, to be updated every three years) of pensionable earnings after tax until attainment of 25 years of credited service.

Employer Contributions - Statutory Contributions to the QPP, determined by the Actuary in accordance with State statutes and City laws, are generally funded by the employer within the appropriate fiscal year. The Statutory Contribution for the year ended June 30, 2022, based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 was \$2.5 billion and the Statutory Contribution for the year ended June 30, 2021, based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 was \$2.4 billion. The Statutory Contributions for Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021 were equal to the Actuarial Contributions. Refer to the Schedule of Employer Contributions in the accompanying required supplementary information for more information on the actuarial methods and assumptions applied by the Actuary to determine the Statutory Contributions.

NOTE 6 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

The components of the net pension liability of the employer at June 30, 2022 and 2021 for the Funds were as follows:

June 30, 2022 (In thousands)	 QPP	 POVSF	 PSOVSF		TOTAL
Total pension liability* Fiduciary net position**	\$ 55,448,119 47,043,387	\$ 2,094,495 1,860,558	\$ 3,972,189 2,894,727	\$	61,514,803 51,798,672
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 8,404,732	\$ 233,937	\$ 1,077,462	<u>\$</u>	9,716,131
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.84%	88.83%	72.87%		84.21%

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

June 30, 2021 (In thousands)	 QPP	 POVSF	 PSOVSF	 TOTAL
Total pension liability* Fiduciary net position**	\$ 53,309,898 51,293,938	\$ 2,083,913 2,323,129	\$ 3,909,614 3,648,903	\$ 59,303,425 57,265,970
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 2,015,960	\$ (239,216)	\$ 260,711	\$ 2,037,455
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.22%	111.48%	93.33%	96.56%

^{*} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental Death Benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was calculated from the actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2021 (Preliminary) and June 30, 2020 (Updated Preliminary), respectively, that were rolled forward to develop the total pension liability to the respective fiscal year end. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Projected Salary Increases	In general, merit and promotion increase plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per annum.
Investment Rate of Return	7.0% per annum, net of Investment Expenses.
COLAs	1.5% per annum for Auto COLA.2.5% per annum for Escalation.

The above assumptions were developed assuming a long-term Consumer Price Inflation assumption of 2.5% per annum.

The Fiscal Year 2021 results reflect changes in the actuarial assumptions and methods from the prior year. These changes reflect refinements and improvements to the actuarial assumptions and methods under the judgment of the Chief Actuary. Pursuant to Section 96 of the New York City Charter, studies of the actuarial assumptions used to value liabilities of the five actuarially-funded NYCRS are conducted every two years. The most recent of these studies was performed by Bolton, Inc. and included experience through June 30, 2017. Milliman is performing the current experience study that covers the period through June 30, 2021.

On January 2, 2019, the Actuary issued a Report titled "Proposed Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods for Determining Employer Contributions for Fiscal Years Beginning on and after July 1, 2018 for the New York City Police Pension Fund." The actuarial assumptions and methods described in that report are referred to as the "2019 A&M."

On July 28, 2021, the Actuary issued a memorandum titled "Proposed Changes to Actuarial Assumptions and Methods." The actuarial assumptions and methods described in that memorandum amend certain assumptions and methods from the 2019 A&M. This revised set of actuarial assumptions and methods are referred to as the "Revised 2021 A&M."

^{**} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

The June 30, 2021 total pension liability was calculated from the Updated Preliminary June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, which was based on the Revised 2021 A&M.

The June 30, 2022 total pension liability was calculated from the Preliminary June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, which was based on the Revised 2021 A&M.

The Entry Age Normal ("EAN") cost method of funding is utilized by the Funds' Actuary to calculate the contribution required of the employer.

Under this method, the Present Value ("PV") of Future Benefits ("PVFB") of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the expected earnings (or service) of the individual between entry age and the assumed exit age(s). The employer portion of this PVFB allocated to a valuation year is the Normal Cost. The portion of this PVFB not provided for at a valuation date by the PV of Future Normal Costs or future member contributions is the Accrued Liability ("AL").

The excess, if any, of the AL over the Actuarial Value of Asset is the Unfunded Accrued Liability ("UAL").

Under this method, actuarial gains and losses, as they occur, reduce and increase the UAL, respectively, and are explicitly identified and amortized. Increases or decreases in obligations due to benefit changes, actuarial assumption changes, and actuarial method changes are also explicitly identified and amortized.

The obligations of POLICE to the POVSF and the PSOVSF are recognized through a methodology where the PV of future VSF transfers from POLICE to the POVSF and PSOVSF is included directly as an actuarial liability of POLICE. This amount is computed as the excess, if any, of the PV of benefits of the POVSF and PSOVSF over the AVA of the POVSF and PSOVSF, respectively. Under EAN, a portion of the PV of future VSF transfers is reflected in the PV of future normal costs and a portion is reflected in the UAL.

