

NYC SCHOOL SUPPORT SERVICES, INC.

(A Component Unit of The City of New York)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018



ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

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Marks Paneth LLP 685 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017 P 212.503.8800 F 212.370.3759 markspaneth.com



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Directors of NYC School Support Services, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of NYC School Support Services, Inc. ("NYCSSS"), a component unit of The City of New York, as of and or the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise NYCSSS' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of NYCSSS as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7, the schedules of employer's required contributions on page 25, the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 26 and the schedules of employer's pension contributions on page 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Marks Pareth UP

New York, NY September 30, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (Unaudited)

NYC School Support Services, Inc. ("NYCSSS" or the "Corporation") has a contract with The City of New York ("City") that was registered on April 28, 2016, and NYCSSS began operations on May 26, 2016. The term of the contract is three years terminating on June 30, 2019, with an additional year for renewal through fiscal year 2020. Pursuant to this contract, NYCSSS receives monthly payments that cover its projected expenses for the forthcoming month and these contractual payments are NYCSSS' sole source of revenue. The Department of Education ("DOE") is in the process of renewing the contract with NYCSSS.

The following is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of NYCSSS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. It should be read in conjunction with NYCSSS' government-wide financial statements, general fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. The financial statements consist of four parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section); (2) the government-wide financial statements; (3) the general fund financial statements; and (4) the notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements, which include the statements of net position (deficit) and the statements of activities, are presented to display information about the reporting entity as a whole, in accordance with *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* ("GASB") standards. This is to provide the reader with a broad overview of NYCSSS' finances. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

NYCSSS' general fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, in which revenue is recognized when it becomes susceptible to accrual; that is, when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures in the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred, except for accrued vacation and sick pay and pension obligations, which is not reflected as a liability in the general fund financial statements as it is not due and payable from current financial resources.

The reconciliations of the general fund balance sheets to the statements of net position (deficit) and the reconciliations of the general fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance to the statements of activities are presented to assist the reader in understanding the differences between the government-wide and general fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AND OVERALL ANALYSIS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of NYCSSS exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$92,771,681. The unrestricted net position increased by \$19,139,619 from the prior year. This increase results primarily from the accrual of net pension liability pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68 and the recording of accrued vacation and sick pay liability. These obligations will be satisfied in future years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (Unaudited)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AND OVERALL ANALYSIS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following summarizes the activities of NYCSSS for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018	2017
REVENUES: Program revenues from The City of New York Department of Education Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 637,415,206 	\$ 672,887,719 753,914 673,641,633	\$ 548,452,958 142,532 548,595,490
EXPENSES: Salaries and employee benefits - schools Salaries and employee benefits - administrative Professional fees Occupancy Insurance Office and other expenses TOTAL EXPENSES	613,695,748 2,019,960 3,482,934 506,063 307,926 377,859 620,390,490	667,036,024 1,501,164 3,971,092 476,246 256,920 420,740 673,662,186	574,235,164 3,730,531 4,623,926 612,936 92,931 141,773 583,437,261
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>\$ 19,139,619</u>	<u>\$ (20,553</u>)	<u>\$ (34,841,771)</u>

At the end of the fiscal year, payments and expenses are adjusted to reflect actual costs incurred by NYCSSS. Therefore, NYCSSS' revenues match its expenses, except for the change in the accrued vacation and sick pay liability and net pension liability. The accrued vacation and sick liability and the net pension liability are not due and payable from current financial resources and are not currently funded by the program revenues from the City.

During fiscal year 2019, NYCSSS received \$637.4 million in contractual payments from the City. Program revenue is paid monthly and is based on projected subsequent month expenses. As a result, NYCSSS' net deficit at year-end of \$92,771,681 is equal to the accrued vacation and sick pay liability, net pension liability and deferred out flows and inflows of resources at year-end.

During fiscal year 2018, NYCSSS received \$672.9 million in contractual payments from the City. Program revenue is paid monthly and is based on projected subsequent month expenses. As a result, NYCSSS' net deficit at year-end of \$111,911,300 is equal to the accrued vacation and sick pay liability, net pension liability and deferred inflows of resources at year-end.

Total expenses primarily consisted of salaries and supplemental benefits for union custodial helpers in connection with NYCSSS accomplishing its mission. Expenses incurred during fiscal year 2019 and 2018 were \$620.4 million and \$673.7 million, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (Unaudited)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AND OVERALL ANALYSIS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following summarizes the assets, liabilities, and net position (deficit) as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018	2017
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,678,032	\$ 38,401,536	\$ 11,330,413
Due from The City of New York Department of Education	-	280,259	25,021,896
Prepaid expenses	-	1,667,555	-
TOTAL ASSETS	35,678,032	40,349,350	36,352,309
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,802,242		
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	341,172	412,546	908,315
Unearned revenue	3,076,000	-	-
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	32,260,860	39,936,804	35,443,994
Accrued vacation and sick pay	32,542,333	38,717,843	34,841,771
Net pension liability	49,027,453	54,671,084	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	117,247,818	133,738,277	71,194,080
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	14,004,137	18,522,373	
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ (92,771,681)</u>	<u>\$ (111,911,300</u>)	<u>\$ (34,841,771)</u>

As of June 30, 2019, NYCSSS' assets totaled \$35.7 million. The assets consist of cash and cash equivalents. Liabilities as of June 30, 2019 were \$117.2 million, and primarily consisted of accrued salaries and employee benefits of \$32.3 million, accrued vacation and sick pay of \$32.5 million and net pension liability of \$49.0 million. NYCSSS had deferred outflows of resources of \$2.8 million and deferred inflows of resources of \$14.0 million, which are related to the pension obligations.

As of June 30, 2018, NYCSSS' assets totaled \$40.3 million. The assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from the DOE and prepaid expenses. Liabilities as of **June 30, 2018** were \$133.7 million, and primarily consisted of accrued salaries and employee benefits of \$39.9 million, accrued vacation and sick pay of \$38.7 million and net pension liability of \$54.7 million. NYCSSS had deferred inflows of resources of \$18.5 million, which are related to the pension obligations.

As previously discussed, NYCSSS' June 30, 2019 and 2018 net deficits of \$92,771,681 and \$111,911,300, respectively, are equal to the accrued vacation and sick pay liability, pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows at year end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (Unaudited)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AND OVERALL ANALYSIS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following summarizes the changes in the general fund ("GF") for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018	2017
Revenues:			
Program revenues from The City of New York			
Department of Education	\$ 637,415,206	\$ 672,887,719	\$ 548,452,958
Interest income	2,114,903	753,914	142,532
Total revenues	639,530,109	673,641,633	548,595,490
Expenditures:			
Salaries and employee benefits - schools	632,835,367	667,015,471	539,393,393
Salaries and employee benefits - administrative	2,019,960	1,501,164	3,730,531
Professional fees	3,482,934	3,971,092	4,623,926
Occupancy	506,063	476,246	612,936
Insurance	307,926	256,920	92,931
Office and other expenses	377,859	420,740	141,773
Total expenditures	639,530,109	673,641,633	548,595,490
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from short-term loan payable	-	-	500,000
Repayment of loan payable	-	-	(500,000)
Total other financing sources		-	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-		
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -

Revenues recorded in the GF are primarily composed of contractual payments from the City each year. Program revenue is paid monthly and is based on actual monthly expenses; as such there are no variances between program revenue and actual expenses.

Total expenses primarily consisted of salaries and supplemental benefits for union custodial helpers in connection with NYCSSS accomplishing its mission. Expenses incurred during fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were \$639.5 million and \$673.6 million, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (Unaudited)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AND OVERALL ANALYSIS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following summarizes the GF assets, liabilities, and fund balances as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018	2017
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,678,032	\$ 38,401,536	\$ 11,330,413
Due from The City of New York Department of Education	-	280,259	25,021,896
Prepaid expenditures	-	1,667,555	-
Total Assets	\$ 35,678,032	\$ 40,349,350	\$ 36,352,309
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 341,172	\$ 412,546	\$ 908,315
Unearned revenue	3,076,000	-	-
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	32,260,860	39,936,804	35,443,994
Total Liabilities	35,678,032	40,349,350	36,352,309
Fund Balance:			
Unassigned			
Total Fund Balance			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 35,678,032	<u>\$ 40,349,350</u>	\$ 36,352,309

The GF assets at June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$35.7 million and \$40.3 million, respectively. The assets recorded in the GF are cash and cash equivalents, prepaid expenditures and DOE receivable due to the timing of collection of revenue and payments of program and operating expenditures during the fiscal year.

The total GF liabilities at June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$35.7 million and \$40.3 million, respectively, and primarily consisted of accrued salaries and employee benefits.

As program revenue is paid monthly and is based on actual monthly expenses, there are no variances between program revenue and actual expenses. Therefore, the GF fund balance was zero as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of NYCSSS' finances. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, NYC School Support Services, Inc., 321 W. 44th Street, Suite 601, New York, NY 10036.