Expected Rate of Return on Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the Funds' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected real rates of return (i.e., expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	As of Jun	e 30, 2022	As of June 30, 2021				
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	pected Real Target Asset				
Public Markets							
U.S. public market equities	30.0%	5.7%	30.0%	5.1%			
Developed public market equities	8.0%	6.4%	8.0%	5.8%			
Emerging public market equities	5.0%	7.8%	5.0%	7.2%			
Fixed income	28.0%	3.2%	28.0%	2.2%			
Private Markets (Alternative Investments)							
Private equity	8.0%	11.0%	8.0%	10.0%			
Private real estate	7.0%	7.4%	7.0%	7.2%			
Infrastructure	3.0%	4.7%	3.0%	4.6%			
Hedge Funds	6.0%	4.5%	6.0%	3.6%			
Opportunistic-fixed income	5.0%	5.9%	5.0%	4.9%			
Total	100.0%		100.0%				

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employee contributions will be made at the rates applicable to the current Tier for each member and that Employer contributions will be made at rates as determined by the Actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Funds' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and non-active members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Funds' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the net pension liability of the employer for the Funds of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Net Pension Liability - June 30, 2022	1% Decrease	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase			
(In thousands)	(6.0%)		(8.0%)			
QPP	\$ 14,892,471	\$ 8,404,732	\$ 3,009,221			
POVSF	452,183	233,937	49,705			
PSOVSF	1,482,870	1,077,462	734,585			
Total	\$ 16,827,524	\$ 9,716,131	\$ 3,793,511			
Net Pension Liability - June 30, 2021 (In thousands)	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)			
QPP	\$ 8,375,632	\$ 2,015,960	\$ (3,175,317)			
POVSF	(44,859)	(239,216)	(443,640)			
PSOVSF	627,698	260,711	(107,714)			
Total	\$ 8,958,471	\$ 2,037,455	\$ (3,726,671)			

NOTE 7 - MEMBER LOANS

Tier 1 and 2 members are permitted to borrow up to 90% of their own contributions, including accumulated interest. Loans are repaid at the statutory interest rate of 4%. The balance of QPP member loans receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021, is \$162.1 million and \$174.7 million, respectively. Upon termination of employment before retirement, certain members are entitled to refunds of their own contributions, including accumulated interest, less any loans outstanding. As a result of a review of all member accounts, there were no prior year loans due from retired or inactive employees that were deemed uncollectible in Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTIES

Pursuant to statute and resolutions, the Comptroller has been appointed as custodian for the assets of the Funds. Securities are held by certain banks under custodial agreements with the Comptroller. The Comptroller, the Financial Information Services Agency ("FISA"), and the Office of Payroll Administration ("OPA") also provide cash receipt and cash disbursement services to the Funds. Actuarial services are provided to the Funds by the New York City Office of the Actuary. The City's Corporation Counsel provides legal services to the Funds. Other administrative services are also provided by The City. The aforementioned services may be provided by employees or officers of The City who may also be participants in the Funds. The cost of providing such services amounted to \$7.8 million and \$8.7 million in Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 9 - ADMINISTRATIVE AND INVESTMENT EXPENSES

Chapter 292 of the Laws of 2001 provides Corpus funding of administrative expenses for the QPP commencing July 1, 2001 and allows for the appointment of an executive director for the QPP. In Fiscal Year 2022 and Fiscal Year 2021, total administrative expenses of \$24.3 million and \$24.9 million were paid from the assets of the QPP, respectively. Investment expenses charged to the investment earnings of the QPP, exclusive of expenses relating to securities-lending transactions, amounted to approximately \$397 million in 2022 and \$294 million in 2021.

In July 2010, the Funds renegotiated their lease agreement to rent office space. The agreement will expire in Fiscal Year 2031. The future minimum rental payments required under this operating lease are as follows:

Fiscal years ending June 30,	 Amount
2023 to 2025 2026 2027 to 2030 2031	\$ 6,659,226 2,425,794 9,778,104 203,711

Additionally, the Funds renegotiated their lease agreement to rent additional colocation space in 2019 pursuant to its Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity Plan. The original agreement was signed in February 2010 and terminates on July 14, 2024. The current rental payments required under this lease are as follows:

Fiscal years ending June 30,	<u></u>	Amount
2023	\$	459,219
2024		464,244
2025		19,343

Rent expense under the lease agreements for each of the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was approximately \$2.8 million.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND OTHER MATTERS

Contingent Liabilities - The Funds have claims pending against them and have been named as defendant in lawsuits and also have certain other contingent liabilities. Management of POLICE, on the advice of legal counsel, believes that such proceedings and contingencies will not have a material effect on the Funds' net position or changes in the Funds' net position. Under the existing State statutes and City laws that govern

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

the functioning of the Funds, increases in the obligations of the Funds to members and beneficiaries ordinarily result in increases in the obligations of The City to the Funds.

Other Matters - During Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021, certain events described below took place which, in the opinion of POLICE management, could have the effect of increasing benefits to members and/or their beneficiaries and therefore would increase the obligations of the Funds. The effect of such events has not been fully quantified. However, it is the opinion of POLICE management that such developments would not have a material effect on the Funds' combined net position restricted for benefits or cause changes in the Funds' net position restricted for benefits.

Actuarial Audit - Pursuant to Section 96 of the New York City Charter, studies of the actuarial assumptions used to value liabilities of the five actuarially-funded New York City Retirement Systems ("NYCRS") are conducted every two years. Refer to Note 6 for the results of the most recent actuarial studies for POLICE.