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STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) AS OF JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 35,678,032	\$ 38,401,536
Due from The City of New York Department of Education	φ 33,070,032	280,259
Prepaid expenses		1,667,555
TOTAL ASSETS	35,678,032	40,349,350
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	2,802,242	
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	341,172	412,546
Unearned revenue	3,076,000	-
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	32,260,860	39,936,804
Accrued vacation and sick pay	32,542,333	38,717,843
Net pension liability	49,027,453	54,671,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES	117,247,818	133,738,277
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	14,004,137	18,522,373
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):		
Unrestricted	(92,771,681)	(111,911,300)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ (92,771,681</u>)	<u>\$ (111,911,300</u>)

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
REVENUES:		
Program revenues from The City of New York Department of Education Interest income Total revenues	\$ 637,415,206 2,114,903 639,530,109	\$ 672,887,719 753,914 673,641,633
EXPENSES:		
Salaries and employee benefits - schools (Note 5) Salaries and employee benefits - administrative Professional fees Occupancy (Note 4) Insurance Office and other expenses Total expenses	613,695,748 2,019,960 3,482,934 506,063 307,926 377,859 620,390,490	667,036,024 1,501,164 3,971,092 476,246 256,920 420,740 673,662,186
Change in net position	19,139,619	(20,553)
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year	(111,911,300)	(34,841,771)
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle (Note 2F)		(77,048,976)
Net position (deficit) - end of year	<u>\$ (92,771,681)</u>	<u>\$ (111,911,300</u>)

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Due from The City of New York Department of Education Prepaid expenditures	\$ 35,678,032 - -	\$ 38,401,536 280,259 <u>1,667,555</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 35,678,032	<u>\$ 40,349,350</u>
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue Accrued salaries and employee benefits	\$ 341,172 3,076,000 <u>32,260,860</u>	\$ 412,546 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	35,678,032	40,349,350
FUND BALANCE: Unassigned		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 35,678,032	<u>\$ 40,349,350</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) AS OF JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019		2018
Total fund balance - general fund	\$ -	\$	-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position (deficit) are different because:			
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period from currently available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the general fund financial statements. These liabilities consist of:			
Accrued vacation and sick pay Pension related items, net	 (32,542,333) (60,229,348)		(38,717,843) (73,193,457)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (92,771,681)	<u>\$</u> (<u>(111,911,300</u>)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

REVENUES:	2019	2018
Program revenues from The City of New York Department of Education Interest income	\$ 637,415,206 2,114,903	\$ 672,887,719 753,914
Total revenues	639,530,109	673,641,633
EXPENDITURES:		
Salaries and employee benefits - schools Salaries and employee benefits - administrative Professional fees Occupancy Insurance Office and other expenses Total expenditures	632,835,367 2,019,960 3,482,934 506,063 307,926 377,859 639,530,109	667,015,471 1,501,164 3,971,092 476,246 256,920 420,740 673,641,633
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	-	-
Fund balance - beginning of year		
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE GENERAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019	 2018
Net change in fund balance - general fund	\$ -	\$ -
Amounts reported in the statements of activities are different because:		
Accrued vacation and sick pay is reported in the statements of activities on the accrual basis, but is reported as an expenditure in the general fund when the outlay of financial resources is required. Net pension liability expenses reported in the statements of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the general fund.	 6,175,510 12,964,109	 (3,876,072) 3,855,519
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 19,139,619	\$ (20,553)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

NYC School Support Services, Inc. ("NYCSSS") is a Type C not-for-profit corporation organized under the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York (the "State"). NYCSSS is governed by a Board of Directors. The Board consists of five members, two *ex officio* Directors comprised of the individuals holding the following offices who are appointed as Directors of the Corporation by virtue of holding such position; the Chancellor or Acting Chancellor of the City School District of The City of New York or his/her designee; the Director of Management and Budget of The City of New York or his/her designee; and three additional Directors appointed by the Chancellor of the City School District of The City of New York, one of whom shall be a parent representative to the Department of Education. NYCSSS follows GASB due to the appoint of the Board by a local government, the City School District of The City of New York. Although legally separate from The City of New York (the "City"), NYCSSS is an instrumentality of the City and, accordingly, is included in the City's financial statements as a blended component unit in accordance with GASB standards.

NYCSSS was incorporated for the purpose of providing staffing of custodial helpers for The City of New York Department of Education ("DOE").

NYCSSS' contract with the City was registered on April 28, 2016, and NYCSSS began operations on May 26, 2016. The term of the contract is three years terminating on June 30, 2019, with an additional year for renewal through fiscal year 2020. Pursuant to this contract, NYCSSS receives monthly payments that cover its projected expenses for the forthcoming month and these contractual payments are NYCSSS' sole source of revenue. The DOE is in the process of renewing the contract with NYCSSS.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements of NYCSSS, which include the statements of net position (deficit) and the statements of activities, are presented to display information about the reporting entity as a whole, in accordance with GASB standards. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NYCSSS' general fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when it becomes susceptible to accrual, which is when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures in the current fiscal year. Revenues are generally considered available if expected to be received within one year after year end. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred.

The reconciliations of the general fund balance sheets to the statements of net position (deficit) and the reconciliation of the general fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in the fund balances to the statements of activities are presented to assist the reader in understanding the differences between the government-wide and general fund financial statements.

B. Fund Balances

NYCSSS uses a general fund ("GF") to report its activities. The GF is used to account for all financial resources and activities that relate to NYCSSS' administrative and operating expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of NYCSSS constitutes NYCSSS' highest level of decision-making authority. If and when resolutions are adopted by the Board that constrain fund balances for a specific purpose, such resources are accounted for and reported as committed for such purpose unless and until a subsequent resolution altering the commitment is adopted by the Board.

If and when fund balances are constrained for use for a specific purpose based on the direction of any officer of NYCSSS who is duly authorized to direct the movement of such funds are accounted for and reported as assigned for such purpose, unless or until a subsequent authorized action by the same or another duly authorized officer, or by the Board, is taken which removes or changes the assignment.

Resources that are not constrained are reported as unrestricted in the statements of net position (deficit) and unassigned in the general fund balance sheets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for a specific purpose, it is NYCSSS' policy to use restricted resources first then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use for a specific purpose, it is NYCSSS' policy to use committed resources first, then assigned resources, and then unassigned resources as they are needed.

C. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value as of the reporting date.

D. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. These amounts do not purport to represent replacement or realizable values. NYCSSS capitalizes property and equipment with a cost of \$35,000 or more and a useful life of greater than five years. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires NYCSSS' management to make estimates and assumptions in determining the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. New Accounting Pronouncements

As a component unit of the City, NYCSSS implements new GASB standards in the same fiscal year as they are implemented by the City. The following are discussions of the standards implemented in the current year and standards that may impact NYCSSS in future years.

- In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet the criteria detailed above in the description of Statement No. 67. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans within the scope of the Statement. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 68 are effective for fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2014. The adoption of GASB 68 resulted in the restatement of NYCSSS' financial statements to reflect the reporting of net pension liabilities for its qualified pension plan. Net position as of July 1, 2017 was decreased by \$77,048,976 reflecting the cumulative retrospective effect of the adoption of GASB 68. Refer to Note 5 for more information regarding NYCSSS' pensions.
- In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, ("GASB 83"). GASB 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations. This statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations. The requirements of GASB 83 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The adoption of GASB 83 did not have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements.
- In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, ("GASB 84"). The objective of GASB 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of GASB 84 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. NYCSSS has not completed the process of evaluating GASB 84, but does not expect it to have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements, as it does not enter in fiduciary activities.
- In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, ("GASB 85"). The objective of GASB 85 is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The requirements of GASB 85 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The adoption of GASB 85 did not have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements.
- In May 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, ("GASB 86"). The primary objective of GASB 86 is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets are acquired with only existing resources resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished. The requirements of GASB 86 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The adoption of GASB 86 did not have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, ("GASB 87"). The objective of GASB 87 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of GASB 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. NYCSSS has not completed the process of evaluating GASB 87.
- In March 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, ("GASB 88"). The objective of GASB 88 is to improve consistency in the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt by defining debt for the purpose of note disclosure and establishes additional note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments, including direct borrowing and direct placements. The requirements of GASB 88 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The adoption of GASB 88 did not have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements.
- In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, ("GASB 89"). The objectives of GASB 89 are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for certain interest costs by requiring interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period to be recognized as an expense/expenditure in governmental fund and government-wide financial statements. The requirements of GASB 89 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. NYCSSS has not completed the process of evaluating GASB 89, but does not expect it to have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements.
- In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61,* ("GASB 90"). The objectives of GASB 90 are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of GASB 90 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. NYCSSS has not completed the process of evaluating GASB 90, but does not expect it to have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