Revised Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - In accordance with the ACNY and with appropriate practice, the Boards of Trustees of the five actuarially-funded NYCRS are to periodically review and adopt actuarial assumptions as proposed by the Actuary for use in the determination of Employer Contributions.

The most recently completed study was published by Bolton, Inc. dated June 2019. Bolton analyzed experience for the four- and 10-year periods ended June 30, 2017 and made recommendations with respect to the actuarial assumptions and methods based on their analysis. Based, in part, on these, recommendations, the Actuary proposed new assumptions and methods for use in determining Employer Contributions for Fiscal Years beginning on and after July 1, 2018. These assumptions and methods have been adopted by the Board of Trustees during Fiscal Year 2019.

Previously, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company (GRS) published their study in October 2015.

New York State Legislation (only significant laws since Fiscal Year 2018 included)

Chapter 266 of the Laws of 2018 extended the Notice of Participation filing deadline to September 11, 2022 for vested members to file a sworn statement indicating participation in the Rescue, Recovery, and Clean-up Operations.

Chapter 589 of the Laws of 2019 amended Retirement and Social Security Law § 212, increased the amount of money a Service or Vested retiree may earn in retirement without diminution of their benefit from \$30,000 to \$35,000.

Chapter 89 of the Laws of 2020 provided a death benefit to statutory beneficiaries of members whose death was a result of or was contributed to by SARS-CoV-2 (also known as the coronavirus or "COVID-19").

The CARES Act of March 2020 suspended Required Minimum Distributions due in 2020. It also authorized more advantageous loans and distributions to members who certify that COVID-19 adversely affected themselves or their household. These special rules sunset on or before December 31, 2020.

COVID-19 and Related Legislation

The outbreak of COVID-19, was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. On March 7, 2020 then Governor Cuomo enacted Executive Order 202 declaring a state of emergency for the entire State of New York. Through a series of further executive orders, the Governor temporally suspended and modified laws as it related to the disaster emergency, which included as they relate to the Police Pension Fund, a suspension of New York State Retirement and Social Security Law § 212 earnings limitations, portions of the Open Meetings Law, allowing the Board of Trustees to conduct business virtually, electronic notarization of documents, and tolled the filing deadlines and statutes of limitations for all civil actions. This series of Executive Orders expired on June 29, 2021.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

On September 27, 2021, Governor Hochul signed Executive Order 4, which partially mirrored Executive Order 202 and its progeny. As the result of this Executive Order, and its subsequent extensions, RSSL § 212 earnings limitations remain suspended.

Chapter 417 of the Laws of 2021 was enacted on September 2, 2021 to continue the modification of the Open Meetings Law under the prior Executive Orders and on April 9, 2022, Chapter 56 of the Laws of 2022 was enacted, which adds new provisions specifying how and when a public body may use videoconferencing in conducting its meetings. Under this legislation, public bodies may, in the same manner as before the law's enactment, meet and provide for public attendance by remote means. This new law remains in effect until July 1, 2024, at which point it sunsets and ceases to apply. Chapter 56 requires at least a quorum of the members of a public body holding a meeting must be present at one or more physical locations where members of the public may attend in person to allow other members not required to make a quorum attend remotely by videoconference, regardless of their location or its accessibility to the public, if such attendance is necessitated by "extraordinary circumstances." Remote attendance must include audio and visual components which "ensure that members of the public body can be heard, seen and identified while the meeting is being conducted" as allowed; Members who attend remotely at locations not accessible to the public do not count towards a quorum, but may participate and vote in the meeting. As the result of Chapter 56, the Board of Trustees must formulate procedures that govern remote attendance. Moreover, the meeting notice must state the physical location or locations where the meeting will be held and where in person attendance will be possible, as well as that the meeting will include a videoconferencing component and indicate where members of the public can view and, if applicable, participate in the meeting. The record must reflect which members participated remotely, and a recording of such meeting must be posted on the public body's website within five business days of the meeting and maintained there for at least five years. Accordingly, the Board of Trustees passed a resolution stating the following:

- 1. The public noticed location for all meetings shall continue to be the Fund's headquarters at 233 Broadway.
- 2. Extraordinary circumstances shall include disability, illness, caregiving responsibilities, weather related instances, or any other significant or unexpected factor or event which precludes the member's physical attendance at such meeting.
- 3. Every meeting of this Board of Trustees shall have a teleconference component and should be noticed with the meeting; however, the Board and the Executive Director shall ensure there is a physical quorum as required by the Open Meetings Law at each meeting.
- 4. A member wishing to participate remotely must give the Executive Director of the Fund notice as soon as practicable.

Litigation

Currently pending is a case brought by Police Benevolent Association ("PBA") president, Patrick Lynch against the Police Pension Fund challenging the fact that Tier 3 officers do not have the same service credit purchase and transfer rights as Tier 2 officers, alleging that the Funds' interpretation of the statutory provisions is in error. The Supreme Court, New York County, rendered a decision dated July 9, 2019, which was not clear in its instruction. The Plaintiff served notice of entry and leave to appeal simultaneously. The City filed leave to re-argue, and Plaintiff cross-filed for same. Both motions for re-argument were denied, and the Fund lost on appeal in a decision dated May 4, 2021. The City filed leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals, which was granted. All briefs in the case are due by September 23, 2022.