• In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. Conduit debt obligations are debt instruments issued by state and local governments to provide financing for a third party, which is primarily liable for repaying the debt instrument. GASB 91 updates Interpretation No. 2, "Disclosure of Conduit Debt Obligations," which allowed for variations with the option for government issuers to either recognize conduit debt obligations as their own debt or to disclose them. GASB 91 addresses variation in practice by clarifying exactly what a conduit debt obligation is and eliminating the option for government issuers to recognize conduit debt obligations, thereby providing a single method of reporting. The requirements of GASB 91 are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. GASB 91 is not expected to have an impact on NYCSSS' financial statements.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCSSS' cash was comprised of unrestricted bank deposits in the amounts of approximately \$3,005,570 and \$1,198,826, respectively. Of these cash deposits, only \$250,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. As of June 30, 2019 the remaining balance of \$2,755,570 was collateralized. As of June 30, 2018, the remaining balance of \$948,826 was uncollateralized.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCSSS' cash equivalents were comprised of Money Market Funds in the amount of \$32,988,231 and \$37,530,442, respectively. NYCSSS categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by U.S. GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. NYCSSS' Money Market Funds are valued based on various market and industry inputs (Level 2 inputs).

NOTE 4 – LEASE COMMITMENTS

NYCSSS executed a lease agreement effective December 2016 for office space. This lease agreement expires in June 2022. Rental expense totaled approximately \$506,000 and \$476,000 during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and is included in occupancy costs in the accompanying statements of activities.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases having initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year:

2020	\$	539,000
2021		551,000
2022		564,000
	¢	1 654 000

<u>\$ 1,654,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLANS

A. Local 32BJ School Workers Pension Fund

Plan Description – NYCSSS' eligible employees are provided with pension benefits through the 32BJ School Workers Pension Fund (the "32BJ Fund"). The 32BJ Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Director of Retirement Services. The 32BJ Fund issues annual financial statements which are available for download on its website (https://www.32bjfunds.org/).

Benefits Provided – The 32BJ Fund provides retirement benefits to vested members, none of which are government employees. The local 32BJ members are provided retirement, disability and death benefits as participants in the 32BJ Fund. Participants accrue \$44 per month for each pension credit up to a maximum of 25 pension credits. For participants with 30 or more pension credits, an additional \$100 is added to the benefit.

Contribution and Funding Policy – Pension benefits contributions are determined pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement that expires June 30, 2020 and are calculated based on a negotiated hourly rate for hours worked. The hourly contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 is \$2.177 up to 40 hours per week.

Information on the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCSSS reported a liability of \$49,027,453 and \$54,671,084, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the 32BJ Fund. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. For June 30, 2019, NYCSSS' proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 actual employer contributions as provided by the 32BJ Fund. For **June 30, 2018**, NYCSSS' proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017 actual employer contributions as provided by the 32BJ Fund. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCSSS' proportion was 96.87% and 93.72%, respectively.

NYCSSS obtained an actuarial valuation measured as of July 1, 2018 for June 30, 2019, and as of July 1, 2017 for **June 30, 2018**.

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCSSS recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$5,959,675 and \$14,048,427, respectively, while pension expenditures of \$18,923,784 and \$17,903,946 were recorded in the fund financial statements, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Local 32BJ School Workers Pension Fund (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, NYCSSS reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and	<u>^</u>		<u> </u>	0.547.004
actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	-	\$	2,517,664
earnings on pension plan investments		1,021,107		11,486,473
Changes in proportion and differences between NYCSSS contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		1,781,135		
	\$	2,802,242	\$	14,004,137

At **June 30**, **2018**, NYCSSS reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
NYCSSS contributions subsequent to the earnings on pension plan investments	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	18,522,373	
	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	18,522,373	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the 32BJ Fund will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ (3,801,575)
(3,801,575)
(3,801,575)
202,830
\$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Local 32BJ School Workers Pension Fund (Continued)

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 that was measured by the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2017, respectively, used the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return Inflation	7.25% Building block approach was used that reflects inflation				
Innation	expectations				
Mortality Rates					
Non-annuitant:	RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP 2017 from 2014				
Healthy annuitant:	RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP 2017 from 2014				
Disabled annuitant:	RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP 2017 from 2014				
Termination Rates	Termination rates and disability rates were based on historical and current demographic data, adjusted to reflect estimated future experience and professional judgment.				
Annual Administrative					
Expenses	\$2,000,000 payable monthly				

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method, in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin.