NOTES TO COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Amendments to Plan Provisions

As described above, the Board of Trustees enacted a resolution relating to partially remote meetings in accordance with newly enacted legislation.

Additionally, in March of 2022 the Board of Trustees passed a resolution divesting from Russian Securities.

Lastly, in June of 2022 the Board of Trustees extended the provisions of the Group Life Insurance Plan through June 30, 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2022 (In thousands)

	QPP*		POVSF			PSOVSF	TOTAL	
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$	1,330,168	\$	32,615	\$	68,938	\$	1,431,721
Interest		3,709,703		142,186		268,340		4,120,229
Differences between expected and actual experience		443,332		9,306		20,503		473,141
Changes of assumptions		(0.044.000)		(470 505)		(005,000)		(0.040.740)
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(3,344,982)		(173,525)		(295,206)		(3,813,713)
Net change in total pension liability		2,138,221		10,582		62,575		2,211,378
Total pension liability - beginning		53,309,898		2,083,913		3,909,614		59,303,425
Total pension liability - ending (a)		55,448,119		2,094,495		3,972,189		61,514,803
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Employer contributions		2,490,134		-		-		2,490,134
Member contributions		281,185		-		-		281,185
Net investment income		(3,656,295)		(288,928)		(460,681)		(4,405,904)
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(3,344,982)		(173,525)		(295,206)		(3,813,713)
Administrative expenses		(24,301)		-		-		(24,301)
Other		5,195		67		39		5,301
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(4,249,064)		(462,386)		(755,848)		(5,467,298)
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF		(1,487)		(185)		1,672		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		51,293,938		2,323,129		3,648,903		57,265,970
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **		47,043,387		1,860,558		2,894,727		51,798,672
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	8,404,732	\$	233,937	\$	1,077,462	\$	9,716,131
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of								
the total pension liability	_	84.84%		88.83%	_	72.87%		84.21%
Covered payroll	\$	4,262,626		n/a		n/a	\$	4,262,626
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of		407.472		,		,		007.0407
covered payroll		197.17%		n/a	_	n/a		227.94%

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	 QPP*	 POVSF		PSOVSF	TOTAL
Total pension liability:					
Service cost	\$ 1,367,875	\$ 34,049	\$	71,892	\$ 1,473,816
Interest	3,573,966	140,053		266,091	3,980,110
Differences between expected and actual experience	207,282	41,669		26,999	275,950
Changes of assumptions	156,581	(7,124)		(12,698)	136,759
Benefit payments and withdrawals	(3,313,298)	 (179,870)		(338,471)	 (3,831,639)
Net change in total pension liability	1,992,406	28,777		13,813	2,034,996
Total pension liability - beginning	 51,317,492	 2,055,136		3,895,801	 57,268,429
Total pension liability - ending (a)	53,309,898	 2,083,913		3,909,614	 59,303,425
Plan fiduciary net position:					
Employer contributions	2,437,728	-		-	2,437,728
Member contributions	255,789	-		-	255,789
Net investment income	10,747,961	447,619		766,123	11,961,703
Benefit payments and withdrawals	(3,313,298)	(179,870)		(338,471)	(3,831,639)
Administrative expenses	(24,925)	-		-	(24,925)
Other	 4,389	 37		32	 4,458
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	10,107,644	267,786		427,684	10,803,114
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF	(106,720)	103,236		3,484	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	41,293,014	1,952,107		3,217,735	 46,462,856
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **	51,293,938	 2,323,129		3,648,903	 57,265,970
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 2,015,960	\$ (239,216)	\$	260,711	\$ 2,037,455
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of					
the total pension liability	96.22%	 111.48%		93.33%	 96.56%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,299,649	n/a		n/a	\$ 4,299,649
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of	40.0004	- /-		1	47.000/
covered payroll	 46.89%	n/a	_	n/a	 47.39%

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2020 (In thousands)

		QPP*		POVSF		PSOVSF		TOTAL
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$	1,375,436	\$	34,291	\$	73,382	\$	1,483,109
Interest		3,427,980		139,164		266,493		3,833,637
Differences between expected and actual experience		463,894		11,750		(33,990)		441,654
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(3,039,785)		(164,908)		(282,709)		(3,487,402)
Net change in total pension liability		2,227,525		20,297		23,176		2,270,998
Total pension liability - beginning		49,089,967		2,034,839		3,872,625		54,997,431
Total pension liability - ending (a)		51,317,492		2,055,136		3,895,801		57,268,429
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Employer contributions		2,458,907		-		-		2,458,907
Member contributions		280,129		-		-		280,129
Net investment income		1,896,012		(4,221)		146,514		2,038,305
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(3,039,785)		(164,908)		(282,709)		(3,487,402)
Administrative expenses		(26,803)		-		-		(26,803)
Other		6,488		29		24		6,541
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,574,948		(169,100)		(136,171)		1,269,677
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF		(401,358)		144,808		256,550		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		40,119,424		1,976,399		3,097,356		45,193,179
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **		41,293,014		1,952,107		3,217,735		46,462,856
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	10,024,478	\$	103,029	\$	678,066	\$	10,805,573
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.47%		94.99%		82.59%		81.13%
the total perioloff liability	_	00.47 /0		J+.JJ /0		02.3370		01.1370
Covered payroll	\$	4,244,806		n/a		n/a	\$	4,244,806
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		236.16%		n/a		n/a		254.56%
covered payroll		200.1070		II/a		II/a		204.00 /0