The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Domestic Equity	53.5%	6.41%
Global Equity	24.0%	6.96%
Real Estate	7.5%	4.76%
Hedge Fund	5.0%	4.83%
Fixed Income	10.0%	1.96%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Local 32BJ School Workers Pension Fund (Continued)

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be based on bargained contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for the current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of both June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

The following presents NYCSSS' proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what NYCSSS' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.25%)</u>	Current Assumption <u>(7.25%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.25%)</u>
NYCSSS' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$100,381,542</u>	<u>\$49,027,453</u>	<u>\$6,140,434</u>

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the July 1, 2018 and 2017 measurements date were as follows:

	<u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>July 1, 2017</u>
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$458,059,884 407,446,780	\$448,265,285
Employers' net pension liability	<u>\$ 50,613,104</u>	<u>\$ 58,333,786</u>
Fiduciary net position as a Percentage of total pension liability	<u>88.95%</u>	<u>86.99%</u>

B. Central Pension Fund of the International Operating Engineers and Participating Employers

Plan Description – NYCSSS' eligible employees are provided with pension benefits through the Central Pension Fund of the International Operating Engineers and Participating Employers (the "Local 94 Fund"). The Local 94 Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the CEO of the Plan. The Local 94 Fund issues annual financial statements which are available for download on their website (http://www.cpfiuoe.org/).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Central Pension Fund of the International Operating Engineers and Participating Employers (Continued)

The Local 94 Fund provides retirement benefits to vested members, none of which are government employees. Pension benefits contributions are determined pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement that expires December 31, 2019 and are calculated based on a negotiated hourly rate for hours worked. The hourly contribution rate for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$3.95 and \$3.85, respectively, for every hour paid.

Contributions to the Local 94 Fund amounted to \$12,717,904 and \$13,495,013 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and are included in salaries and employee benefits – schools in the accompanying statements of activities.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions ("GASB 68"), a cost-sharing employer that does not have a special funding situation is required to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (of all employers for benefits provided through the pension plan) – the collective net pension liability. An employer's proportion is required to be determined on a basis that is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined, and consideration should be given to separate rates, if any, related to separate portions of the collective net pension liability. A cost-sharing employer is required to recognize pension expense and report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for its proportionate shares of collective pension expense and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources a

During the implementation of GASB 68, an issue arose regarding the ability of state and local governmental employers to obtain necessary information related to pensions that are provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. Therefore, in December 2015 the GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans* ("GASB 78").

GASB 78 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for defined benefit pensions provided to the employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan (cost-sharing pension plan) that (a) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (b) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers, and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (c) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). GASB 78 requires pension expense to be recognized equal to the employer's required contributions to the pension plan for the year, and a payable should be reported for unpaid required contributions at the end of the year.

The Local 94 Fund satisfies each of the above criteria for reporting under GASB 78. Therefore, NYCSSS is not required to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Local 94 Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. 403(b) Plan

Effective July 1, 2017, NYCSSS adopted a 403(b) plan (the "Plan") for all eligible employees, as defined by the Plan. NYCSSS will contribute a minimum of 3% of each participant's compensation and an additional 6% based on each participants employee contribution to the Plan and participants are fully vested in both their employee and employer contributions to the Plan.

NOTE 6 – CONTINGENCIES

NYCSSS is a party to certain employment-related legal claims, the outcome of which cannot presently be determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER'S REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (UNAUDITED)

Local 94 - Central Pension Fund of the International Operating Engineers and Participating Employers:

	2019	2018	2017
Employer's required contribution	\$ 12,717,904	\$ 13,495,013	\$ 10,824,395
Actual contribution	\$ 12,717,904	\$ 13,495,013	\$ 10,824,395
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

NOTE:

A schedule of the employer's required contributions for each of the 10 most recent fiscal years should be presented as required supplementary information. However, as NYCSSS commenced operations in fiscal year 2017 this data is presented only for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* (UNAUDITED)

	2019	2018
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	96.87%	93.72%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 49,027,453	\$ 54,671,084
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 450,582,748	\$ 480,005,325
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of its covered employee payroll	10.88%	11.39%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.95%	86.99%

* This data is presented for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* (UNAUDITED)

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 18,923,784	\$ 17,903,946
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(18,923,784)	(17,903,946)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 450,582,748	\$ 480,005,325
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	4.20%	3.73%

* This data is presented for those years for which information is available.