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2019 (In thousands)

		QPP*	 POVSF	PSOVSF			TOTAL	
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$	1,396,466	\$ 41,454	\$	60,989	\$	1,498,909	
Interest		3,386,097	138,805		258,094		3,782,996	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(868,163)	133,399		(84,202)		(818,966)	
Changes of assumptions		(349,830)	(136,776)		144,204		(342,402)	
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,853,799)	 (164,281)		(260,665)		(3,278,745)	
Net change in total pension liability		710,771	12,601		118,420		841,792	
Total pension liability - beginning		48,379,196	 2,022,237		3,754,205		54,155,638	
Total pension liability - ending (a)		49,089,967	 2,034,838		3,872,625		54,997,430	
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Employer contributions		2,558,256	-		-		2,558,256	
Member contributions		278,087	-		-		278,087	
Net investment income		2,581,702	103,694		176,148		2,861,544	
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,853,799)	(164,281)		(260,665)		(3,278,745)	
Administrative expenses		(29,005)	-		-		(29,005)	
Other		4,108	 40		35		4,183	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,539,349	(60,547)		(84,482)		2,394,320	
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF		(378,792)	(31,836)		410,628		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		37,958,867	 2,068,782		2,771,210		42,798,859	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **		40,119,424	 1,976,399		3,097,356		45,193,179	
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	8,970,543	\$ 58,439	\$	775,269	\$	9,804,251	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of								
the total pension liability		81.73%	 97.13%		79.98%		82.17%	
Covered payroll	\$	4,047,772	n/a		n/a	\$	4,047,772	
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		221.62%	n/a		n/a		242.21%	
oovered payron	_	221.02/0	11/4	_	11/4	_	272.2170	

Additionally, in accordance with GASB No. 67, paragraph 50, such information was not readily available for periods prior to 2014.

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2018 (In thousands)

		QPP*	POVSF		PSOVSF		 TOTAL
Total pension liability:							
Service cost	\$	1,281,545	\$	57,875	\$	46,859	\$ 1,386,279
Interest		3,257,275		137,689		254,151	3,649,115
Changes of benefit terms		90,363		10,231		4,077	104,671
Differences between expected and actual experience		(138,508)		(45,327)		39,715	(144,120)
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,774,387)		(162,149)		(257,017)	 (3,193,553)
Net change in total pension liability		1,716,288		(1,681)		87,785	1,802,392
Total pension liability - beginning		46,662,909		2,023,917		3,666,420	 52,353,246
Total pension liability - ending (a)		48,379,197		2,022,236		3,754,205	54,155,638
Plan fiduciary net position:							
Employer contributions		2,415,153		-		-	2,415,153
Member contributions		267,031		-		-	267,031
Net investment income		3,925,283		294		38,433	3,964,010
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,774,387)		(162,149)		(257,017)	(3,193,553)
Administrative expenses		(21,146)		-		-	(21,146)
Other		3,408		31		26	 3,465
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,815,342		(161,824)		(218,558)	3,434,960
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF		(1,280,000)		130,000		1,150,000	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		35,423,525		2,100,606		1,839,768	 39,363,899
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **		37,958,867		2,068,782		2,771,210	 42,798,859
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	10,420,330	\$	(46,546)	\$	982,995	\$ 11,356,779
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of							
the total pension liability	_	78.46%		102.30%		73.82%	 79.03%
Covered payroll	\$	3,673,054		n/a		n/a	\$ 3,673,054
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		283.70%		n/a		n/a	309.19%
L A	_						

Additionally, in accordance with GASB No. 67, paragraph 50, such information was not readily available for periods prior to 2014.

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2017 (In thousands)

		QPP*	 POVSF		PSOVSF	 TOTAL
Total pension liability:						
Service cost	\$	1,221,506	\$ 52,848	\$	46,062	\$ 1,320,416
Interest		3,138,263	137,697		248,372	3,524,332
Differences between expected and actual experience		(632,751)	(16,264)		3,767	(645,248)
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,571,999)	 (159,063)		(255,938)	 (2,987,000)
Net change in total pension liability		1,155,019	15,218		42,263	1,212,500
Total pension liability - beginning		45,507,890	 2,008,699		3,624,157	 51,140,746
Total pension liability - ending (a)		46,662,909	2,023,917		3,666,420	 52,353,246
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Employer contributions		2,293,840	-		-	2,293,840
Member contributions		276,301	-		-	276,301
Net investment income		4,079,747	166,755		40,392	4,286,894
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,571,999)	(159,063)		(255,938)	(2,987,000)
Administrative expenses		(18,917)	-		-	(18,917)
Other		10,381	 74		52	 10,507
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,069,353	7,766		(215,494)	3,861,625
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF		(2,128,438)	708,636		1,419,802	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		33,482,610	1,384,204		635,460	 35,502,274
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **		35,423,525	2,100,606		1,839,768	39,363,899
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	11,239,384	\$ (76,689)	\$	1,826,652	\$ 12,989,347
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of						
the total pension liability	_	75.91%	 103.79%		50.18%	 75.19%
Covered payroll	\$	3,509,985	n/a		n/a	\$ 3,509,985
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		320.21%	n/a		n/a	370.07%
covered payron	_	JZU.Z 1 /0	 11/4	_	11/4	 37 0.07 70

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2016 (In thousands)

		QPP*	POVSF		PSOVSF		TOTAL
Total pension liability:			 _				_
Service cost	\$	1,241,707	\$ 53,625	\$	45,283	\$	1,340,615
Interest		3,059,499	136,591		245,309		3,441,399
Differences between expected and actual experience		216,334	13,273		3,854		233,461
Changes of assumptions		709,886	32,650		52,144		794,680
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,475,738)	 (155,754)		(246,959)		(2,878,451)
Net change in total pension liability		2,751,688	80,385		99,631		2,931,704
Total pension liability - beginning		42,756,202	1,928,314		3,524,526		48,209,042
Total pension liability - ending (a)		45,507,890	 2,008,699		3,624,157		51,140,746
Plan fiduciary net position:							
Employer contributions		2,393,940	-		-		2,393,940
Member contributions		249,921	-		-		249,921
Net investment income		644,318	(133,017)		(107,767)		403,534
Benefit payments and withdrawals		(2,475,738)	(155,754)		(246,959)		(2,878,451)
Administrative expenses		(18,478)	-		-		(18,478)
Other		6,479	 147		130		6,756
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		800,442	(288,624)		(354,596)		157,222
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF		326,195	(250,751)		(75,444)		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		32,355,973	 1,923,579		1,065,500		35,345,052
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **		33,482,610	 1,384,204		635,460		35,502,274
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	12,025,280	\$ 624,495	\$	2,988,697	\$	15,638,472
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of							
the total pension liability		73.58%	68.91%		17.53%		69.42%
Covered payroll	\$	3,540,326	n/a		n/a	\$	3,540,326
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		339.67%	n/a		n/a		441.72%
ooroida payroii	_	333.07 70	 11/4	_	11/4	_	771.1270

Additionally, in accordance with GASB No. 67, paragraph 50, such information was not readily available for periods prior to 2014.

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2015 (In thousands)

	QPP*	POVSF	PSOVSF		TOTAL
Total pension liability:					
Service cost	\$ 1,227,570	\$ 54,502	\$ 43,736	\$	1,325,808
Interest	2,875,649	131,185	238,391		3,245,225
Differences between expected and actual experience	(213,409)	(13,154)	11,145		(215,418)
Benefit payments and withdrawals	 (2,360,484)	 (151,333)	(234,967)		(2,746,784)
Net change in total pension liability	1,529,326	21,200	58,305		1,608,831
Total pension liability - beginning	 41,226,876	1,907,114	3,466,221		46,600,211
Total pension liability - ending (a)	 42,756,202	 1,928,314	3,524,526		48,209,042
Plan fiduciary net position:					
Employer contributions	2,309,619	-	-		2,309,619
Member contributions	241,102	-	-		241,102
Net investment income	1,018,506	61,019	18,695		1,098,220
Benefit payments and withdrawals	(2,360,484)	(151,333)	(234,967)		(2,746,784)
Administrative expenses	(17,903)	-	-		(17,903)
Reimbursement of benefit payments to PSOVSF from QPP	(313)	-	313		-
Other	 4,554	 25	37		4,616
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,195,081	(90,289)	(215,922)		888,870
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF	(590,000)	330,000	260,000		_
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 31,750,892	1,683,868	1,021,422		34,456,182
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **	32,355,973	 1,923,579	 1,065,500		35,345,052
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 10,400,229	\$ 4,735	\$ 2,459,026	\$	12,863,990
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of					
the total pension liability	75.68%	 99.75%	30.23%		73.32%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,512,778	n/a	n/a	\$	3,512,778
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	296.07%	n/a	n/a		366.21%
1 /		 		_	

Additionally, in accordance with GASB No. 67, paragraph 50, such information was not readily available for periods prior to 2014.

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} The beginning total pension liability does not agree to the prior year ending total pension liability because amounts were revised to include costs and liabilities associated with the Special Accidental Death Benefits payable under Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

^{***} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2014 (In thousands)

	QPP*		POVSF		PSOVSF	 TOTAL
Total pension liability:						
Service cost	\$ 1,206,036	\$	52,629	\$	43,088	\$ 1,301,753
Interest	2,753,264		129,659		234,394	3,117,317
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		-		-	-
Changes of assumptions	-		-		-	-
Benefit payments and withdrawals	 (2,305,609)		(147,153)		(229,461)	 (2,682,223)
Net change in total pension liability	1,653,691		35,135		48,021	1,736,847
Total pension liability - beginning	 39,259,678		1,871,979		3,418,199	 44,549,856
Total pension liability - ending (a)	 40,913,369		1,907,114		3,466,220	46,286,703
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Employer contributions	2,320,910		-		-	2,320,910
Member contributions	228,783		-		-	228,783
Net investment income	5,071,530		76,054		(101)	5,147,483
Benefit payments and withdrawals	(2,305,609)		(147,153)		(229,461)	(2,682,223)
Administrative expenses	(17,450)		-		-	(17,450)
Reimbursement of benefit payments to PSOVSF from QPP	(231,024)		-		231,024	-
Other	 6,811		80		20	 6,911
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	5,073,951		(71,019)		1,482	5,004,414
Accrued Transfers from POLICE to POVSF and PSOVSF	(2,310,000)		1,290,000		1,020,000	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 28,986,941		464,887		(60)	 29,451,768
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) **	31,750,892		1,683,868		1,021,422	 34,456,182
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 9,162,477	\$	223,246	\$	2,444,798	\$ 11,830,521
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of						
the total pension liability	 77.61%	_	88.29%	_	29.47%	 74.44%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,420,312		n/a		n/a	\$ 3,420,312
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll	267.88%		n/a		n/a	 345.89%

Additionally, in accordance with GASB No. 67, paragraph 50, such information was not readily available for periods prior to 2014.

^{*} Such amounts represent the preliminary Funds' fiduciary net position and may differ from the final Funds' fiduciary net position.

^{**} Includes liabilities from Special Accidental death benefits pursuant to Section 208-F of the General Municipal Law.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal years ended June 30, (In thousands)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,490,134	\$ 2,437,728	\$ 2,458,907	\$ 2,558,256	\$ 2,415,153	\$ 2,293,840	\$ 2,393,940	\$ 2,309,619	\$ 2,320,910	\$ 2,424,690
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,490,134	2,437,728	2,458,907	2,558,256	2,415,153	2,293,840	2,393,940	2,309,619	2,320,910	2,424,690
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 4,262,626	\$ 4,299,649	\$ 4,244,806	\$ 4,047,772	\$ 3,673,054	\$ 3,509,985	\$ 3,540,326	\$ 3,512,778	\$ 3,420,312	\$ 3,459,872
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll*	58.418%	56.696%	57.927%	63.202%	65.753%	65.352%	67.619%	65.749%	67.857%	70.080%

^{*} Projected payroll at time 1.0 under previous roll-forward methodology through 2018. Actual payroll at valuation date (time = 0) beginning in 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Note to Schedule:

The above actuarially determined contributions were developed using a One-Year Lag Methodology, under which the actuarial valuation determines the employer contribution for the second following fiscal year (e.g., fiscal year 2022 contributions were determined using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020). The methods and assumptions used to determine the actuarially determined contributions are as follows:

Valuation Dates	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method for unfunded					
actuarial accrued liabilities:					
Initial unfunded	Increasing dollar	Increasing dollar	Increasing dollar	Increasing dollar	Increasing dollar
Post-2010 unfundeds	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period:					
Initial unfunded	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	16 years (closed)
2011 Actuarial gain/loss	6 years (closed)	7 years (closed)	8 years (closed)	9 years (closed)	10 years (closed)
2012 Actuarial gain/loss	7 years (closed)	8 years (closed)	9 years (closed)	10 years (closed)	11 years (closed)
2013 Actuarial gain/loss	8 years (closed)	9 years (closed)	10 years (closed)	11 years (closed)	12 years (closed)
2014 Actuarial gain/loss	9 years (closed)	10 years (closed)	11 years (closed)	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)
2014 Assumption change	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	16 years (closed)	17 years (closed)	18 years (closed)
2015 Actuarial gain/loss	10 years (closed)	11 years (closed)	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)
2016 Actuarial gain/loss	11 years (closed)	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)
2016 SADB	11 years (closed)	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)
2016 Enhanced ADR	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	16 years (closed)	17 years (closed)	18 years (closed)
2017 Actuarial gain/loss	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	NA
2017 VSF Escalation offset	15 years (closed)	16 years (closed)	17 years (closed)	18 years (closed)	NA
2017 Non-uniformed service	17 years (closed)	18 years (closed)	19 years (closed)	20 years (closed)	NA
2017 Assumptions/methods	17 years (closed)	18 years (closed)	19 years (closed)	20 years (closed)	NA
2018 Actuarial gain/loss	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	NA	NA
2019 Actuarial gain/loss	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	NA	NA	NA
2019 Assumptions/methods	19 years (closed)	20 years (closed)	NA	NA	NA
2020 Actuarial gain/loss	15 years (closed)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Actuarial asset valuation	Five-year moving average of	Five-year moving average of	Modified six-year moving	Modified six-year moving	Modified six-year moving
method ¹	market values with a "Market	market values with a "Market	average of market values with	average of market values with	average of market values with
	Value Restart" as of June 30,	Value Restart" as of June 30,	a "Market Value Restart" as of	a "Market Value Restart" as of	a "Market Value Restart" as of
	2019.	2019.	June 30, 2011. The June 30,	June 30, 2011. The June 30,	June 30, 2011. The June 30,
			2010 AVA is defined to	2010 AVA is defined to	2010 AVA is defined to
			recognize Fiscal Year 2011 investment performance.	recognize Fiscal Year 2011 investment performance.	recognize Fiscal Year 2011 investment performance.

¹ As of June 30, 2014 (Lag) valuation, the AVA is constrained to be no more than 20% of Market Value. See Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Note to Schedule:

The above actuarially determined contributions were developed using a One-Year Lag Methodology, under which the actuarial valuation determines the employer contribution for the second following fiscal year (e.g., fiscal year 2022 contributions were determined using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020). The methods and assumptions used to determine the actuarially determined contributions are as follows:

Valuation Dates	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age				
Amortization method for unfunded					
actuarial accrued liabilities:					
Initial unfunded	Increasing dollar				
Post-2010 unfundeds	Level dollar				
Remaining amortization period:					
Initial unfunded	17 years (closed)	18 years (closed)	19 years (closed)	20 years (closed)	21 years (closed)
2011 Actuarial gain/loss	11 years (closed)	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)
2012 Actuarial gain/loss	12 years (closed)	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	NA
2013 Actuarial gain/loss	13 years (closed)	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	NA	NA
2014 Actuarial gain/loss	14 years (closed)	15 years (closed)	NA	NA	NA
2014 Assumption change	19 years (closed)	20 years (closed)	NA	NA	NA
2015 Actuarial gain/loss	15 years (closed)	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016 Actuarial gain/loss	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016 SADB	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016 Enhanced ADR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2017 Actuarial gain/loss	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2017 VSF Escalation offset	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2017 Non-uniformed service	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2017 Assumptions/methods	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2018 Actuarial gain/loss	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2019 Actuarial gain/loss	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2019 Assumptions/methods	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2020 Actuarial gain/loss	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Actuarial asset valuation	Modified six-year moving				
method ¹	average of market values with				
	a "Market Value Restart" as of				
	June 30, 2011. The June 30,				
	2010 AVA is defined to				
	recognize Fiscal Year 2011 investment performance.				

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ As of June 30, 2014 (Lag) valuation, the AVA is constrained to be no more than 20% of Market Value.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Dates	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Actuarial assumptions: Assumed rate of return ²	7.0% per annum, net of investment expenses.				
Post-retirement mortality ³	Tables adopted by Board of				
	Trustees during Fiscal Year				
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2016
Active service: withdrawal, death, disability, service retirement ³	Tables adopted by Board of				
	Trustees during Fiscal Year				
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2012
Salary increases ²	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.
Cost-of-living adjustments ²	1.5% per annum for				
	AutoCOLA. 2.5% per annum				
	for Escalation.				

² Developed using a long-term Consumer Price Inflation assumption of 2.5% per year.

³ As of June 30, 2019, applies mortality improvement scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries to post-retirement mortality, active ordinary death mortality rates, and pre-commencement mortality rates for terminated vesteds. Prior to June 30, 2019, MP-2018 was applied to post-retirement mortality. Prior to June 30, 2017, MP-2015 was applied to post-retirement mortality. Prior to June 30, 2014, Scale AA was applied to post-retirement mortality.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Dates	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Actuarial assumptions: Assumed rate of return ²	7.0% per annum, net of investment expenses.				
Post-retirement mortality ³	Tables adopted by Board of				
	Trustees during Fiscal Year				
	2016	2016	2012	2012	2012
Active service: withdrawal, death, disability, service retirement ³	Tables adopted by Board of				
	Trustees during Fiscal Year				
	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012
Salary increases ²	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed General Wage Increases of 3.0% per year.
Cost-of-living adjustments ²	1.5% per annum for				
	AutoCOLA. 2.5% per annum				
	for Escalation.				

² Developed using a long-term Consumer Price Inflation assumption of 2.5% per year.

³ As of June 30, 2019, applies mortality improvement scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries to post-retirement mortality, active ordinary death mortality rates, and pre-commencement mortality rates for terminated vesteds. Prior to June 30, 2019, MP-2018 was applied to post-retirement mortality. Prior to June 30, 2017, MP-2015 was applied to post-retirement mortality. Prior to June 30, 2014, Scale AA was applied to post-retirement mortality.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

The following table displays annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, for each of the Funds for each of the past nine fiscal years:

Fiscal Years Ended	QPP	PSOVSF	POVSF
June 30, 2022	-7.12%	-13.31%	-13.48%
June 30, 2021	26.37%	25.95%	25.40%
June 30, 2020	4.74%	4.07%	4.33%
June 30, 2019	6.81%	9.27%	5.77%
June 30, 2018	9.60%	4.42%	6.71%
June 30, 2017	13.19%	12.85%	13.80%
June 30, 2016	1.18%	-1.06%	-0.33%
June 30, 2015	3.83%	5.16%	6.34%
June 30, 2014	17.69%	16.16%	19.44%

Note: In accordance with paragraph 50 of GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans* ("GASB 67"), this schedule should present information for 10 years, if available. The information presented here pertains to periods beginning with the June 30, 2014 fiscal year, the Plan's adoption year of GASB 67. Additional years will be added until the 10-year requirement is met.